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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIII NO. 102 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

# Kathiawar Ports Disputes Settlement

## STATES AND INDIA GOVT. COME TO TERMS

### ngements Set On Foot Formal Ratification Of Agreements

**The Associated Press understands from reliable quarters that provisional agreements have been arrived at between the Government of India and the Kathiawar States, excluding Bhavnagar, regarding the questions pending relating to the Kathiawar ports and that arrangements have been already set on foot to have these settlements formally ratified. —A. P.**

## VILLAGE DESTROYED

### Disastrous Fire Rages For Hours Unchecked In Shahpur

### FAMILIES STARVING

LUCKNOW, April 29

A devastating fire raged unchecked for hours together yesterday and destroyed village Shahpur about 24 miles from Lucknow. Two girls trapped in the burning house had been rescued before the roof of a house collapsed. Thirty families have been rendered homeless and all the villagers are starving, grains and food stuff having been consumed by the flames.—United Press.

### *VAIN FIGHT AGAINST FLAMES*

LUCKNOW, April 29.

About 300 persons, including women and children, fought the flames in vain. Two girls who were trapped in a house were rescued before the roof collapsed. A boy who was suffocated with smoke was carried in an unconscious condition from a burning house. About thirty families have been rendered homeless. The whole village is practically starving, grains and all other foodstuff having been burnt.

It appears that a spark from the clay pipe of a villager fell on the thatched roof of a house. Fanned by a high wind the fire soon spread. The burning roof of the house was blown off about 200 yards and it set fire to the neighbouring houses in the village. Everything including the granaries, clothes, ornaments and other belongings of the villagers have been burnt. The actual loss of life is not yet known.—A. P.

### *WEAVERS' HUTS GUTTED*

#### *Pony Perishes In Flames*

MADRAS, April 29

Five huts occupied by the Muslim weavers in the Anaiulam maidan were destroyed by fire this morning. A "jutka" pony tied in a hut perished in the flames, while a family of five sleeping in another hut had a narrow escape. The Fire Brigade extinguished the fire before it could extend to other huts.—A. P

MADRAS, April 29

A Muslim deputation headed by Mr. Abdul Hamid Khan M.L.C, waited on the Police Commissioner to-day in connection with the disturbance which occurred in Triplicane during the Muharram celebrations. The Commissioner promised to enquire into the allegations made by the deputationists.—A. P.

## GERMANY GOES HER OWN WAY

### Launches Submarine Construction Programme

LONDON, April 29.

In the House of Commons Sir J. Simon briefly announced that the German Government had intimated that orders had been given for the construction of 12,250-ton submarines. No intimation had been given as to whether the submarine school at Kiel had been re-opened.

Replying to further questions whether the Government would take immediate steps to bring this further violation of the Versailles Treaty to the notice of the League, and whether it was proposed to proceed with the Anglo-German naval conversations Sir J. Simon replied that as the question of legality was now being considered, he was unable to answer the question.—Reuter's Special.

### *CONGRESS 'THREATS' IN COMMONS*

#### *Butler On Repudiation Of Payment Of Pensions*

LONDON, April 29.

In the House of Commons Mr. Annesley Somerville requested the British Government to guarantee payment of share in the retired pay of British army officials borne by Indian revenues in the event of any default by the Government of India under the proposed constitutional changes Mr. Butler replied that Government was not prepared to discuss what might happen in certain eventualities against which they were providing safeguards Mr. Somerville suggested that Mr. Butler attached no importance to the Congress' repudiation threats Mr. Butler rejoined: "I attach the importance to the threats that they deserve". —Reuter.

### Hamburg Shipbuilders Entrusted With Task

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, April 29.

It is now authoritatively learned that orders for laying down the keels of 12 submarines has been given to the famous Hamburg shipbuilders, Blohmandvoss and the Kiel Stettin shipyarrs.

### *HOARE IN QUEST OF HEALTH*

LONDON, April 29.

Sir S. Hoare who is convalescent and ordered complete rest is leaving London for country to-day.

It is hoped the change will enable him to resume work on the India Bill in the House of Commons in due course.—Reuter.

### *INDIA BILL IN COMMITTEE*

#### *Immunity For Crown Servants From Prosecution*

LONDON, April 29.

New clauses and amendments to the schedules occupied 28 pages of the order paper when the House resumed the committee stage of the India Bill. These, according to the unofficial programme, should be disposed of in the next nine India Bill days. Sir S. Hoare of course was not present and the Bill was in charge of Mr. Butler, Sir T. Inskip and Sir D. Somervell.

Sir D. Somervell movel Sir S. Hoare's new clause dealing with the protection of public servants against prosecutions and suits. The amendment provides that no bill or amendment to abolish or restrict the protection afforded to the servants of the Crown in India by section 197 of the Indian Code of Criminal Procedure or by sections 80 to 82 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be introduced or moved in either Chamber of the Federal Legislature without the previous sanction of the Governor-General at his discretion or in the Chamber of a provincial legislature without the previous sanction of the Governor at his discretion.

In the course of the debate on the clause Sir D. Somervell affirmed that Government was satisfied with the safeguards contained in the clause and declared: "We consider it to be wrong to establish a procedure which would appear to hedge round the civil servants from responsibility for acts they committed. All we do is to put safeguards round the existing system to adapt it to the new conditions."

The clause was adopted by 188 votes to 36.

Mr. Butler moved Sir Samuel Hoare's Clause providing any sums which, if this act was not passed, would have been payable by the Secretary of State out of the revenues of India to or in respect of a person who was subscriber to the Regular Widows Fund, Elders' Widows Fund or the India Office Provident Fund shall be paid out of the revenues of the Federation and charged on those revenues. Mr. Butler explained that they were three old funds which was long closed to fresh entrants, but from which a few beneficiaries still drew pensions.

The clause was agreed to.

### "OF GREATEST HARM TO MUSLIMS"

LONDON, April 29.

In the House of Commons Sir Arnold Wilson drew attention to the American film entitled "Lives of the Bengal Lancer" wherein Muslims are sprinkled with pig's blood and threatened with death in pigskin by British officers and urged that action be taken under Uniforms Act 1894.

Mr. Butler replied that the attention of the Government of India has been drawn to the film. The Government of India had powers to deal with films which they consider objectionable in India. He understood that the Government of India had taken no action.

Mr. Kirkpatrick suggested that the film was of greatest harm to Moslems. Mr. Butler repeated that the attention of the Government of India had been drawn thereto. Mr Butler added, "we made careful investigations of uniforms and reached the conclusion that the dress bore a general resemblance to the cavalry uniform but was in fact a fancy dress not exactly representing the uniform of any particular cavalry regiment". He did not think, there was any particular danger bringing the uniform into ridicule or contempt and there was no ground for action.—Reuter.

Mr. L. J. MacIvor (left), Collector of Bangalore, was received by Mr. D. Cowasji, contractor of Bangalore and friends on his arrival at V.T., 'en route' to Europe.

## U.S. SILVER DEAL ACTS AS A BOOMERANG

### British Financiers Stigmatise American Policy As Complete Muddle

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, April 29.

Silver continues to be prominently featured. Papers generally agreed that the United States administration are perturbed by the results of its own policy which the London financiers stigmatize as a complete muddle, entered upon without the consideration of its ultimate effects.

Reports from New York that the American silver policy was deliberately intended to prevent further depreciation of sterling or alternatively to force the world to hold the international currency conference with a view to the adoption of bimetallism are sceptically examined. Financial writers consider that neither result is likely. The fact that no American purchases of silver are traceable during the past fortnight strengthens the doubts regarding the ultimate American policy.

DANGER OF SET-BACK.

The "Morning Post" expresses the opinion that there is, if any, danger of a heavy set-back in the price of silver and political reasons would cause America to step in and uphold the market.

MOMENTARY REACTIONS.

The "Times" says that even if the Treasury decided to reduce or temporarily to cease purchases in the foregn markets the prices will not necessarily fall while the speculators feel assured that the United States intends to carry her silver policy to a logical conclusion Profit-taking reactions must be expected from time to time and only a complete reversal of the American policy would bring a permanent change. There is much curiosity regarding China's reactions and intentions in which connection no news is hitherto available.

### *HOUR'S BATTLE WITH DACOITS*

#### *Several Injured In Serious Encounter*

LUCKNOW, April 29.

An Etawah message states that a serious clash took place between a gang of dacoits and residents of village Bansi. Fire arms were used by both the sides. Several received serious injuries. The encounter lasted for an hour.

It is stated that the dacoits went to the village to raid the house of one oilman. Details are lacking.—United Press.

### *FOUR KILLED AND FOUR WOUNDED*

#### *Raiders Attack Mail Lorry*

QUETTA, April 28

Information has been received here that a mail lorry proceeding from Loralai towards Fort Sandeman was attacked yesterday by trans-border raiders headed by a notorious outlaw.

Four men were killed on the spot and four wounded.

The latter were taken to Fort Sandeman.— A P.

## SWISS DEMAND ARBITRATION

### Note Charges Germany With Complicity In Journalist Jacob's Case

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, April 29.

The Swiss Minister has presented a note in which, it is understood, Switzerland demands that her dispute with Germany over the alleged kidnapping of journalist Jacob be submitted to arbitration in accordance with the Swiss German Arbitration Treaty as the ordinary diplomatic methods have failed.

The note reaffirms the allegation that Jacob was enticed away across the frontier with the connivance and knowledge of the German authorities.

### *TRADE UNIONS WILL CELEBRATE MAY DAY*

JUBBULPORE, April 29

Mr. Khedgikar, General Secretary of the United All India Ttade Union Congress informs that the Trade Unions of India have decided to celebrate May Day jointly on the 1st May.—United Press

## Uma Nehru To Contest Assembly Seat

### NO COMPROMISE WITH NATIONALISTS

### Keen Contest Expected In Benares-Gorakhpur Constituency

BENARES, April 29.

It has been definitely decided that Srimati Uma Nehru of Allahabad will stand as the Congress candidate for the Benares-Gorakhpur seat in the Assembly and she is arriving at Benares to-night.

In view of this decision the situation has completely changed and there is, therefore, now no question of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya standing from this constituency.

As already decided the Nationalist candidate will be Mr. Krishna Kant Malaviya. Nomination papers of both the candidates will be filed here to-morrow.

Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Secretary, U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board, has already arrived at Benares and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant is arriving to-night. A keen contest is expected.—A. P.

## NO ISOLATION OF TRAVANCORE

### Sir C. P. Refutes Intention Of Secession From Federation

SIMLA, April 29.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer who arrived here yesterday met the Viceroy and a number of high officials. In a statement to the Associated Press he said: "Ever since the Bombay Conference of Princes and Ministers and the improper publication of the speeches at the meeting, vigorous interested propaganda has been going on designed among other things to isolate certain States including Travancore, and many legends have been circulated with the evident object of making people's flesh creep.

SIR C. P.'S OPTIMISM

"Without going into details there is no doubt that some problems connected with Federation are peculiar to the maritime States and a few are special to Travancore and arise out of past treaties and agreements. Given goodwill and a spirit of give and take on both sides as to which there can be no question, I feel sure these problems can and must be solved. It cannot be suggested that a constitutionally governed State like Travancore which has 114 journals and periodicals published within its borders, which was the first in India to establish a Legislative Council in 1888 and whose ruler has practically anticipated the decisions of the J. P. C. and established a bicameral legislature with a non-official majority in both Houses and with powers not very different from those of the Bombay and Madras Legislative Councils, will be irresponsive to liberal tendencies or will be obstructive.

As for the claims made on behalf of Tranvancore it is earnestly hoped that Parliament and the British Government which, at the instance of the Secretary of State, has accepted some important amendments to the bill after the Bombay Conference, as well as the Government of India, will bestow the attention and consideration that are due to them during the passage of the bill and later when the document of accession is negotiated."—A. P.

## POLITICS OF OIL

### British Protest Note To Japan About Manchukuo Monopoly

LONDON, April 29.

British representations to Japan regarding the oil monopoly in Manchuria were carried a step further by the despatch of another British Note to Tokio rejecting the Japanese contentions as invalid and regretting that, instead of using her authority to ensure the fulfilment of the assurances regarding the open door in Manchuria and treaty obligations, Japan attempted to justify her action which involves a clear breach of these assurances and obligations. The Note concludes that those responsible for the Manchukuo oil monopoly law must also be held responsible by the British Government for the losses it will entail for the British interests.—Reuter.

BOSTON, April 29.

The police have arrested a man with a knife outside the State House suspected of the intenton to assassinate the Italian Ambassador who is being received by the State Governor.—Reuter.

## STOP PRESS

### MISHAP TO ROYAL JUBILEE COACH.

LONDON, April 29.

Sensation was caused in Park Lane this morning when the royal coach rehearsing for the Jubilee collided with a motor-bus. The horses stampeded, one was badly torn, the coach was damaged and driver thrown on the road, only escaping the wheels of the motor-bus by clinging to the reins.

Fifteen hundred Blue Jackets and marines will participate in the celebrations on May 6.—Reuter's Special.

### NAZIS ARREST TWO MORE EVANGELICAL PRESSMEN

BERLIN, April 29.

Secret police to-day arrested Dr. Paul Winckler, the press chief of the Provisional Evangelical Church Government under Bishop Marahrens, and Pastor Eduard Lindmeyer, both of whom are of accused of having given information to the foreign press.—Reuter's Special.

# TABULATED ADLETS
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**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under :- "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY.

To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted Lady Graduates** knowing Hindi and Music for residential Girls Vidyalaya of Behar. Box No. 4126, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Urgently** (1) Shorthand-Typist Salary 40|-, (2) Inspectors-Organisers, (Insurance). Salary Rs. 75|100, (3) Child nurse, (4) Lady-Typist, (5) Lady Doctors M.B.B.S. & Qualified B.P.N.A.. Nurses. Apply Royal Service Agency, 369-71, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (4128).

**Wanted.—Female Teachers** capable of teaching English, Hindi and Mathematics, etc. for middle Schools. Apply Tara Devi, Head Mistress, Kanya Gurukul, (Post) Begampet, N. S. Rly. (4125).

**Wanted Immediately Thoroughly** experienced Filing Clerks, knowing Card Index System. Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, Fourth Floor, Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road. (4120).

**Wanted:—A Surgeon Dentist** for the Patna Medical College Hospital on a pay of Rs. 250—25—300. The applicant must have registerable qualification in Dentistry and must be able to give instruction in the subject to Medical College Students. The appointment will be made on contract for two years in the first instance. Private practice allowed subject to the condition that it does not interfere with the official duties. Application should be addressed to the undersigned and should reach him not later than the 31st May, 1935. No travelling allowance to join the appointment will be given to the successful applicant. Col. I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa. (1013).

**Wanted Graduates, Under-Graduates,** Matrics, Under-Matrics, for Bank service. Apply with copies. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (4117).

**Wanted a Demonstrator with Botany** Principal and Zoology Subsidiary. Ask for terms from Principal, Rajaram College, Kolhapur (1008).

**Wanted hardworking and energetic** Canvassers of either sex to canvas orders for well-known Toilet and Medicinal Preparations. Apply Box No. 4116, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted Immediately Smart** Trained Salesman and Shorthand Typists, apply stating experience and salary expected: Box No. 4095, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted—Some qualified C.D.A.s** to work as Accountants. Practical experience necessary. Pay according to qualifications and past experience. Apply Box 4077, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted a Bleaching Master for** local Mill under European Management. Liberal salary for a qualified person. Apply Box No. 4093, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 20. OFFICES TO LET.

**To Let—Office Chamber** with Electric light, fan and telephone convenience. Apply Messrs. Madanlal T. Engineer, 79, Medows Street. (4115).

### 27. HOTELS.

**Bombay Savoy Hotel and Restaurant & Bar.** Two minutes' walk from Central Station. Airy rooms, excellent food, Board & Lodging Rs. 4. Lodging only Rs. 2. (4083).

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**A Complete Course of Pitman's** Shorthand (Theory) for Rs. 10,- only. Instructions by expert. Rare opportunity. Write at once to Post Box 2148, Bombay 2. (4124).

**Wanted Candidates for Electrical** Engineering Classes. Prospectus No. "E" free:—British India Technical College Sukkur (Sind). (3960).

**Hewett Engineering School, Lucknow.** Recognised by U. P. Government—Wanted Matriculates for Overseer's Class, Session July, 1935. Admission commenced. Excellent employment facilities. Free Prospectus from Principal. (4096).

### 73. AGENTS WANTED

**Wanted Canvassing Agents for various** cities in Hyderabad, Deccan State Rajputana, Central India, Central Provinces, Gujarat ffor the sale of "The Thalca Lemon Squash". Apply to Post Box No. 10, Delhi. (4099).

**WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS** to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**Dispensary for Sale:—A well-**established and fully furnished dispensary at Panjrapole Road, near Madhav Baug, Post Office for sale. Please see the undersigned at the dispensary daily between 9 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 5-30 to 7 p.m. Dwarkadas Luxmichand Mody. (4127).

### 156. MISCELLANEOUS.

**A Thesis of 100 sheets typed for** Rs. 10,- only. Excellent and prompt work. B.Sc., Ph.D., candidates! Avail of this unique chance and save 60 per cent money. Write sharp to Post Box 2148, Bombay 2. (4123).

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY

No. 4182/151-Impt. of 1935

The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bombay IV of 1902), is published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 30th May 1935 will be duly considered:—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bombay IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rules:—

29-B Regulation of traffic in Bakehouse Lane.—Bakehouse Lane shall be closed to north bound vehicular traffic.

33. The Cross Lane leading from Falkland Road to Lamington Road and known as an extension of Gilder Lane or Gilder Cross Lane shall be closed to north bound vehicular traffic i.e., to traffic emerging on Lamington Road.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 11th April, 1935.
1014.

## Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai TARAGAURI N. DARU, of Santa Cruz has contracted to sell to our client the property situate at Santa Cruz and described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having or claiming any share, right, title, interest, claim, or demand in to upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, exchange, gift, mortgage, charge, trust, lease, sub-lease, sale, llen, easement, possession or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to such claims, if any, which will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Besant Street at Danda or Santa Cruz in Town Planning Scheme No. 1, Santa Cruz forming part of Plot No. 4G in the Bombay Suburban District Registration Sub-District Bandra, admeasuring 1000 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows: on or towards the North by the property belonging to Mohanlal Gopalji Dave, on or towards the South by the property belonging to Madhavlal Krishnalal Mehta, on or towards the East by Besant Street and on or towards the West by Podar Street together with the bungalow building and structures standing thereon and known as "Swastika House."

Dated this 29th day of April, 1935.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.

1015.

## Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

STORES DEPARTMENT

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of 800 half round country teakwood sleepers 10' x 10' x 5".

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay not later than 1 p.m. (B T) on Wednesday 8-5-1935 together with an earnest money of Rs. 200. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "Tenders for Sleepers country teak." The time within which the supply will be made must be stated.

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification &c., wil be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
(Sd.) M. K. VARIAVA,
Chief Storekeeper.
566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11.

1012.

## Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DIWAKAR VISHNU JAVLE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to one of our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge trust maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 138, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be completed without if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax land or ground situate at Dadar Kumbharwada now called Gokhale Road and extension of DeLisle Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 556 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Collector's land Revenue records along with another piece of land under No. 3600, 3602, New Survey No. 1/1794 and Cadastral Survey No. 1/1277 of Lower Parel Division and bounded on the west by the Gokhale Road on the North by the property of Purushotam Kamalakar Javle and Ranganath Kamalkar Javle, on the East by the property of Haji Abdullah Haji Rahimtulla and by the property of Waman Babaji and on the South by the property of Bombay Municipality.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1935.

B. G. PANDIT & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys

1011

## Auction Sales

GANDHI & Co.

Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL MACHINERY & STOCK IN TRADE OF AERATED WATERS' FACTORY KNOWN AS PLUMOL TABLE WATERS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 2nd day of May, 1935, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Rugnath Dadaji Street behind Fire Brigade Fort by order of Sha. Punamchand Dipaji & Co. the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Ratansha Jamshedji Panthaki the Mortgagor the proprietor of Plumol Table Waters all Machinery and goods of the said Aerated Waters' Factory including:—

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| Ume ,, | 9th May | 22nd ,, |
| Manju ,, | 20th May | 10th June |

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# SCAVENGING FORGES AHEAD

### Mahadev Desai Recounts Week's Progress Of Campaign

Mr. Mahadev Desai writes in the "Harijan":—

We have had an accession of strength and have thus been able to make the campaign more intensive. Two strong batches have been able to visit the village every morning, challenging the culprits at every corner, arguing with them, and taking promises from them not to repeat the offence. But it has been a tough job. Promises have been far from coming, and some of the protestants have vigorously disputed our claim that the work is to their benefit. "Surely," said a woman, with undisguised anger, "we see no gain in this business. This stuff may be rich manure and all that you say, but *whose* fields are you asking us to manure? *Not ours.* We have no fields of our own to manure. The bumper cropwill be reaped not by us, but bythe owners of the field."

Quite a sound argument, showing the growing sharpness of the ever-widening division between the 'haves' and the 'have nots'. The village is mostly populated by 'have-nots', and if those who fatten on their labours have never thought of their interests and never done a good turn to them, how can you expect the unfortunates to view any extra gain to the fortunates with equanimity? The argument carries its own moral, and is a warning to those who have uptill now lived by supressing others.

LAZINESS AND INERTIA

Laziness and inertia are there, but they spring from the same unseemly fountain, viz. selfishness. We have so long neglected them in our own selfishness that our best efforts are viewed with suspicions, and an argument to the effect that filth covered up and put into the fields means less flies and less disease and better health for all, simply goes over their heads.

The apparently sensible ones among them say: "It is all very good for you to come and do cleaning. But how long will you persist? These are habits of centuries and they will not go."

"But supposing you were dealing with a drunkard, and if he said it was with him the habit of a life-time, what would you do?. We have got to persist. But come along, let me start with you. Will you yourself personally give me the promise that you will not defile the streets and that you will go to the fields and cover the dirt with earth?"

"I do. As it is, I go to the fields."

"Well, that is enough for us. Let us now speak to the friends over there. What about him?"

"He will also agree. When, however, you ask us to cover the stuff up with earth, there's the rub. The very thought is revolting. Are we *hangis?*"

"Do not your children defile even the floors in the house, and do not their mothers remove the filth?"

"They do; but that again is habit."

"Well, then, we want you to outgrow bad habits and learn new ones."

"I do not think we will ever learn them. We are all incorrigible."

"We will not give you up so easily."

As we passed with two buckets of night-soil hanging on our pole, a Harijan woman shouted: "In the neighbouring village also the people do just as we do. Why don't you go there? Why don't you leave us in peace? You have put up one latrine. How will it do for the whole village?"

AS GOOD AS HIS WORD

That brings me to the latrine we have put up. We were told that if we dug a few trenches and put up latrines over them, it would afford the people the privacy some of them seem to need. We did so, and called a meeting one evening just to explain to them how to use the trenches and the latrines. The meeting was to begin at eight o'clock in the evening. We waited and waited until about ten, we sent members of our party to fetch the people to the place of our meeting but none except one or two young men and a few urchins turned up. We talked all the time to these few and extracted promises from them to behave themselves and to goad others to their duty. One of the young men felt genuinely penitent and promised to be responsible for atleast two streets close to his own house, and the next morning he was as good as his word.

Well, that is the story of our efforts last week. The difficulties of the task mean more intensive and more persistent effort. Clough's heroic lines sum up for all times the creed that must sustain all reformers:

"Say not the struggle naught availeth,
"Say not the struggle naught avail.
The labour and the wounds are vain,
The enemy faints not, nor faileth,
And as things have been they remain.
For while the tired waves, vainly breaking,
Seem here no painful inch to gain,
Far back, through creeks and inlets making,
Comes silent, flooding in, the main."

We have yet recieved no wounds to say that they are vain, and we have yet to put forth the labour, before we can say that it is enough. Above all there is not yet love enough in us—the love that conquers all obstacles.

# HELPING HINDU WIDOWS

### Velji Hemraj Trust Plans To Open Industrial Home For Helpless Women

The Managing Trustee, Velji Hemraj Trust, writes:

The trustees of Seth Velji Hemraj Trust desire to open an industrial as well as residential Home for helpless and destitute Hindu widows either at Nasik or Bombay. They are going to apply to the High Court of Bombay with the consent of the Advocate-General of the Bombay High Court for sanctioning the scheme.

The idea of the trustees is to start a Home for the present accommodating only 12 widows and the staff for the Institution. It is also the desire of the trustees that these widows be provided with free food, clothing and residence. They do not want to give shelter to these widows for their whole life in the said Home, but they want to give them shelter for a maximum period of six months to one year.

During this period of their stay in the Home, they will be taught cottage or any other industry by which they can maintain themselves honestly and be self-supporting; and thereby prevent them from leading an undesirable, helpless or immoral life.

**Suggestions Invited.**

The trustees invite suggestions schemes from ladies and gent who have thought over this or who have ever worked or con such institutions, or who are sent working or conducting such titutions. They are requested to their suggestions and schemes in tails giving an approximate idea of expenses that the Trustees will ha incur.

For starting any institution, the first necessity is a building for accommodation and fortunately the trustees are in possession of a nice building constructed on modern lines with decent garden, electric fitting, well ventilated and situated in a prominent place, worth about Rs. 30,000 which can accommodate at the maximum 12 widows and the necessary staff required for the institution.

The trustees also request the trustees o fother institutions who have got very big funds for maintaining Hindu widows to just inform them whether they would in any way be willing to co-operate with us. Our object is not to simply maintain widows lifelong like the cows and buffaloes in Panjra Poles but the idea is to make them self-supporting in life, so that they may not have to depend in future on any one and thereby improve their general standard.

**Amalgamation Urged.**

Fortunately lacs of rupees are lying for maintaining widows with various trustees, but unfortunately they are divided. What is wanted in Hindu society now is, to amalgamate these trusts so far these Hindu Widows trust funds are concerned, and thereby create a very big central organisation which in our opinion can do unexpected services to the Hindu widows than the services done by all these institutions individually. We are offering our co-operation and we hope some broad-minded trustees of trust funds which are ear-marked for Hindu widows will respond to our request and give us their valuable suggestions schemes and co-operation. Those interested are requested to write to the Managing Trustee, Velji Hemraj Trust, P. O. Box No. 928, Bombay 1.

# QUARREL OVER CREMATION TOLL

### *Sadhu To Hang For Woman's Murder*

LAHORE, April 27.

Death sentence was awarded by Mr. Sale, Sessions Judge of Lahore to a sadhu usually sitting at the Lahore Cantonment cremation ground who was charged with the murder of an aged Hindu woman.

The prosecution story was that the deceased woman who had given up worldly affairs was spending most of her time in the cremation ground.

As a convention some toll used to be paid to the Sadhu for every dead body which was cremated there. Since the woman was staying in the cremation ground the people as a mark of sympathy began to give her the toll instead of the Sadhu. The latter demanded his share from the woman but she refused to give it to him. This enraged the Sadhu who killed her and buried her corpse nearby.

When the police took up the investigation they dug a place at the instance of the Sadhu and exhumed the corpse of the aged woman. The Sadhu was put under arrest and following a trial was convicted as above.—A P.

# *MRS. AMRIT KAUR AT SHILLONG*

(From A Correspondent.)

SHILLONG, April 29.

Shillong accorded a good welcome to Mrs. Amrit Kaur on her arrival on Sunday afternoon. Prominent Assamese and Sikh residents met he three miles off Shillong and escorted her to the town.

At night local Sikhs held a reception at Gurudwara.

On Sunday evening distinguished Assamese residents with their wives assembled at Assam Club where a function was held.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

# SILVER JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS

### Week's Events Include Variety Entertainments And Cinema Shows

The Office of the Silver Jubilee Celebrations Committee announce the following events to take place during this week.

To-day April 30, 3 p.m.—Benefit performance at the Minerva Talkies. Film "Chandidas" will be shown.

Wednesday, May 1, 6 p.m.—Grand Variety Entertainment at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall for children only under the distinguished patronage of Her Excellency Lady Brabourne. Organised by the Boys' Gymkhana kindly assisted by local amateurs. Humorous songs, playlets, Shakespeare, etc. etc. Rate of admission annas eight.

Thursday, May 2 9 p.m.—Grand Variety Entertainment at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall under the distinguished patronage of Her Excellency Lady Brabourne. Organised by the Boys' Gymkhana kindly assisted by local amateurs. Humorous songs, playlets, Shakespeare, etc. etc. Rates of admission Re. 2, Re. 1 and annas 8.

Friday, May 3 10 p.m.—Benefit performance at the Excelsior Cinema. Film "The Old Curiosity Shop" will be shown. Their Excellencies have kindly consented to be present.

Saturday, May 4.—Motor Parade and Fireworks at the Backbay Reclamation and the Race Course.

## ALL-FAITHS' JUBILEE SERVICE

The Hon. Secretary of the World Fellowship of Faiths writes:—

It is proposed to hold a joint Jubilee Service of all faiths on Monday morning at 8 o'clock on the 6th May 1935 in commemoration of Silver Jubilee of Their Majesties, the King and Queen. A meeting of leaders of all faiths who wish to participate in it are requested to be present to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House Office to make arrangements and fix the programme of the day.

## *U. P. WOMAN SENT TO RESCUE HOME*

Batunand Jagnoo, who was found on one of the Victoria Terminus Platforms, bearing marks of wound, reported to have been inflicted by her brother, was ordered to be sent to the Rescue Home to-day by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

She is stated to be of 19 years' age and, it is reported, hails from Gonda village in U. P.

Sub-Inspector Ankleseria of the Bombay District Police, who found her on the platform on April 27, is making enquiries.

# BAIL-BONDS CANCELLED

### For Failure To Attend Court When "Raid" Case Came Up For Hearing

The bail-bonds of thirteen persons, who were arrested in the gambling raid on the American Cotton Exchange Ltd at Sheikh Memon Street, were cancelled by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on Monday, for failing to attend the Court on the 24th instant when the case came up for hearing.

Notices were also served on their sureties to show cause why the deposits should not be forfeited. The names of the thirteen persons are:

Amritlal Punamchand, Bachraj Hargopal, Kesav Maharaj Bindraj, Mohanlal Jamnadas, Maliram Brijmohan, Manekchand Chaturbhuj, Pitamber Bhagwan, Purshottam Jamnadas, Ratilal Nagindas, Ramnarayan Ramprasad, Shanker Kashinath, Shanthilal Maganlal and Ratanlal Kishanlal.

## BOY KNOCKED DOWN BY CAR

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the Coroner's Jury on Monday on the death of Mahado Rahoo a boy aged nine who was knocked down by a car No W. 6654, on April 20.

The boy's father was employed in a local mill and in giving evidence before the Coroner related that the boy was first taken to the K.E.M. Hospital but as the doctor stated that the injuries received were not serious, the boy might be taken home after the injuries were dressed.

After the boy was treated, he was allowed to go home; but soon the condition of the boy grew worse. The boy was again asked to be sent to the hospital but as the father refused to part with him he was treated in the house.

On April 23 the boy died.

The driver of the car in giving evidence stated that he was driving the car through a lane, but a number of boys were playing on the maidan in front of Chamar Baugh Road, Raghoo was at the head of the group and ran right across the car and was knocked down.

## ALLEGED TICKET-FORGING FRAUD

Hormusji Sorabjee Mukadam, who was arrested in connection with the "forged" railway tickets detected at the Bori Bunder Railway Station was ordered to be released on Monday by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on a bail of Rs. 1,000 of which Rs. 400 to be deposited in cash.

# HOLD-UP AT KNIFE POINT

### Alleged Suspect In Reay Road Incident Remanded To Custody

The story of a hold-up at point of knife at Reay Road Station on April 18, was brought to light on Monday when the accused Chand Kassam was put up before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon.

The police in applying for the remand in custody of the accused stated that the complainant (whose name has not been disclosed) was walking along the Reay Road footpath to the Reay Road Railway Station. Suddenly a Mahomedan came up and demanded his purse at the point of knife.

It was dark and as the Mahomedan ordered him to part with his purse, three more Mahomedans leaped to his presence and snatched away his purse.

All the accused then absconded.

But the C. I. D. acting on the information made inquiries and arrested Chand Kassam on Saturday last.

The complainant is a cashier in the Bombay Special Soft Coke Company, Reay Road.

The accused was remanded into police custody for a period of 10 days to enable the police to make their inquiries.

## JUBILEE GIFTS FOR LUCKY MOTHERS

NELLORE, April 29.

The gift of Rs. 5 to each mother giving birth to a child between 6 and 7 a m on the Jubilee Day will be a special feature of the Jubilee celebrations programme at Sulurpet. The Sulurpet Union has included this proposal in its scheme of celebrations.—United Press.

## VERDICT OF SUICIDE

During the last four months Rs. 6,000 had been misappropriated from the cash in his 'pedhi' was the evidence given by a pedhi-owner at the inquest on Mayashanker Gopalji (30) yesterday, who leaped from the fifth floor of Devji Ramji House, Dayaram Street on April 27.

The Coroner's Jury gave a verdict of suicide.

Evidence showed that the deceased was employed in a 'pedhi' at Chinch Bunder from the last twelve years and that he was employed as a cashier from the last five years.

Gopalji was residing on the fifth floor of Devji Ramji House at Dayaram Street.

## *THUNDER-STORMS AND RAIN IN ASSAM*

POONA, April 29.

There have been general thunder-storms and rain in Assam with a few falls in Lower Burma.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Tavoy one and a half inches, Silchar and Cherrapunji three and Tezpur half.

Forecast:—Local thundershowers will occur in Assam and East Bengal.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 29-4-35.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +005 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.0 degrees 0.7 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.0 degrees 0.2 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 77 p. c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 178 miles.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 29-4-35

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 85.1 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.06 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.85 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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Information has been received in Calcutta that, after a successful tour of all the chief cities of the Federated Malay States, Menaka, the Indian dancer, is playing to appreciative houses at Singapore. She will shortly visit Java, Bali, China and Japan.

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A cooly was buried alive at Belgaum on Saturday evening while he was working at the bottom of a deep aqueduct near the military well. The sides of the aqueduct gave way and he was buried deep under the debris. Four others working with him escaped, while a fifth working on a ladder was extricated successfully.

# BAI KABIBAI KALIANJI LADHA CHARITY TRUST, BOMBAY.

(Alias HIRAVAHU HANSARAJ MORARJI CHARITY TRUST)

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING 28TH FEBRUARY, 1935.

| EXPENDITURE. | Rs. a. p. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| To Property Charges:— | | |
| Municipal and Land Taxes | 9,759-13- 8 | |
| Fire Insurance | 1,483- 2- 6 | |
| Repairs to Buildings and other charges | 60,898- 4- 0 | |
| Estate Management Expenses (including legal charges) | 6,234-14- 3 | 78376- 2- 5 |
| To School Maintenance Charges:— | | |
| Salaries | 30,683- 9- 0 | |
| Sundry Charges | 1,547- 9-11 | 32,231- 2-11 |
| To Sheth Kalyanji Ladha Dispensary Maintenance Charges | | 4,027-15-11 |
| To Seth Morarji Haridas Dispensary Maintenance Charges | | 2,694- 4- 9 |
| To Nasik Sadavrat Expenses | | 1,387-14- 3 |
| To Cutch Nalia Sadavrat Expenses | | 133-10- 0 |
| To Nasik Dharmashala Expenses | | 302-10- 6 |
| To Ghatkopar Sanatorium Expenses (including Repairs of Rs. 20-12-6) | | 446- 6- 6 |
| To Muttra Dharmashala Expenses | | 528-10- 0 |
| To Office Establishment Expenses | | 4,476- 0- 0 |
| To Sundry Office Expenses | | 1,167-15- 9 |
| To Reserve Fund for Repairs at 10 p.c. of Gross Rent. | | 6,601-13- 4 |
| Total Rs. | | 1,32,374-10- 4 |

| INCOME | Rs. a. p. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| By Rent from Properties | 64,830- 2- 8 | |
| By Rent from Ghatkopar Sanatorium | 1,104- 3- 3 | |
| By Rent from Muttra Dharmashala | 84- 0- 0 | 66,018- 5-11 |
| By Interest from Government Securities | | 16,758- 7- 3 |
| By Dividend on Bombay Burma Trading Co., Ltd Shares | | 420- 0- 0 |
| By Income from School Department | | 20,826- 6- 0 |
| By Income Tax Refund | | 3,494-11- 0 |
| By Bank Interest | | 12-15- 0 |
| By Excess of Expenditure over Income | | 24,843-13- 2 |
| Total Rs. | | 1,32,374-10- 4 |

Examined and found correct.

(Sd.) K. S. AIYAR & CO.,
Registered Accountants,
Auditors.

Bombay, 18th March 1935.

(Sd.) M. K. MEHTA,
Secretary.

(Sd.) CHUNILAL V. MEHTA,
(Sd.) KRISHNALAL M. JHAVERI
(Sd.) K. M. MUNSHI
(Sd.) ISHWARDAS LAKHMIDAS
(Sd.) MULJI RANCHORDAS
(Sd.) NEMCHAND ABHAICHAND,
Trustees.

# BAI KABIBAI KALIANJI LADHA CHARITY TRUST, BOMBAY.

(Alias HIRAVAHU HANSARAJ MORARJI CHARITY TRUST)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 28TH FEBRUARY, 1935.

| LABILITIES. | Rs. a. p. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Trust Fund:— | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | 17,67,285-13- 4 | |
| Less Excess of Expenditure over Income during the year as per attached account | 24,843-13- 2 | 17,42,442- 0- 2 |
| Reserve Fund (for heavy repairs) | | 31,686-12- 4 |
| Liabilities:— | | |
| Rent Deposits | | 3,377- 0- 0 |
| Total Rs. | | 17,77,505-12- 6 |

| ASSETS. | Rs. a. p. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Properties (as per Books):— | | 12,68,017-10- 6 |
| School Furniture, Library, Laboratory Equipment and Other Dead Stock | | 33,836- 7- 5 |
| School Co-operative Stores (as per books) | | 52- 3- 1 |
| Deposit with the Bombay Municipality | | 200- 0- 0 |
| Sundry Advances:— | | |
| Against Repairs to Buildings to Rajoo Babajee (to be adjusted) | 45,000- 0- 0 | |
| For Expenses (to be adjusted) | 3,055- 0- 0 | 48,055- 0- 0 |
| Investments: | | |
| 3-1/2 per cent. Govt. Loan of the face value of Rs. 5,26,000 | 3,61,535-14- 5 | |
| 5 per cent. 1940-43 of the face value of Rs. 31,300 | 30,112- 8- 0 | |
| 56 Shares of Bombay Burma Trading Corporation | 27,440- 0- 0 | 4,19,088- 6- 5 |
| Cash and other Balances:— | | |
| With Imperial Bank of India in Savings Bank Account | 668-15- 0 | |
| With Imperial Bank of India in Current Account | 7,209-13- 8 | |
| Cash with the Principal of the School | 30- 0- 0 | |
| Cash at Office | 347- 4- 5 | 8,256- 1- 1 |
| Total | | Rs. 17,77,505-12- 6 |

We have audited the Balance Sheet of the Bai Kabibai Kalyanji Ladha Charity Trust, Bombay, as at 28th February 1935, above set-forth and have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. The above Balance Sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the Trust's affairs according to the best of our information and explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Trust. We have also written a letter to the Trustees.

(Sd.) K. S. AIYAR & CO.,
Registered Accountants,
Auditors.

Bombay, 18th March, 1935.

(Sd.) M. K. MEHTA,
Secretary.

(Sd.) CHUNILAL V. MEHTA,
(Sd.) KRISHNALAL M. JHAVERI,
(Sd.) K. M. MUNSHI,
(Sd.) ISHWARDAS LAKHMIDAS,
(Sd.) MULJI RANCHORDAS,
(Sd.) NEMCHAND ABHAICHAND,
Trustees.

Prepared from NEEM OIL by a Special Scientific process with its germicidal properties retained and agreeably perfumed.

It is sanitary antiseptic, soothing and harmless to the tenderest skin. No better soap for tropics. Free from Animal fat.

CALCUTTA CHEMICAL : : Ballygunge.
Bombay Branch: Princess St., BOMBAY 2.


# GLITTERS BUT NOT GOLD

### Two Accused Arrested For Alleged Confidence Trick

As a sequel to increasing number of cases complained to the police during the last few months of spurious gold buttons being pledged and passed off as gold, Abdul Latiff Kamal Khan and Abdul Karim Yusuf, were arrested and placed before Mr Oscar H Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Monday.

The accused were enlarged on bail.

The police in applying for remand of the accused stated that the accused had pledged 11 buttons with two Marwadi Merchants representing them as gold. But it later on turned out that the buttons contained a major portion of silver.

As many other buttons with similar pattern had been received by the police and many complaints of such nature were lodged, the accused were ordered to be enlarged on bail in the sum of Rs. 200 each.

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An Agartala message says preparations for the Silver Jubilee are in progress. His Highness the Maharaja Manika Bahadur has issued special orders for the occasion to be observed throughout the State and zemindary. Three days' holiday has been announced and arrangements are being made to feed the poor.

# MR. THOMAS FERREIRA DEAD

### East Indian Community Suffers Big Loss

We regret to announce the sad news of the death of Mr. Thomas Ferreira, M.A., LL.B., J.P., which took place at his residence in Matharpacady, Mazagon on Friday morning, April 26. His funeral was very largely attended by the leading clergy and the laity of Bombay and the suburbs.

The death of Mr. Thomas Ferreira, writes "The Gem," cannot be regarded as anything but a severe loss to the East Indian community of Bombay of which he was one of the most respected and popular leaders. A man of genial temperament, looking ever to the bright side of things, always ready with a smile to greet friend and foe. Mr. Ferreira was a man whom the community will miss very sadly. He had a splendid record of service among his people and among Catholics generally.

His labours in the cause of primary education among East Indians alone are sufficient to earn him a lasting tribute of gratitude and affection from the community.

A brilliant lawyer, Mr. Ferreira had a fund of experience and knowledge of men and affairs which those who sought his advice and leadership found both useful and inspiring. He was a Justice of Peace, and secretary of the Bombay East Indian Association of which he was always a live force. Mr. Thomas Ferreira deserved well of his people and as an outstanding Catholic figure, he enjoyed the respect of the clergy who held him in the highest esteem, as well as of his fellow-Catholics who regarded him as one of their leaders.

We offer our deep-felt condolence to his aged father Mr. Hermengild Ferreira, and sisters, R.I. P.

# *WILL PUT UP UNITED FRONT*

### *Punjab Traders Want Repeal Of Debt Relief Bill*

LYALLPUR, April 28

The Punjab Traders Conference attended by several members of the Punjab and the N W F P Councils resolved to put up "a united front through ceaseless agitation for its abrogation and repeal" against the recent debt relief legislation, and by way of implementing the same called on the non-agriculturists to give loans to agriculturists, transfer funds to industrial channels, and withraw deposits from co-operative banks as those bodies were against shaukars.

The Conference exhorted the traders while trying to promote swadeshi, to trade in non-British goods as far as possible to voice their protest against discriminatory debt legislation.

The Conference further resolved to extend the activities of the Association to start branches all over the Punjab.—A. P.

---

It is understood that the Hon. Nawab Khwaja Habibullah Bahadur, of Dacca, a nominated Member of the Council of State has resigned his seat for private reasons.


## INDO BALM

Gives immediate relief in all aches and Pains As. 8/- sold everywhere.

Free Samples offered on request.

Agents wanted in unrepresented area.

KARNIK BROS., Bombay. 4.

## JACKS' "SUPER SIX"

CORRUGATED ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS

ARE THE IDEAL COVERING FOR CINEMAS, BUNGALOWS, FACTORIES AND GODOWNS AS THEY ARE PRACTICALLY

INDESTRUCTIBLE

Better Sheets have never been Manufactured

Sole Suppliers:—
William Jacks & Co.,
P. O. Box 335, BOMBAY.

# Sports Jottings From Here And There

## Communal Or International Sport?

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

### Cricket

**A BIG HAUL BY INTERNATIOAL MATCH**

Highly interesting are the details given in the mail papers from England in connection with the International football match between Scotland and England. One paper says, "That's 'the' International over for another year. It was a glorious scene at Hampden, with a crowd of 129,693 paying £7,307 and that does not include the grand stand, which will bring the total money to something like £13,000. Thousands could not get in and many of the disappointed ones had travelled hundreds of miles to see the game".

**HOW CROWDS BEHAVE IN ENGLAND**

Another report runs thus: Ten thousand people tried to stampede their way into England v. Scotland match at Hampden Park, Glasgow, on April 6, after the gates had been closed. Two hundred entered without paying, and 350 people were injured in the crush before mounted police reinforcements called up by wireless, restored order. Most of the injured were bruised or crushed inside the ground Eight people who tried to climb over barbed wire were taken to hospital with lacerations of the hands. A woman collapsed in the stampede and was rescued from a dangerous position by being lifted into the saddle beside a mounted policeman.

After the match there was great congestion at the Central Station. People jumped from the platform on to the permanent way in order to get along. The office return of the attendance was 129,693. At least 30,000 people were shut out.

### Scotland Beat England 2—0

**OUR QUADRANGULAR COMMITTEE UPSET**

I am told that the above reports have upset the mental equilibrium of some of the members of our local Quadrangular Cricket Committee. They fear that the above incidents bespeak of the evil potents that lie in the path of the Inter-provincial Cricket Tournament of India. Fancy what may happen, when people take sides as Maharashtrians and Gujaratis, Pathans and Sindhis, Madrasis and Bengalis! Why the stands all over the country may be packed to suffocation. There might be terrible rush and crush, stampedes and what not! Oh no! These must be prevented at all costs.

**COMMUNAL v. INTERNATIONAL SPORT**

I understand they are thinking of holding an emergency meeting. A deputation may be sent to the Viceroy requesting him to issue an Ordinance stopping all Interational matches "in the interest of public peace and tranquility." There is an extreme section in it who would go even farther. They propose that a deputation should be sent to England to wait upon King George V and his Prime Minister with a request to ban the British Quadrangular on territorial basis, and substitute it for a communal tournament. The Episcopalians, Presbytarians, Catholics and Jews could well replace England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales respectively. The deputationists would be prepared to give every advice and assistance to the Football Association of England in inaugurating a tournament of the kind we have in Bombay. The world will be in the tip-toe of expectation to hear the final decision of the persons concerned.

### Boxing

**SCHMELING CONQUERS HAMAS**

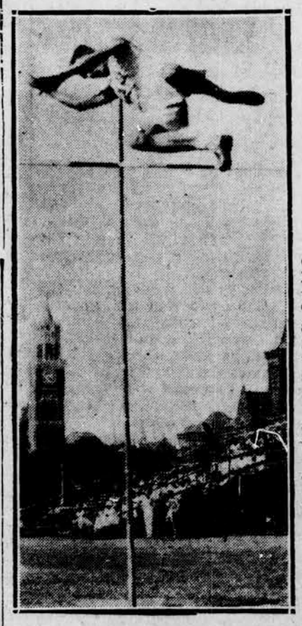
Max Schmeling, the former heavy-weight champion of the world, recently met Steve Hamas, an American contender for the world title at Hamburg before 20,000 spectators. For the first time television pictures of a big fight were wirelessed abroad to London, Paris and New York. Schmeling weighed in at 192 1/2 lbs. and Hamas at 194 1/2 lbs. Securing a victory in the ninth round, when the referee (M. Fallony of Belgium) stopped the fight, Schmeling avenged the result of his encounter with Hamas a year ago in Philadelphia, when the American won on points.

**SCHMELING TO MEET BAER**

The Germans hail this as a victory for themselves over the intrigues of the American promoters, who are regarded as having been responsible for interfering with the arrangements for the Schmeling-Baer fight. It is reported that Max Baer, present world heavy-weight champion, has now agreed to meet the German in a fight for the world championship. It may take place in August at the White City, London. Prior to this, on June 30, Schmeling will meet Paolino Uzcudun, the Basque 'Woodchopper', whom he beat in 1929 on points over fifteen rounds, at Posts Stadium.

**WHY INDIANS ABHOR BOXING.**

Some friends are asking me why I have not been giving sufficient notice to boxing of late. The reason is that I do not feel sufficient enthusiasm for this branch of sport. The sight of the battered and blood-besmeared faces in the ring almost unnerve me. My humane feelings begin to question whether this a sport or battery. I believe that the same feelings have prevented Indians from taking to this sport kindly. Otherwise, I cannot account for the poor progress made by it so far in this country. Could anybody tell me the reason if I am wrong.



J. Jameson clears 10 feet 3 ins. in the Pole Vault, establishing a Bombay record.

*AGA KHAN HOCKEY*

# Customs Retain Cup In Thrilling Final

## B. B. & C. I. Railway Defeated By 2 Goals To 1 In Battle Of Wits

The tense atmosphere associated with a cup final was felt in Monday's duel between the Customs and the B. B. & C. I. Railway. The cup holders started off in sensational fashion, Afzal netting from a melee in the circle within three minutes of the bully off. Stung by this reverse the railwaymen attacked vigorously and Aslam had to come to the rescue on several occasions. Milne broke through to bang in a hard drive which Leach saved in brilliant style. The supporters of the B. B. grew wild with excitement when Dean sprinted down to beat Cowton with an angle shot.

Umpire O'Connor penalised Afzal and Jagat Singh just as they were through and it was doubtful if these men were offside at all. Both sides pressed in turn before the interval which was greatly welcomed as the first half was played at great pace.

The Customs were forced to defend several corners on resumption. Umpire Colyer overlooked glaring instances of obstruction when the Customs' front line attacked and in one case when Afzal was perfectly onside, he was pulled much to the chagrin of spectators. Aslam saved a certain goal by intercepting on the goal line with Cowton out of position. Jagat Singh was robbed of a certain goal by Umpire Colyer, who imagined he was off-side and the crowd roared its disapproval in the closing stages, but Milne made one desperate effort for the Customs before the final whistle and fell in the act of shooting. Contrary to the rules extra time was played after the game should have ended.

**Extra Time.**

Milne put the Customs ahead off a pass from Sweeney, the cup holders gaining lead within a minute of the restart.

There was chance for the railway to draw level as the last five minutes saw the Customs try hard to increase the margin of victory, and they retired worthy winners on the run of play. Aslam, Brewin, Khan and Abreo shone in the defence for the Customs.

Result:

CUSTOMS A. C. 2 goals.
B.B. & C.I. RLY. 1 goal.

**Presentation Of Trophies.**

At the conclusion of the m... Major-General Needham pr... ed the Aga Khan Cup to A... the captain of the Customs... Nelson, the skipper of the rail... received the Smith Shield.

The teams were:—

**B.B. & C.I. RLY.:**

Leach; R. Smith and I. Bartlett; Page, C. Nelson, D Nelson; O. Gonsalves, Dean, Claudius, Loderick and W. Bartlett.

**BOMBAY CUSTOMS:**

Cowton; Abreo and Aslam; Khan, Brewin and Kher Singh; Sweeney, Milne, Feroze Khan; Afzal and Jagat Singh.

UMPIRES: Capt. Colyer and O'Connor.

# MOTOR PARADE PROGRAMME

## Timings Of Jubilee Fund Events To Take Place On May 4 Announced

The following is the programme in connection with the Motor Parade and Fireworks display at the Race Course on Saturday, the 4th May 1935:—

3-30 p.m. The Parade will assemble at the Churchgate Esplanade at 3-30 p.m. and soon after the Judging Committee will judge the entries but the awards will not be made public, until the procession reaches the Race Course.

4-45 p.m. Their Excellencies will arrive at Churchgate Station at 4-45 p.m. and start the Parade from a raised platform, all vehicles to pass them and the Judges will confer with them as the cars pass.

The cars will then proceed via the following route:

"From Churchgate Station to Flora Fountain via Horuby Road, Crawford Market, straight into Mahomedali Road and to Byculla Bridge, then turn into Haines Road, Jacob Circle and, Race Course Road as they enter the Race Course, the award cards will be fixed by the Judges. The cars will then pass in Parade in front of all the stands.

5-45 p.m. Arrival of the cars at the Race Course.

6-00 p.m. Parade of Cars on the Race Course in front of all the Stands.

**Prize Winners**

6-30 p.m. Prize Winning Cars and Lorries will be lined up facing the Dias specially erected for Their Excellencies.

7-00 p.m. Their Excellencies will arrive at the Race Course and Her Excellency will distribute the Prizes.

7-15 p.m. Immediately after the distribution of the Prizes, Mr. Ridland, the Secretary and Treasurer of the Imperial Bank of India, will produce for His Excellency's inspection the sealed envelopes containing the selected numbers. They will then be opened by Lady Brabourne and the numbers broadcasted in English and vernacular

The Selected numbers will be published in all the leading English and vernacular papers in Bombay on Monday, the 6th May.

7-45 p.m. Their Excellencies will then return to their box in the Members' Stand.

The Fireworks will be set off as soon as it is dark enough and the finale will be between 8-30 and 8-45 p.m.

**Admission Fees.**

Admission fees for the Motor Parade and Fireworks at the Race Course have been fixed as follows:—

Members' Stand ..... Rs. 3
First Enclosure ..... Re. 1
Second Enclosure ..... Annas 8

Children under 12 will be charged half rates. Official Programme holders will be admitted free to the Second Enclosure.

The Labouring Classes and the poor will be admitted free to the enclosure specially earmarked for them.

Entrants to the Motor Parade will be furnished with the plans and programme of the Parade.

**Entries**

The following are the Entries for the Silver Jubilee Motor Parade, Saturday, May 4.

**The Governor's Cup. No. of lorries.**

1. The Cement Marketing Co. of India Ltd. 1
2. The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. 2
3. The Goodyear Tyre and Rubber Co. of India Ltd. 1
4. The United Artists Corporation 1
5. The Bombay Steam Navigation Co. Ltd. 1
6. Chicago Telephone and Radio Company 1
7. Godrej and Boyce Manufacturing Co. Ltd. 1
8. Lever Brothers India Ltd. 2
9. Indianess Silk Mills Co. 1
10. C. C. Wakefield and Co. Ltd. 1
11. H. J Foster and Co. Ltd. 1
12. Caroline (U. S. Agencies) 1
13. General Motors India Ltd. 1
14. Texas Co. (India) Ltd. 1
15. W. H. Brady and Co. Ltd. 1
16. Tata Sons Ltd. 4
17. The Burmah-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India Ltd. 12
18. The Bombay Garage 1
19. E. D. Sassoon and Co. Ltd. 1

Sir Lallubhai Samaldas Cup will be given in this Class to the best decorated Lorry displaying exclusively goods of Indian Manufacture.

**The Aga Khan Cup. (New Cars).**

1. The Swiss Engineering Co. 6
2. Metro Motors 4
3. The Automobile Company 3
4. A Hyland Ltd. 2
5. Dadajee Dhakjee and Co. 4
6. French Motor Car Co. Ltd. 4
7. The Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency Ltd. 4
8. Morris Industries India Ltd. 2
9. United Motors India Ltd. 9
10. Ford Motor Co. of India Ltd. 8
11. Triangular Motors 6
12. International Motor Company 4
13. Veena Automobile Service Station 1
14. The Bombay Garage 7

**Idar Cup. (Ladies Section)**

1. Miss Madhuri 1
2. Miss Gohar 1
3. Madame Pompadour 1
4. Mrs. M. Gasper 1
5. Miss Mary E. Pajvigara 1
6. Feroza Dulhan Begum 1
7. Mrs. Klatt 1
8. Mrs. A. Cobb 1
9. Mrs. A. R. Oosman 1
10. Lt.-Col. C. S. Foster 1
11. Mrs. Aloo Minocher Mavji 1

**Gillanders Arbuthnot Cup. (Gentlemen's Section)**

1. Khan Bahadur Ardeshir M. Irani 1
2. Mr. Akbar E. Moledina 1
3. Mr. C. J. Boswell 1
4. Lt.-Col. C. S. Foster 1
5. Hon'ble Mr. T. Sinha 1
6. Mr. J. M. Shroff 1
7. Lalit M. Khatau 1

**Old Cars Section.**

1. Byramjee H. Kabir 1
2. Mr. Mohammad Ibrahim 1
3. Dr. Dara M. Dastur 1

Final Entries close at 6 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

## Kisans Can't Win Their Rights Through Class Hatred

(Continued from Page 12)

that by hating any class Kisans could achieve their end. He exhorted Kisans to give up the habit of weeping over their plight and the idea that others' efforts would improve their condition. Therefore, if any one went to the villages to work for the Kisans, they should express to them their feelings of gratitude for their good intentions but they should realise that their conditions could be improved only by themselves. He also advised them never to lose temper and bear their sufferings quietly. He further referred to the need of social reform, such as the giving up of the evil custom of child marriages.

Sardar Patel said that the greatest blow that Kisans had received was from the introduction of machinery particularly for weaving cloth. That had rendered peasants unemployed for the greatest part of the year, otherwise when the crop season was over they used to engage themselves in spinning and weaving. Now they remained idle for the most part of the year with the result that they had become extremely idle.

Concluding he added that Kisans should give up idleness, become fearless and have a strong "sangathan:" then they would get all that Mr. Tandon detailed as the needs of Kisans.

Mr. Mohan Lal Gautama, secretary of the Reception Committee, reading the messages of sympathy with the conference, said that he had come to know that efforts had been made by Patwaris and the police to dissuade Kisans from coming to Allahabad to attend the conference. Among the numerous messages received were from Mahata Gandhi, Dr. Ansari, Mr. M. S. Aney, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mrs. Kamala Devi Chattopadhya, Prof. Ranga, Mr. S. K. Dat Paliwal and others.

The Conference was adjourned at about 10 p.m. after recording a resolution of condolence on the death of Mr. T. A. K. Sherwani, till to-morrow evening, 7 p.m.

## KISANS URGED TO ORGANISE

### Sardar Warns Them Against False Statements In Leaflets

ALLAHABAD, April 29.

The proceedings of the Kisan Conference continued till one o'clock this morning and 16 resolutions were passed.

The leaders have left and Sardar Patel has gone to Cawnpore. The next conference will be at Fyzabad.

Mr. Patel concluding the proceedings of the conference warned the kisans against false statements in some leaflets lately distributed to the villages and appealed to them to organise themselves, form committees and unite for the amelioration of their condition.—A. P.

The Women's 50 Metres Final in progress at the Olympic Games.

Miss M. Webster puts the shot 22 feet, 6½ inches.

## TANDON HOLDS SOCIALISTS AT BAY

ALLAHABAD, April 29.

Mrs. Naidu addressed the Kisans at the close of the Kisan Conference and was present throughout the deliberations.

Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon spoke on most of the resolutions and socialists could not encounter him in the open Conference as a result of which Mr. Tandon's resolutions were passed and the communist demonstrations fizzled out.—United Press.

## SARDAR PATEL AT CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, April 29.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel arrived here this morning from Allahabad on the invitation of the District Congress Committee to address meetings of peasants in villages Sachendi and Akbarpore in the district.

A grand reception was accorded to him at the station by the members of the District Congress Committee and people of Cawnpore. He visits the villages during the day and addresses a public meeting at Shradhanand Park at 6 p.m.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu also has come here, but she is unwell.—United Press.

## CALCUTTA JUTE GODOWN ABLAZE

CALCUTTA, April 29.

In blazing heat and smothered in fumes the people of Calcutta and the fire brigade fought with a serious jute fire in a shed in the Kidderpore Dock last night.

The fire was first noticed in a godown but within a short time the whole building was ablaze. Eight engines soon surrounded the building and poured water on the burning jute, which was stacked from the floor to the ceiling, awaiting shipment, and brought the fire under control only early this morning.

The damage is estimated at Rs. 1,50,000.—United Press.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*The bristles are . . .*
**SEALED *in by* PERMA-GRIP**

PERMA-GRIP, the *new*, exclusive Pro-phy-lac-tic process, fastens bristles in the brush handle in a *new* way—they're not simply embedded but *sealed in*, anchored securely.* Think what this means.

No loose bristles in your mouth, between your teeth, penetrating your gums. Danger of infection checked and a brush that will last far longer.

Ask for Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip. Always sold in the yellow box. Look for the hyphenated name.

*While the Perma-Grip process prevents bristles from coming out of the handle, nothing now known will prevent them from occasionally breaking off outside the handle. We firmly believe this happens far less in our brushes than in any others.

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# City And Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 12, 1991.
Muslim: Moharrum 26, 1353.
Parsi: Avan 26, 1304.
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 0m.
High Tide: 10-00; 22-00.
Low Tide: 3-36, 15-55.
Municipal Corporation, 3-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, May 1

Results of Intermediate Examination in Science, University Building, 3 p.m.
Grand Variety Entertainment in aid of Silver Jubilee Fund by Boys' Gymkhana assisted by local amateurs (for children only), Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, May 2.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

Wavelengths 350.9 and 31.36 metres. 12 noon. Music (Gujarati records). 1-0 p.m. Market rates. European Lunch Hour Selections. 2 p.m. Close down. 5 p.m. Ladies' Talk. 5-30 p.m. Relay of music from the Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Dance music. Jack Jackson and His Orchestra. 7-30 p.m. Book Talk. 7-45 p.m. Empire Relay. 8-15 p.m. The Language Game. (English). 8-30 p. m. Interval. 9 p.m. Weather and other news. 9-10 p.m. General and Commercial News in Hindi. 9-30 p.m. Light Classical Music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

### B.P.C.C. MEETING.

An ordinary meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held at the Congress House to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

### INDIAN MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

"There will be a musical entertainment in the Byramjee Jeejeebhai Hall on Saturday, May 4, from 4-45 p.m. when Sjt. Shivarudrappa, the Mysore Palace Musician, will play on his violin, Sjt. Nagaraja Rao of Palladam, Flute and K. S. Ramachandran, Mridangam".

### JAIN SAMMELAN.

The All-India Young Men's Jain Society Sammelan had decided unanimously to hold its third sessions in Bombay on 1st, 2nd and 3rd June. Vast propaganda has been set on foot and touring parties have been appointed to visit various centres. Subcommittees have been formed for successful termination of the ensuing sessions.

### POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Aden Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 30th instant.

Mails for Straits Settlements via Calcutta will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-0 p.m. on Thursday 2-5-1935.

### FREE HINDI CLASSES IN 'C' WARD.

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, Free Hindi classes are being conducted by Sjt. Gajendranath Sherman on every Sunday at 3 p.m. (S.T.) and on every Thursday at 7 p.m. (S.T.) Those who desire to take the advantage of these free classes should get their names registered at the committee office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road.

### STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Manju Maru" left Moji on April 26 and is due to arrive in Bombay on May 20 via usual ports.

The Homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Rawalpindi" with the mails from Bombay of the 20th instant arrived at Port Said at 5 p.m. on the 28th instant and left there at midnight the same day.

The outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Viceroy of India" with the Mails from London of 18th instant arrived at Aden at 4 a.m. on the 28th idem and left there at 9 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 2 p.m. on Thursday, the 2nd May.

## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"David Copperfield" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Kid Millions." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"42nd Street." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Limehouse Blues." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Kentucky Kernels." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Barrister's Wife." Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Insaf-ki-Tope." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Chandrasena." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan." Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Diplomaniacs." Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Barrets of Wimpole Street" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Viva Villa" Dhobi Talao Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

## Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The Torquay Municipal Orchestra. Conductor, Ernest W. Goss. Relayed from the Pavilion, Torquay. 8 p.m. "Prelude to Summer." Half an hour of verse and music. A programme devised by Douglas Moodie. 8-30 p.m. The B B C Empire Orchestra. Leader, Daniel Melsa. Conductor, Eric Fogg. Stanley Pope (Baritone). 3-30 p. m. "Empire Bookshelf" No. 2 A reading of extracts from "Distant Drums." by R. J. Minney (Author of "Clive".) 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p. m. Close down.

### ENGLISH CLASSES AT ANDHERI.

The English classes attached to the Local Board Marathi Primary School at Andheri are recognised by the Department of Public Instruction this year. Students from these classes can secure admission to any recognised High School or Anglo-Vernacular School without any difficulty. Parents and guardians can register the names of their children in these classes.

### LATE PROF. M. B. JOSHI

A special meeting of the managing committee of the Matunga Vyayam Shala was held on Sunday last, when Mr. B. N. Maheswari presided. The following resolution was moved from the chair and was passed unanimously:—

The managing committee of the Matunga Vyayam Shala deplores the sad demise of Prof. M. B. Joshi, one of the founders and chief instructor of the Matunga Vyayam Shala at the premature age of 30 and expresses its deep sympathy with his bereaved family in its great loss.

## BABA FAQRUDDIN

### Bombay Bohra's Celebrate Anniversary

The Jamme Bohra Masjid, Bombay, was brilliantly illuminated when the anniversary of Baba Faqruddin Sahib of Goliakotte was celebrated on Monday night.

Over 1000 members of the Bohra community were present in the Mosque when Salehbhoy Sahib Saifuddin, the head Amil led the "Marasi Khani" prayers.

The arrangements were made by Anjuman-e-Yusufi. Every vantage leading to the Mosque and the Masjid were illuminated with over a thousand electric bulbs and buntings while the crystal chandliers in the Hall shed their lights from 65 electric sprouts.

The proceedings started at 9 p.m. (B. T.) and continued upto 11 p.m.

His Holiness the Mullaji Saheb who was to have attended the ceremony was unavoidably detained at Galiakotte.

# First Step In Country's Progress

## NATIONALISE EDUCATIONAL TEXT-BOOKS, SAYS MR. NARIMAN

(From Our Correspondent)

GHATKOPAR, April 28.

"National education is the first step in the progress of a country's march towards independence. The text books in India should include life of Mahatma Gandhi and his writings along with those of other leaders of the nation, instead of lessons on King George and the benefits of the British Empire", observed Mr. K F. Nariman, the Mayor of Bombay, in the course of his presidential address, on the occasion of the annual function of the National School held on Sunday morning in the Jain Upashraya Hall at Ghatkopar. The hall was packed to its full capacity. There was a large number of women and children.

### A PLOT FOR BUILDING

After an entertaining programme of music, physical feats, dialogues, etc., was gone through Mr. Chandulal V. Patadikar, Secretary of the school, read the annual report. Education is given upto the seventh standard vernacular and third English. The number of students, mostly girls, has increased to 400. The annual income is Rs. 3,400 from fees aided by a municipal grant of Rs. 3,500 per annum. The expenditure is Rs. 9,400 leaving an annual deficit of Rs. 2,500. This year Mr. Dhanji Devshi has offered a plot of land for the school and a cash donation of Rs. 12,000 for the building. Thus a long-felt need of having its own building has been removed.

Further cash donations by several residents of Ghatkopar to the extent of Rs. 5,300 were also announced.

Mr. Chimanlal Popatlal Shah, president of the school committee, and Pandit Ramchandra Sharma addressed the gathering.

### FIRST STEP IN PROGRESS

Mr. K. F. Nariman, in the course of a Gujarati speech, said that he had come to Ghatkopar notwithstanding the flag-salutation function in the City of Bombay. National education was the first step in the progress of a country's march to independence. Had the boycott of schools and colleges, started by Mahatma Gandhi in 1920, and the programme of national education proved successful, the country would have reached its goal of Swaraj. Those who had received education in present-day institutions generally betrayed a slavish mentality and always begged for Government' protection. All the primary text books had on the front page the photo of King George and a lesson on the benefits of the British Empire. Again, an impression had been created in the minds of Indian people that if the British withdraw, the Hindus and Muslims would run at the throat of one another. The text books on history taught subjects which were of very little importance to the people of India. Instead, text books should incorporate of activities of Mahatma Gandhi and his articles as well as those of other Indian leaders.

When the speaker had brought these facts to the notice of Dewan Bahadur Harilal Desai, the then Minister for Education, he was told that that could not be done under the existing circumstances.

### GATE OF NATION'S STRONGHOLD

Paying a tribute to Ghatkoparites for advancing the cause of national education, Mr. Nariman said that Bombay was the nation's stronghold and Ghatkopar was the gate for entering the City of Bombay.

Prizes were then given away by Mr. Nariman to the girl students of the national school.

With a vote of thanks to the chair, the function came to a close at about noon.

# Magistrate's Strictures On Complainant

## ACCUSED DISCHARGED IN SUN-TOBACCO COMPANY CHEATING CASE

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, April 29.

"The complainant is not so simple a man as he pretends to be. He has so much prevaricated and made false and absurd statements that it is impossible to put any reliance on his evidence."

"The complainant, certainly, had not the ability and uprightness of character which the managing director of a company is expected to have, but then he was not a dummy managing director as he asked us to believe. He is a wily seifish Bania knowing nothing beyond his self-interest."

"As the charge against the accused Padamsi is in my opinion false and vexatious, I call upon the complainant Manordas forthwith to show cause why he should not be asked to pay compensation to Padamsi."

### ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION.

With these remarks Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, discharged on Saturday last Padamsi Shivji of Ghatkopar, who along with two others was accused of cheating the Sun Tobacco Co. Ltd. in respect of two sums of Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 155 and misappropriating the amounts. The complainant was Mr. Manordas Narandas Narielwala, managing director of the company. The two accused were K. S. Mali, director and Ranchhoddas Gordhandas, secretary of the company. The complainant dropped proceedings against these two accused, as the former could not be served with summons at Amritsar, and the latter had gone to Africa.

### HISTORY OF TRIAL.

The history of the trial is that the complainant was first filed in the Court of the Bandra City Magistrate on September 5, 1933. After verification the Magistrate forwarded the complaint to police sub-inspector of Vile Parle for investigation and report. After reading the sub-inspector's report submitted by him on October 8, 1933, the Magistrate dismissed the complaint as he thought it was purely of civil nature. The complainant went in revision and the Sessions Judge of Thana ordered retrial on January 16, 1934. A regular trial commenced against Padamsi before Kurla Resident Magistrate on March 1, 1935.

The facts of the case are Manordas and Padamshi knew each other for about seven years. On July 7, 1932 the cigarette factory originally known as Sun Tobacco factory was made a limited company with the complainant as managing director.

### JUDGMENT.

The magistrate, in the course of his judgment, said that those were the days of Swadeshi movement. Owing to trade depression people did not know how best to invest their moneys. Monied men like the accused and the complainant would be too willing to join a cigarette factory, which was working. His (the magistrate's) impression was that they both joined the factory with the full hopes of reaping large profits and invested their surplus moneys in the Swadeshi concern.

### GOES INTO LIQUIDATION.

"Things went on smoothly," continued the magistrate, "till about the middle of December 1932. By that time the complainant realised that he had not the ability to run a factory and that he was not fit for the onerous duties of a managing director of a factory. In his anxiety to recover the money he had invested he got a large quantity of tobacco which was purchased for manufacturing cigarettes sold and credited the whole amount to the account of his firm and within a few days put in his resignation detailing all the worries and troubles he was put to while working as a managing director of the company. The factory being under the control of an incapable man such as the complainant was bound to fail. It went into voluntary liquidation and Mr. Shivji Chaturbhuj was appointed liquidator by majority against the wish of the complainant, and since then the complainant and the accused appeared to have fallen out. The present complainant was the outcome of that ill-feeling existing between them."

According to the complainant he found out that the accused Padamsi in conspiracy with Mali was playing a deep game and the amount of Rs. 2,400 paid by Padamshi was only a make-believe just to show that he was advancing loans to the company so that he (complainant) could be induced to pay more and more loans. This sort of complaining is very curious.

"There is no evidence," said the Magistrate, "to show that the accused knowingly or intentionally deceived the complainant and made him join and invest his money in the factory which he knew to be a losing concern. I find that there is no evidence to show that the accused Padamshi defrauded the company or the complainant either himself or in conspiracy with the other accused.

"From the evidence," continued the magistrate, "I hold that the payment of Rs. 2,000 was to be made to Abdul Husein for his share and good-will in the old company; this liability was accepted by the new limited company and the payment was accordingly made by the complainant on July 25, 1932 with the full knowledge of the facts. The complainant is simply telling a lie when he says that he did not know the terms of the agreement (dated June 23, 1932) and has brought this false charge of defrauding the company and misappropriation against the accused simply to harass him."

### ACCUSED DISCHARGED.

"Again I wonder," said the magistrate, "how Padamsi is to be held responsible for the payment of this amount.

The Magistrate discharged the accused on the ground that the charges were false and vexatious.

Mr. P. V. Patil appeared for the complainant and Mr. Frank Oliveira with Mr. S. R. Oka for the accused.

## SHARADA MANDIR

### Khar Education Society's Annual Celebration

The first annual celebration of the Khar Education Society's Sharada Mandir took place on Sunday evening at the Laxminagar Pavilion, Sheth Ramdas Khimji presiding.

The report of the working of the school in the first year of its existence was read, which explained how the school came into being and the various odds it had to meet.

Sheth Ramdas Khimji then in a short speech thanked the promoters of the school and impressed upon the residents of Khar the necessity for supporting wholeheartedly the institution which was rendering useful service to the younger generation of Khar. Proceeding Mr. Ramdas said, that people are found often unwilling to support any institution, unless it achieved tangible results, and no institution can achieve tangible results without the sympathy, support and co-operation of the general public. He wished all success to the Institution and appealed to the residents of Khar to help it generously.

Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt then thanked Mr. Ramdas Khimji for having presided over the function.

### START HIGH SCHOOL

Mr. V. Mehta in giving the history of the Society mentioned the various difficulties it had to face. The problem of finance was the greatest difficulty in the way of the organisers. At that time, Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt—a prominent resident and social worker of Khar—came forward to make good the deficit of Rs. 100 per month, for a period of 12 months which the Society was incurring. He wished the residents of Khar did not hesitate in coming forward to help this institution. He also added that the residents of Khar should not content themselves only with the primary school run by the Society at present and they should make strenuous efforts to see that a High School is established under the auspices of the Society as early as possible.

## GOOD PROGRESS OF ST. MARY'S SCHOOL

### Mrs. M. A. F. Coelho Distributes Prizes At Annual Function

Sound advice was given by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, to the students of the St. Mary's English-Teaching High School on Monday evening on the occasion of their annual prize distribution at the Sir C. J. Hall.

A select programme was arranged and the guests spent a very enjoyable evening. An item that deserves special mention is the "Nigger Rhythm".

### GOOD PROGRESS

The Rector's report for the year shows good progress Sixteen out of the 17 candidates sent up for the Matriculation were successful. The school also takes equally active interest in the world of sports.

Mrs. M. A. F. Coelho then distributed the prizes.

Mr. Coelho, in his presidential address, paid a tribute to the management of the school for maintaining a high standard of discipline.

Addressing the students, Mr. Coelho advised them never to shirk or put off things. He congratulated the prize-winners. Turning to the unlucky, he told them that failure was but a stepping stone to success.

With the singing of the Anthem the function terminated

# In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

### Civic Address To Rajen Babu

Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President of the Indian National Congress, has been invited to visit Bombay and stay here for at least three days. Those three days are surely going to be very busy for the Congress workers in the city. Before he reaches Bombay, which will be towards the end of May, the local Congress authorities want to enrol the largest possible number of Congress members in the city. Besides, there is already a move to present a civic address to the Congress President when he visits Bombay. Almost all the Presidents of the Congress have been presented with civic addresses by the Municipalities where the Congress was held. The Bombay Corporation failed to do so, when the Congress was held in Bombay. But now that there is a move, one feels that the premier Corporation in the country will unanimously decide on presenting a civic address to Babu Rajendra Prasad.

### A Danger To Pedestrians

If the Bombay City Police does not take immediate and prompt action in enforcing rules regarding parking of the cars in the island near the Crawford Market, which is made both for the safety of the pedestrians and for the parking of the cars, some serious accidents are likely to occur in the near future. The motorists and the hack victoria drivers, instead of parking their cars in the island between the Head Police Office and the Crawford Market, park them in a line near the shops in front of the Crawford Market. This prevents the pedestrians from getting into the tram cars and there being very little space left owing to the obstruction of the cars on the roads, those passengers who have to get out from the cars or who have to move towards the foot-path are likely to meet with serious accidents.

## INSPIRATION OF ISLAM AND HINDU MUSLIM UNITY

### Successful Three-Arts Weekly Functions

(From A Correspondent.)

Three Arts held its three weekly functions with considerable success. The Conservatoire met at luncheon on Thursday at Pyrkes' when Dewan Bahadur Javeri and Mr. Kavalekar spoke on the "Inspiration of Islam and Action and Re-action of Hindu-Muslim Contact in India" and which roused a great deal of interest. They gave interesting similies of the close contact producing harmonious results in Social, customs in daily life in language, costume, laws, etc.

In the Gala Dances on Saturdays some fine Exhibition, items were displayed by the gaiety seekers. The "Music in Italy" evening at Aiwane' Rif' at on Sunday was indeed a memorable one. The musicians comprised of Sgrs. Bellini Obalde violinist, De Lisi Andre' cellist, De Lizio Vincenzo i pianist, Uberto flautist, Gianni cornel, and Lanza Leonardo singer. Atiya Begum in introducing compared Italy and India Peninsulas, the one unattractive, unsavoury, completely neglected, the other rich with luxuriant gardens, promenades, boat-houses, and other institutions for the relaxation of physical a spiritual cultivation of human beings though both were gifted with equal charms.

Mr. Tarapore and Count Caravenica in their utterances lingered on the emotional impulses that crystalise the Indian and Italian sense of poetry, music, and art. 3 Arts will have their Conservatoire poetry luncheon at Pyrkes' on Thursday 2nd May, at 12-45 noon, when Mr. Tarapore will speak on the "Gam Poems", and on Saturday 4th May at 6 p.m. A Gala Dance at Pyrkes'. Messrs. Datoobhoy and Terry will give fine exhibition items with partners. On Sunday at Aiwane' Rif' at 5-30 p.m. Mrs. Venkatram the famous musician will sing and play on the Vina".

### Ramakant Krishna Bhende Scholarships

The selection of the students for the scholarships to be awarded from the above Fund will be made shortly by the Board of Trustees of the Ramakant Krishna Bhende Scholarships Fund from among the poor and deserving students belonging to the Goud Saraswat Brahman Cammunity (all subsections included).

Male students who after passing their Matriculation Examination from any of the High Schools at Poona intend to prosecute their studies further in any College as also those who having passed their Matriculation Examination from the said schools may be studying for a Degree or Diploma in any College or other educational institution recognized by any Indian University may submit their applications to the undersigned.

Girl students, poor and deserving, of the said community studying in the Poona Female High School (otherwise known as the High School for Indian Girls) or in the Poona Female Training College as also those who after matriculating from any of the High Schools at Poona intend studying for a Degree or Diploma in any College or other educational institution recognised by any Indian University or qualifying themselves for the profession of nursing, midwifery or teaching may also put in their applications.

The present Bhende Scholars must also submit fresh applications for the year in case they wish to have their scholarships continued.

All applications must be made on the prescribed From of the Board and reach the office of the Managing Trustee on or before the 15th June next. Application Forms may be obtained from: Mr L. S. Dabholkar, "Anand-Kanan", Chaupaty Road, Bombay, 7 and Mr. P. V. Lad, Saraswat Colony, Somwar Peth, Poona City.

### Wanted Man Arrested And Remanded

Anna Khandoo, who was "wanted" by the police in connection with the murder of Venubai Satwa on April 7 at Worli, was arrested at Tasgoan and brought to Bombay on Monday. He was produced before the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Police Court, and was remanded to Police custody till May 13.

JUBBULPORE, April 29.

Resolutions expressing horror at the Ferozabad incident, condoling the death of Dr. Jivram and his family members killed in the fire, urging the penalising of the remarriage of widowers with virgins and urging the compulsory use of Swadeshi by the members of the Mahasabha, were adopted unanimously at the All-India Agarwal Mahasabha.—United Press.


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The Bombay Chronicle

Rod House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1935

# WORK IN THE COUNTRY

The Berar Provincial Congress Conference and the U.P. Kisan Conference, held last week respectively at Akola and Allahabad are not less important than the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. The former, inaugurated by the Congress President himself, was in many respects a typical provincial conference, indicative of current political feeling and as such helpful both to the Congress and the Government. The latter is of special importance as reflecting opinion among the best organised Kisans of India There is a feeling among many Congressmen that the present Congress programme, whatever may be its value theoretically, is somehow ill-designed to enthuse workers, accustomed for several years to the excitement of Civil Disobedience. And as a matter of fact not many Congress workers are displaying any enthusiasm or vigour in their activities. Babu Rajendra Prasad sensed this fact and asserted that the new programme of the Congress would gain intensity as time went on. We hope it will not be very long before the intensity will be discernible.

### *Organisation Of Peasants*

The Congress Socialists were as active in asserting themselves at Akola as they were at Jubbulpore. But though they failed to censure the Congress Party's work in the Assembly, they fared better with regard to their anti-war resolution. Its adoption by the conference, though the A.I.C.C. had refused to consider it but a few days before, is only indicative of the steady, if slow, trend of feeling towards Socialist principles and indicative, too, of the pertinacity of the Congress Socialists. The same may be said of another resolution adopted by the Conference, urging the A.I.C.C. to work a programme "of organising peasants and workers on the basis of economic demands formulated by the All-India Congress Socialist Party." The Congress has already recommended radical reorganisation on other lines which, in addition to organising the peasants, will bring to them some immediate profit, which they so badly need. If the Socialists feel that organisation of peasants on their own lines is likely to be more acceptable and beneficial to the peasants, they cannot do better than work out their own methods of organisation in selected areas. All methods then will be judged by the actual results, and those that are found to be the best will have to be accepted by Congress leaders.

### *Their Ideal*

The Allahabad Kisan Conference was worthily presided over by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, for he has been a farmer himself and is unquestionably a master organiser of peasants. He is not a mere talker about peasant organisation but his phenomenal success in Bardoli is proof positive of the potency of his methods. It is a pity that though he spoke for about two hours to the U. P. Kisans, we have so far before us an all too brief report of his speech. But even that brief report shows how intensely practical he is about the work by and for the peasants. The gist of his exhortation to them is that in the last analysis their salvation must depend upon their own efforts. But his speech, we fear, is marred by frequent needless innuendoes against Socialists, who, whatever their shortcomings in the realm of action, are more sympathetic towards peasants and workers than any other political school in the country and who are never too proud to learn from tried workers. And it ill becomes veterans to treat them with disdain. The Conference passed a resolution stating that while the present zamindari system lasts, it is urgently necessary that properly authorized committees on which the peasants should be adequately represented be constituted, which, after making an economic enquiry, may make a definite reduction in rents. This is the least that needs to be done to improve the economic condition of the peasant. The ideal of a system of peasant proprietors all over the country gives to the peasants a touch of reality to their vision of Swaraj and naturally they love to cherish and express the ideal even now, though it may be realised only under Swaraj. Moreover Swaraj itself is impossible without the help of the peasants and if only for this reason it is necessary for workers in the country to reassure the peasants about the economic implications of Swaraj.

# Slandering India

Srijut Subash Chandra Bose has again drawn attention to the two American films "India Speaks" and "Bengali" which libel and slander this country. Arnoing particularly "the magnificent arrangements" says: "Evidently money was being spent on a colossal scale. The question, therefore, recurred to my mind at every stage—whose money and whose brains are behind this sinister endeavour? It is not difficult to find an answer to this question." It is obvious that efforts are being made on a very extensive scale to damn India in the eyes of the world. And, as we pointed out sometime ago, the significant thing about them is the time chosen to launch them.

The pity is that the Government of India do not appear to be conscious of any obligation in this behalf to India. The answers that were given in the Assembly betrayed unconcern and indifference more than anything else. Sjt. Bose is correct as to the lines of action—"firstly diplomatic action and, secondly, boycott of goods coming from countries producing such films, beginning with boycott of films." The object would, indeed, have been achieved even without resorting to such actions, if the Government were responsive and responsible to public opinion of the country. Sjt. Bose, we note, suggests appointment of Indian Ministers at important capitals of the world. We are afraid nothing will be gained by it. The appointments will be made by the Government of India and the "Indian" Ministers will naturally reflect not only the views and opinions of their principals on matters but also their indifference and unconcern. Moreover, they might well be utilised as costly "prize" posts for our reactionary "patriots."

## *"NEW DEAL" IN INDIA*

### *Outline Of Co-operative Colony Scheme*

(By Capt. J. W. Petavel)
II

The coming of the day of the "new deal" is another great clarion call to us. Now that Russia, the United States, Great Britain, France, Canada have their men who realise that something radical must be done, what is India going to do?

The question is whether we shall heed the great phalanx of eminent authorities and distinguished men who have agreed that the plan now called in America the "United Communities" plan might be applied at once in India; Whether we shall join the ranks of those who are hoping and striving, or whether we shall remain under the influence of the mediocre people who have no plan and only disparage. We have now the continued brilliant success of Witzwill, Llano and Dyalbagh to show us what can be done by able and earnest people determined to apply the colony solution. The mediocre object that those successes are due to outstanding leaders, the Kellerhalls of Witzwill, George Fickett and Dr. Williams of Llano, and Sahibji Maharaj Anand Sarup of Dyalbagh. But that faint-hearted objection has been answered long ago. The answer is that we must get to work in the right way to bring *groups* of colonies into existence, particularly at first for education, and such *groups* might succeed with ordinary people to manage them.

**Growth From Seeding**

The co-operative colony—educational or otherwise—would be only a seedling. From it a tree would grow: a co-operative system consisting of many colonies, each specialising in some branch of production, and co-operative factories, stores, banks and agencies of all kinds. It is anticipated that the first growth of the seedling would be the groups of mutually co-operating colonies as foreseen by the promoters of the American bill and they would soon lead on to the rest.

A group of mutually co-operating colonies would be like a great co-operative colony in many scattered portions instead of being in one place. The component colonies would co-operate in a variety of ways. The goal would be the production of necessaries for the use of the producers. It would be approached, however, by such steps as were practically expedient. If some isolated agricultural colonies of the group found it better to sell their produce and buy from the factory colonies the manufactured articles they needed they would do so. But whatever the state of trade was they would be sure of a market, because they would, if necessary, contribute their produce to the organization and have its other products in exchange. The support the public would readily give to such a socially useful organization would be a great help. But as its utility would depend on its being self-contained, as far as possible, it would not be able to abuse its privilege of friendly customers or it would lose them.

**A Living Organism**

There would also be co-operation between the different units in the matter of labour. As isolated agricultural units might find it more convenient to obtain the manufactured articles they needed by sending workers in off seasons to work in manufacturing colonies. There would be co-operation for sales also. All units would be selling agents for the products of all the others, earning commissions that would be paid in goods.

But a co-operative organiation is a living organism that grows, not an edifice we can put up according to a plan. We know, however, that the organization might grow now in many ways from the seedling we might now plant.

Another development to be anticipated would be the employment in the organization of people who had spare time or who were temporarily unemployed. When the organization had its colonies everywhere we should anticipate that large numbers of people would become part-time workers in one of its branches near their home. The organization with many branches would also take useful commodities from people who had either produced them in their own workshops or on their farms, or obtained them by working in some establishment for remuneration in kind. At an early stage, it might enable temporarily unemployed people to earn in that way at least some kinds of useful commodities, and receive the balance of their earnings in instalments in goods as

(Continued On Page 8)

# THE WORLD & ITS WAYS

## A Weekly Review Of International Situation

By K. T. SHAH.

Economic forces have once again taken precedence of political complications in the Western world. The rise in the price of silver ordered by the United States Treasury has already disorganised the world markets, given an unprecedented stimulus to speculation, and upset the Mexican and Chinese currencies. The 'rationale' of such rises is difficult to perceive for those not in the secret of the American President and his new set of advisers. But the consequences of this policy are not so difficult to realise,—whatever be the intentions of the American Government. Whether President Roosevelt intends it or not, the rise in the price of silver may benefit the American silver producer; but it does not,—necessarily and automatically,—benefit those large sections of humanity, which are still regulating their economic lives by silver.

### *A Passing Breeze*

The hectic flush in the silver markets of Bombay or Shanghai does not represent anything more than a passing breeze from the paradise of the speculator. The total world production of silver is about 180 million fine ounces, of which the U. S. A. scarcely produced a third. The needs of the American Treasury for additional stocks of silver in the reserve still aggregate 1,000 million ounces. Hence it those needs are to be met in a given period, America will not only have to absorb the whole of the new production, but also considerable quantities of the existing supply of that metal. Mexico may be, even while these lines are being written, going off silver. And China following suit is a matter of weeks, if not days. At a dollar an ounce per fine silver, the Indian rupee would be profitable to be melted down. Its value as bullion would exceed its value as coin, when the local silver price reaches somewhere about Rs. 109 per 100 tolas. The Government of India is bound, it is true, not to sell silver beyond some 35 million ounces per annum for five years commencing 1933. Hence, that very large holder of silver would not be in a position to avail itself of this opportunity, and realise its heavy holdings at the present high price. But there may be, in the Indian people's hands, somewhere between 200 and 300 crores worth of silver coins; and probably an equal amount in bullion form. If the world-price of silver responds to the pace set by the U. S. A. Government for the purchase of newly mined domestic silver, India can throw upon the market all the silver that the currency needs of the U. S. A. Government require.

### *Impossible Object*

But long before the point is reached, at which India, China, Mexico, would be forced to liquidate their silver holdings, and re-purchase gold,—or equivalent in foreign securities,—a most dangerous operation for the economy of such nations themselves,—drastic measures would have been forced upon the Governments of the countries concerned, to prevent their local economy being disorganised, and dislocated by such action of the American Government. What those steps will be, it is, of course, impossible to say at the moment. They would be determined by the economic and political conditions of the countries concerned. They may range from an embargo on silver exports to an inconvertible paper currency, more or less linked to some more stable foreign currency. But the objective of the United States, the introduction of an International Bimetallism through a corner in silver, and thereby a rise in the prices of commodities, sufficient to make a recovery from the prevailing Depression,—seems impossible of attainment.

Without a general rise in the prices of commodities, there can be no real return of prosperity. And by operating merely on the currency side of the equation, a general and sustained rise in commodity prices must be pronounced to be impossible. To satisfy the silver interests of the United States, the authorities in that country may feel themselves justified in taking the steps they have done; but the other countries of the world would feel themselves equally warranted in stiffening their antagonism to such a unilateral action, that can,

(Continued on page 9).

# Frankly Speaking

**GERMAN AND NAVAL ARMS.**

Having torn up the Versailles clauses relating to land forces, Germany is now turning her attention to the naval side of that wretched Treaty. At least a serious alarm has been raised to that effect. And although German officials are reported to have tried to give it a reassuring quietus, we have no doubt that it has substantial foundation in fact. A report has got abroad that Germany is laying down a certain number of small submarines, but what official circles "strongly deny" is that the building of submarines has "already started." This only lends confirmation to the essential point of the recent reports, namely, that Germany has made up her mind and is, moreover, seriously arranging for a programme of Naval building. This may be regrettable. But, morally, above reproach because Germany is entitled to equality. And then, if Germany has been allowed, under grave protests, liberties with military restrictions on land and in air, why not on sea? The only thing that can possibly be done is to concentrate on compelling Germany to agree to limitation of all armaments and to take her place in the comity of Nations owing disciplinary obligations to it.

**REPRESSION IN BENGAL.**

Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, M.L.A., who has been charged by the C.P.B. with the duty of inquiring into the administration of repressive laws in Bengal, has done well to make the position of Congressmen quite clear as regards terrorism. He rightly declares that "terrorism in every shape and form is detrimental to our struggle for freedom and has to go." But Mr. Saxena makes, at the same time, a moving appeal to the authorities to try even now to understand the root causes of terrorism and deal with it as it ought to be dealt with. He very truly suggests that serious unrest arises only out of grievances based on a sense of moral wrong, that repression can never crush discontent but only drive it underground and that the present policy not only renders bitterness more bitter but extends it to those friends and relations of detenus who have fallen innocent victims to it. In short repression can only lead to failure—and the very existence of an extensive repressive regime proves, even according to Government themselves, that their policy has not succeeded. But we wonder if it is not really too much to hope that they will change that policy which has only produced misery and bitterness.

**SERVICE OF HARIJANS.**

In his presidential speech at the Bombay Suburban District Harijan Conference Mr. N. M. Joshi suggested various ways in which the Government and the public should help the Harijans. The service on which he laid special stress was their education so that the educated among them could more effectively serve and lead the community. This view is shared by the Harijan Seva Sangh, which is concentrating its best efforts on the secondary anl higher education of Harijans. Work of this kind, however, though essential, will not suffice to remove the curse of untouchability. For, as we have often remarked before, the removal of untouchability needs particularly the education of the caste Hindus to get rid of the abominable idea that any man becomes untouchable by his birth. Unless the caste Hindus themselves are so educated through persistent propaganda, Harijans, however well educated, will remain untouchable among the orthodox caste Hindus.

**HINDRANCE TO SOCIAL REFORM.**

Presiding over the All-India Agrawal Conference at Jubbulpore last week Babu Mool Chandra Agrawalla deplored the backwardness of his community in respect of social reform and rightly attributed it to the lack of education among their women and of the courage of conviction among their men. He feelingly observed how their sisters who are called "Griha-Laxmis" are "in fact so many prisoners in 'purdah' with gold bangles in their hands in place of fetters" and how "even highly educated gentlemen have 'purdah'-ridden wives and they are not ashamed of this." He rightly warns his community that there can be no reform for them except with the due co-operation of their sisters, which will be forthcoming only when the latter are educated and allowed to throw off the 'purdah.' There are profoundly true sentiments; but, curiously enough, though they have been expressed at social conferences for about a generation, there has not been anything like worthy response to them in action in the Agrawal and many other communities.

**COMMUNAL TRADE UNIONS.**

We do not know how long the body called "East Indian Railway Muslim Employees' Association" over whose annual conference Sir Muhammad Yakub presided last week, has been in existence and how many members it possesses. But communal trade unions like this deserve to be severely condemned and guarded against by all those who have the true interests of workers at heart. One conclusive proof of their being an unmitigated evil is that even Government are unwilling to recognise them. The natural opponents of workers of any community are their exploiting employers of various communities. Already they are ill-organised and if they allow themselves to be divided on communal lines, they will be only ruining themselves by suicidal communal jealousies and thus play into the hands of the well-organised employers. In the interests of workers in general trade unions of the right type should refuse to enlist as members those workmen who belong to communal trade unions. Otherwise, too, they should treat communalism in their ranks as deadly poison.

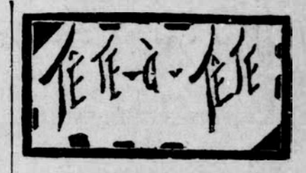
## — PRESS VIEWS —

### A. I. C. C.

The decisions of the recent meetings of the All-India Congress Committee will be generally welcomed and endorsed. In respect of many of the suggestions made by the Socialists the difference between the majority and the minority was not one of fundamental principle. As, for instance, in relation to the next war, all the members present shared the view that India should not be allowed to be made a cat's paw for the furtherance of Imperial ambitions and designs, but to have accepted the resolution on the subject would have certainly committed the Congress, long in advance, to Civil Disobedience. Similarly, in regard to the working of the new reforms, surely no Congressman can accept the policy of working them for what they are in the ordinary sense of the term, the only difference possible being as to whether resistance should not be carried inside the sanctum of the Government. We are glad the Congress Parliamentary Party was congratulated on their record and achievement. It would have been ingratitude not to have acknowledged services rendered against heavy odds and in most trying circumstances. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai has shown a gift of leadership truly remarkable.—"Searchlight."

### Congress And Assembly

The most glaring mistake the Socialist commit is that they refuse to see the Parliamentary Party in terms of Congress. They think that it is a body apart from the Congress. And there the misunderstanding arises. The pledges of the Party are not different in any way from the cause to which the Socialist themselves are pledged. To say that the Party has repudiated its pledges is perversion of truth. The Party had declared on the eve of the election that it would oppose tooth and nail any measure of the Government calculated to do harm to the country. It has opposed such measures and carried the house with it. And if it has failed to bring any change in the situation for which it made honest endeavours, the blame lies with the Government and not with the members of the Party. For, it is that naked autocracy of the Government which makes it impossible for the country to get any benefit out of the Assembly. But the moral victory the Parliamentary Party cannot be ignored nor can there be getting away from the fact the Government's claim to the outside world that the people are with them and that they approve of all their actions has been fully exploded.—"National Call."



Sir John Anderson, says Reuter, is mentioned as the likeliest successor to Lord Trenchard in the Commissionership of Scotland Yard.

What has that famous institution done to deserve Sir John?

* * * *

The whole route from Utmanzai to Mardan was lined by gaily-dressed villagers who had assembled to pay homage to their leader. The Mardan people welcomed Doctor Khan Sahib with floral arches. All the bazars were tastefully decorated and a band was in attendance. Arrangements for fire-works display were made at several places.—News Item.

A sense of delicate considerateness for the feelings of the Governor, the Home and Finance Member and the Minister, Nawab Sir Abdul Qaiyum, forbids us from commenting on the above.

By the way, it cannot be too frequently hoped that Dr. Khan Sahib will survive his visit to his home and these demonstrations of popularity.

* * * *

Presiding over an E.I.R. Muslim Employees' Association, Sir Md. Yakub declared that a separate organisation of Muslim employees was extremely necessary for the protection of their rights and removal of their grievances.

It is at least necessary in so far as it offers Sir Md. Yakub's genius further employment as exp.—we mean as the "leader" of the Muslims.

* * * *

Sir Md. Yakub says in a press statement: "I strongly deprecate and protest against insinuation that outside influences had been excercised in the election of Dr. Ziauddin Ahmad as Vice-Chancellor of the Muslim University."

It only needed Sir Md. Yakub's strong deprecation and protest.

* * * *

By the way, Sir Md. Yakub has come to Bombay and we offer him a hearty welcome to the city.

* * * *

The Knight scoldingly declares that "It was highly improper to drag the names of Sir Harry Haig and Sir Fazli Husain in the controversy."

Most improper, ungracious and ungrateful, considering that their patronage and prestige have done so much for the University.

* * * *

The moral of Ajra should not be applied to Karachi: "Actually there is no comparison," and Bori Bundar's ground for saying so is this:—

The Ajra officials mismanaged a local grievance and then used uncontrolled fire by the police on a small body of Muslims who had collected owing to the unjustified arrest of their co-religionists. In Karachi a small detachment of police and military were faced with a huge mob determined to take a corpse in procession through the city, where their presence might well have led to a terrible communal outbreak. Firing in this case was strictly controlled and was not greater than the circumstances warranted.

"Actually there is no comparison" because the official case about Ajra was almost precisely the same as that about Karachi but the former has been torn to bits by an Inquiry Committee and the latter still exists.

"Actually there is no comparison"! Could anything be more damning than the brilliant argument of the Anglo-Indian apologist?

* * * *

"Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil concluded by saying that the scientific man was a super-realist."

Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil concluded almost just in time. He had started lapsing into the literary super-superism of the film world.

* * * *

**Raise Womanhood To Its Glory, Urges Agarwal Leader.**
—Headline.

As a matter of fact it is already much higher up. The slogan should be "Down, Down—" oh, sorry, very sorry.

* * * *

A husband was very worked up while an interesting event was taking place. "I can't stand this suspense, doctor," he moaned. "It will kill me."

The doctor replied: "Calm yourself. I've brought hundreds of babies into this world and never lost a father yet."

# When Silver Becomes "Quick Silver"

## MEXICAN MISSION TO U. S.

## Lopez-Morgenthau Parleys For Way Out Of Impasse.

(Special Cable).

WASHINGTON, April 28.

That the continuance of the American Administration's present silver policy will eventually force an international currency stabilisation is predicted by Mr. Martin Dies, member of the House of Representatives and co-author of the Silver Purchase Act.

He said with the United States buying up all silver they could get some other Governments were apparently bidding up the price, in order to keep silver within their own borders. Eventually the United States price will be 1.29 dollars per ounce. The duel could not continue forever.

### More Silver Needed

He said: "Some nations need silver more than we do." If they let us buy it all, they will eventually have to buy from us. The thing will end in international monetary conference, which is what President Roosevelt wants."

Mr. Dies believed the Conference would end in an agreement for world-wide bimetallic currency system at 16|1 ratio.

Mr. Somers, Chairman of the House Coinage Committee, contended that the American price was being raised too rapidly. The Mexican situation showed that the price should be boosted gradually in order not to disturb too greatly the general financial situation. It is generally believed that the Mexican Government will ask United States to ease their purchase programme.

### Way To Co-operate

Senor Lopez, Assistant Secretary of the Mexican Treasury, who arrived in Washington to confer with Mr. Morgenthau suggests that both the countries might find a way to co-operate.

### *NO CHANGE IN SILVER PRICE*

(SPECIAL CABLE)

WASHINGTON, April 29.

The Mexican Ambassador and Senor Robert Lopez Assistant Secretary of the Mexican Treasury, were in conference for an hour with Mr. Morgenthau and the economic advisers of the State Department on the silver situation.

All refused to comment, except to say that further conferences were likely.

Mr. Morgenthau reiterated that there was no change, in the silver price of 77.57 before to-morrow at the earliest.

### *PRAYERS FOR PEACE AT LOURDES*

*Cardinal Pacelli Denounces Those Who Reject Idea Of Redemption*

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LOURDES, April 28.

Solemn three day masses for peace culminated in an imposing procession to the 'miraculous' grotto headed by Cardinal Pacelli with boys and girls carrying a vine, wheat sheaf and an olive tree, the latter being sent by the Pope as a symbol of peace.

Cardinal Pacelli in his closing sermon denounced those who rejected the idea of redemption "Whether they disguise the rejection under some form of social revolution, whether they are inspired by a false conception of life, being possessed by the superstition of race or blood their philosophy rests on principles fundamentally opposed to the Christian faith over which the Church refuses bargain with them for any price."

### *EX-INDIAN ARMY OFFICER MURDERED*

*Believed To Have Been Stabbed By South African Native*

JOHANNESBURG, April 29.

Mr. Thomas R. B Meadmore a former Indian Army officer, was found dead in a stationary motor car in the middle of the highway at Ober Holzer, 36 miles from Potcheftroom. He had been stabbed in four places, including the heart and death was instantaneous.

It is believed that he was murdered by a native, who was seen making off across the veldt. Reuter.

### *MAHARAJA OF BIKANER ILL*

*Undergoes Treatment In Viennese Sanatorium*

LONDON, April 28.

The Maharaja of Bikaner has been under treatment in a sanatorium at Vienna since April 18. X-ray examinations by specialists have led to reassuring conclusions regarding his health. There is every expectation that he will be able to arrive in London on Wednesday.—Reuter.

### *2000 AND 1000 GUINEAS STAKES*

*Probables With Their Jockeys*

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 29.

The following are the probables with their jockeys for two thousand guineas:—

Plymouth Sound (Dick) Robingoodfellow (Weston) Powerful Prince (Nevett) Bobsleigh (Perryman) Buckleigh (A Wragg) Screamer (Sirott) Seabequest (E Smith) Apollo (Beary) Bahram (Fox) Theft (Gordon Richards) Fairbairn (C Smirke) Consequential (Jones) Desert Cloud (H Wragg) Radamades (H Beasley) Marmadukejinks (Rook) Bouldnor (Jelliss) Aufweidersehen (Lane).

FOR 1,000 GUINEAS

The following are the probables with their jockeys for one thousand guineas:—

Mannerism (Dick) Buchanite (Weston) Corrida (Elliott) Highlandlament (E Smith) Coronal (Perryman) Rosegain (A Wragg) Foxlair (Stevedonoghue) Coppelia (Nicoll) Hilla (Fox) Annabel (C Smirke) Caretta (Gordon Richards) Ankaret (S Wragg) Cumha (H Beasley) Cotedazur Second (Johnstone Falke (Bezant) Papyrette (Dines) Mesa (Sirett) Babaaurhum (Beary).

No jockeys has been allotted for Fairlead Lilo Falma Cortina and Hyndfordbridge

### *NEW ARCHBISHOP OF WESTMINSTER*

*Makes Impassioned Appeal For Peace*

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 29.

With the ancient sacred rights, Reverend Arthur Hinsley was today enthroned the Archbishop of Westminster in succession to the late Cardinal Bourne at Westminster cathedral.

Nave galleries and side-chapels were crowded.

The new Archbishop in the course of his speech said the message he brought from Rome was an impassioned appeal for peace in the world torn by famous results of international jealousies.

Referring to the King's Jubilee, he referred to the Loyal attachment of the English Catholics to the Throne.

### *NEW WORLD DISCUSS THROWING RECORD*

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, April 29.

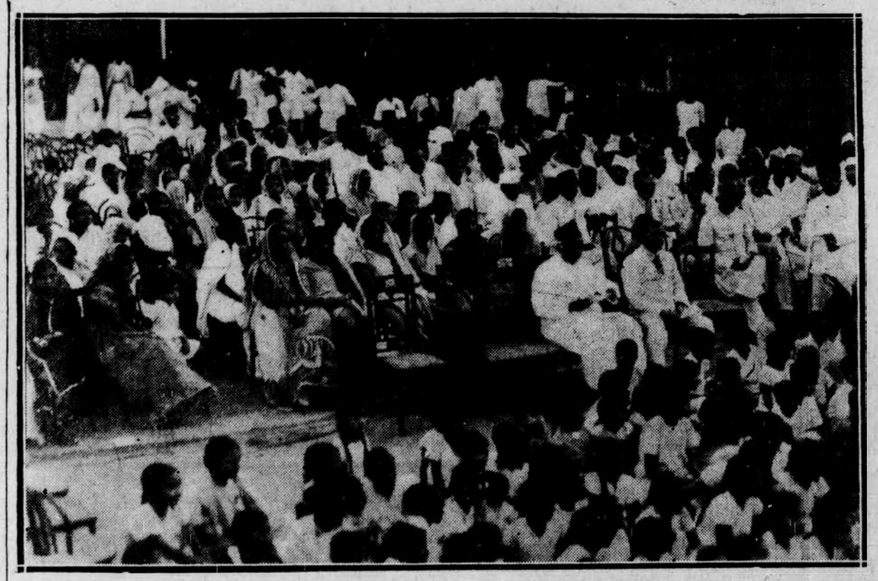
Schroeder, a Magdeburg policeman established a new world's discuss throwing record of 174 feet two and three-quarters inches.

The previous record was held by Harold Anderson (Sweden) of 171 feet eleven and three-quarters inches.

### LORD GLADSTONE DEAD

LONDON, April 28.

The death has occurred of Lord Gladstone of Hawarden.—Reuter's Special.



The first social gatherin g of the Sharada Mandir (Education Society at Khar) was held on Sun day last with Sheth Ramdas Khimji in the Chair.

# WORLD PEACE THROUGH INDIAN FREEDOM

## "Struggle Shall Never End Till We Achieve Swaraj"

### NEW REFORMS MORE REACTIONARY THAN PRESENT CONSTITUTION, SAYS PT. PANT

AKOLA, April 28.

"Our goal is complete independence and we want to realise it through self-reliance and self-determination. We want freedom to conduct our foreign relations and internal peace and progress without any foreign interference. For world peace India must be free." observed Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant in the course of his presidential address at the Berar Provincial Conference which met to-day at the Tilak Maidan.

**UNDER GANDHIJI'S LEAD.**

Pt. Pant continued, "Since Mahatma Gandhi has assumed leadership of the country the national movement is filled with new life and vigour and sacrifice and patriotism have become synonimous. The last movement has demonstrated to the world the consciousness and spirit that is awakened in the Indian nation. Some people are doubtful about our gains in the last fight. But I think we are coming nearer the goal."

**NO SWARAJ WITHOUT UNITY.**

He then turned to the question of unity about which he said, "Swaraj depends upon unity. As long as we do not realise the importance of it and do not prepare ourselves for the sacrifice in the interest of our society till then it will not be possible to attain Swaraj."

Regarding the influence which the Congress still holds on the minds of the people of this country Pandit Pant said, "Several times the Government is disillusioned as to the strength of the Congress inspite of the apparent calmness existing in the country. It has always proved to be a live organisation. Very recently in 1934 Government again thought that the Congress was dead but the last Assembly elections have sufficiently proved that the Congress is still a great force, still carrying the masses with it.

**TILL GOAL IS REACHED.**

"It is my proud privilege to congratulate you on behalf of the Congress for your sacrifice in the last struggle and I have every hope that Berar will not lag behind in the future also by answering splendidly to the call of the nation. The struggle has not ended, and shall never end till we reach our goal of complete independence. I think that the Government also is not prepared to think that the fight is over. This can well be seen from their attitude towards Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and also the ban over the Congress organisations in some parts of the country.

**REACTIONARY "REFORMS."**

Regarding the new reforms Pandit Pant said, "They are more reactionary than the present constitution. And even if there are some isolatory good points in the new constitution they are mostly neutralised by the safeguards. How the safeguards will be used is quite evident from the recent mandates of the Viceroy certifying against the decisions of the Assembly."—United Press.

### *TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS CALLOVER*

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 29.

Following is the callover for the two thousand guineas stakes:—

100/30 Bahram and Bobsleigh (offered and 7/2 taken);

5/1 Theft;

9/1 Buckleigh (taken and offered);

100/8 Robingoodfellow (offered and 100/7 taken);

100/7 Seabequest; 20/1 Desertcloud;

25/1 Screamer; 28/1;

Consequential (all offered).

33/1 against others.

DERBY CALLOVER

4/1 Bahram;

9/2 Bobsleigh (offered.)

### *Govt. House At Nathiagali*

PESHAWAR, (By Mail)

The new Government House building at Nathiagali, which is being constructed, will cost something like Rs. 1,10,000 As already reported the building may not be ready for occupation for another few weeks so that it is expected that if His Excellency the Governor reaches Nathiagali by the 15th May, when the Secretariat reopens there, His Excellency and Lady Griffith will have to occupy some other bungalow for some time.

It appears that the Government House, Peshawar, has to be vacated as early as possible in order to allow the demolition of the southern half for the reconstruction of which a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 has been incorporated in the current year's budget.—A. P.

### *14 LAKHS FOR RURAL UPLIFT*

*How Madras Govt. Spend Their Quota*

OOTACAMUND, April 28.

The Government of Madras have drafted a scheme for spending its share of one crore of rupees set apart by the Government for rural uplift.

Out of 14 lakhs which will come to Madras, 7 lakhs will be spent on rural water-supply, 4½ lakhs on improvement of road communications etc. and the balance on elementary education.—United Press.

### *Karnatak Political Conference On May 10*

MANGALORE, April 29.

The Karnatak Political Conference will be held here on May 10 next under the presidency of Mr. Sri Prakash, M.L.A.

Babu Rajendra Prasad will declare the Conference open.—United Press.

### *Congress Propaganda In Tamil Villages*

COIMBATORE, April 29.

Mr. T. S. Avinashalingam Chettiar, M.L.A. and other Congressmen will visit villages in the district and carry on propaganda work.

They propose to walk from village to village and to hold a large number of conferences.—United Press.

# BATTEN'S NEW AIR RECORD

### Arrives At Croydon After Completion Of Double Journey

LONDON, April 29.

The New Zealander, Miss Jean Batten, arrived at Croydon completing her journey to England from Australia and back. She is the first woman to accomplish the double journey alone. Her outward flight which took 14 days and 23½ hours beat the woman's record set up by Mrs. Mollison. Her return flight took 17 days and 16-1/4 hours.

Miss Batten has thus established a new flying record and broken another.—Reuter's Special.

### *BYE-ELECTION TO ASSEMBLY*

*Malaviya To Stand From Benares Constituency?*

BENARES, April 28.

It is believed that Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya will agree to stand for the bye-election to the Assembly from the Gorakhpur-Benares constituency. It is understood that friends from various parts of the country have been urging Pandit Malaviya to do so.

It appears that Pandit Malaviya however has been of the opinion that as Pandit Krishnakant Malaviya's homination paper for this constituency was wrongly rejected and as his election petition has been successful, it would be only fair to let Pandit Krishnakant contest this seat. But both Nationalists and Congress friends are stated to be insisting that Pandit Madan Mohan should agree to be elected from this seat, which is at present vacant.

In this connection, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai has also sent a personal appeal to Pandit Malaviya It is considered likely, therefore, that Pandit Malaviya will be persuaded to stand for election from the Gorakhpur-Benares constituency.—A. P.

### SIR JOHN ANDERSON FOR SCOTLAND YARD

LONDON, April 29.

Sir John Anderson is mentioned as the likeliest successor to Lord Trenchard, who relinquishes the Commissionership of Scotland Yard before the year ends according to "News Chronicle", which describes Sir John Anderson as the most shot-at man in the world.—Reuter.

### *JUBILEE CHANGES IN POSTAL CHARGES*

LONDON, April 29.

Several changes in the postal charges to celebrate the Jubilee have been announced by the Postmaster-General in the House of Commons. He said the Imperial penny postcard rate will be introduced on June 15 instead of the present three half penny charge.

Telephone rates between Britain, the Dominions and India will be halved for the period between May 6 and 31. Substantial permanent reductions in the inland telegrams and parcel post are also announced.

Furthermore over 1,000 village Post Offices which are not yet equipped with telephone will be connected by the end of 1936.—Reuter.

# Adult Franchise For Municipal Voters

## QUESTION RAISED IN CORPORATION

## Action Against Toddy Adulteration Urged

**Will History repeat itself in the Bombay Municipal Corporation and will that body allow itself to be dubbed as opposed to democratisation?**

**These questions came to the forefront when on Monday Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mayor, ruled the amendment of Mr. M. R. Masani in order. The amendment extends Municipal franchise to all adults with residential qualification of six months.**

**The amendment was the sequel to a resolution intended to shelve the question of franchise, on the plea of forthcoming reforms. This was by way of reply to the Provincial Government's letter, which sought to elicit the Corporation's opinion on the Bill of Rao Bahadur Bole, for widening the Municipal franchise, now pending before the Legislative Council.**

**Further discussion was postponed to Thursday.**

### *Proceedings In Detail*

The question of sale of adulterated toddy in the City of Bombay came up for discussion at the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Monday. Mr. K. F. Nariman was in the chair.

Mr. B. G Parelkar moved that the Commissioner's attention be drawn to certain allegations made in the application sent by the liquor licensees to His Excellency the Governor about adulteration of toddy sold in Bombay with certain drugs injurious to the health of those who drink such adulterated toddy and he be requested to report what steps he intends to take to prevent such sale.

Mr. Hirjebehedin opposed the proposition and said that it was not within the province of the Municipal Commissioner to take steps to prevent the sale of adulterated toddy.

"ILL CONCEIVED."

Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram also opposed the resolution and said that the resolution was ill conceived. The petition to the Governor might have been sent by interested liquor shop keepers who wanted to turn the toddy sellers out of the market. He was surprised to see that a proposition of the above nature should be brought before the House which stood for prohibition.

Dr. Sorab Mehta thought that it was the primary duty of the Corporation to prevent the poor people from being poisoned by adulterated toddy. The House was justified in asking the Commissioner to report on the question.

Mr. Sarang felt that toddy in the city was adulterated.

Rao Bahadur Asavale said that as toddy was being consumed by the poor people of the city, Government should be asked to take immediate steps to prevent sales of adulterated toddy.

HIS PERSONAL EXPERIENCE.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia supporting the resolution said that the toddy that was sold in the shops in the city for the poor people was adulterated. He had personal experience of the fact. He wanted that as butter and ghee adulteration was punished, toddy adulteration also should be penalised.

Mr. R. K. Vaidya said that it was the duty of the Corporation to take steps to prevent the adulteration of toddy. There was no possibility of Government taking any action in that direction as they depended for their revenue on toddy sales.

Mr. M. N. Talpade moved an amendment that the Municipal Commissioner should ask the Excise Commissioner as to what action he was taking to prevent adulteration in toddy.

The amendment was put to vote and lost. The original proposition was carried.

WIDENING FRANCHISE.

Mr. Meyer Nissim moved that in view of the forthcoming reforms, the Bill of Rao Bahadur Bole before the Legislative Council seeking to reduce the Municipal Franchise from Rs. 10 to Rs. 3 was premature. The speaker said as the reforms were imminent the question of widening the Franchise should be postponed as it would involve extra expenditure and also there was the possibility of the franchise for the provincial legislature being reduced to Rs. 5|- rent basis.

Sir Boman Behram seconded the resolution.

Mr. Iswarbhai Patel opposed the resolution and said that nothing would be lost if the Corporation voted for the widening of the franchise.

MODEST PROPOSAL.

Miss Maniben Kara opposed the resolution and said that as representatives of the City of Bombay they should demand the widening of franchise. As a matter of fact several of the members were for adult franchise and the Bill of Rao Bahadur Bole was really modest and she hoped that the House would throw out the motion of Mr. Meyer Nissim.

Mr. Hirjibehedin felt that even the present franchise gave place to great malpractices and if it were to be changed to a 'Five Rupee' franchise the malpractices would be more. Such a franchise would be dangerous.

Dr. Solanki asked the House to wait till the reforms came as nothing would be gained by making haste.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji felt that if the franchise were to be widened the electorate would be unwieldy and beyond control. He moved an amendment that the resolution be sent to Law and General Purposes Committee for opinion.

ADULT FRANCHISE.

Mr. M. R. Masani (Congress Socialist) then moved an amendment that in reply to the letter from the Government asking the Corporation's opinion on the proposed change in the Franchise, the Corporation is of opinion that the franchise should be extended to all that had reached the age of 18 and were resident in the ward for six months.

Mr. B. N. Karanjawala raised a point of order that the amendment was beyond the scope of the Bill.

Messrs. Asavle and Mody also supported Mr. Karanjawala.

Mr. Talpade held that since the subject-matter of both the Bill and the amendment were the same, the amendment was in order.

Mr. Husseinally Rahimtoola held that it was out of order.

NARIMAN'S RULING.

Mr. Nariman, the Mayor, giving his ruling, held that the amendment was in order inasmuch as the measure of Mr. Bole contemplated democraticising the franchise. Mr. Masani also was contemplating the same thing by his amendment though there was difference in degree.

MASANI AND PAST HISTORY.

Mr. Masani in moving his amendment told the House as to how, before the advent of the present constitution about fifteen years ago a similar resolution to reduce the franchise from Rs. 20 to Rs. 10 was thrown out and asked the House to accept his amendment. He hoped that history would not repeat itself and the Corporation would not be dubbed as a body which was against democratisation. There was no question of extra expenditure involved in the matter.

Replying to the complaint that the masses were not educated to discharge their duties as municipal voters, Mr. Masani said that they should be educated and would be educated. The masses had as much right and stake in the country as any rich man moving about in a car. He was sure that every lover of democracy would support his amendment. He asked the oppositionists to come out boldly and oppose his measure and say to the world that they were opposed to the interests of the poorer classes, that they represented vested interests and that they were against the interests of the common man.

At this stage the discussion on the resolution was adjourned to Thursday.

### *SIKH VILLAGERS IN FACTION FIGHT*

AMRITSAR, April 28

As a result of a free fight between two factions of Sikhs of village Chhota Bhuchar, police station, Jhabal, Natha Singh and Karnail Singh were killed and one near relative of theirs was seriously wounded.

It is stated that the fight commenced over a dispute regarding cattle grazing. Spears and other weapons are stated to have been freely used.

The police are making investigation:—United Press

# New Poona Town-Planning Scheme

## OPPOSITION FROM POOR CULTIVATORS

### *Our Readers' Views*

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"Sympathiser" has voiced the public feeling in your paper of the 25th inst. regarding the extravagance of the Poona Municipality in its so-called town-planning scheme. There is absolutely no justification whatever for throwing away such a large sum of 10 lacs on a scheme of doubtful or no usefulness, 4|5th of which is to be levied from poor cultivators, when the sanitary condition of the town is so very backward and most of the roads in the most disreputable state. These improvements, which are so very urgent, are postponed or dropped for want of funds. What justification the Municipality has to throw away 2 lacs of rupees from their general revenue on building roads in cultivated fields when large areas in town-planning schemes Nos. 1 and 2 are still available and no one counts them?—Yours, etc.

RAMCHANDRA GOPAL GHOGARE

### Communal Unity Campaign

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There cannot be found, in my opinion, any better programme than that of launching a vigorous and determined Communal Unity campaign throughout the length and breadth of the country. With this view I would first appeal to all national papers in India to open columns for the free expression of the views of the public on this mater so that nothing black shall any longer be left in the peoples' hearts.

Let this campaign include the arranging of mixed meetings in every nook and corner with the sole object of preaching the unity gospel and of creating favorable and healthy atmosphere. Only when such an atmosphere is created will there be any chance for a real communal settlement.—Yours, etc.

N. B. PARULEKAR

Byculla, April 26.

### Dr. Chandulal's Speech

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In to-day's issue of the "Chronicle" I notice that my speech made at the Congress House is slightly misreported. What I said was of the purport, that "at Jubbulpore I could see that the Socialist party was gaining in strength and it has come to stay." I did not say that "a deliberate attempt has made to crush the strength of the Socialist party". Later words would imply an indirect reflection on the fairness of the President of the Congress, for whom really speaking I have got very great respect. Otherwise the report of my speech is substantially correct. Will you kindly do the needful in this matter and oblige.—Yours, etc.

CHANDULAL DESAI.

### Late Mr. Thomas Ferreira

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Catholics of Bombay, Salsette and Bassein have become very much poor to-day by the death of Thomas Ferreira. He was one of the most celeorated leaders of the East Indian community. The enormous crowd of about 5,000 people, including the rich and the poor, young and old, who attended his funeral on the 27th April, was remarkable testimony to their appreciation of the labours of one who had rendered the greatest possible service capable of achievement by any human being towards the welfare of the East Indian community. In the history of Salsette and Bassein, it was the crucial moment in time of the Padroado agitation, which produced a great man who was destined to save the East Indian people from impending calamity.

The life and career of Thomas Ferreira was a flood of energy from beginning to end. It gained in momentum from year to year, never flagging in its onward rush. Disappointments, discouragements, ill-health, did not alter his temperament, his purpose, or his activities in the slightest degree. His faith in himself was his great asset. He had no use for "Expediency" or tact. He was uncompromising in his views. He met friend and opponent alike with a plain unmistakable expression of his own views. He was independent and did not require favours from any one. All were alike to him, whether one was old or young or a school boy, learned or ignorant, rich or poor did not matter; he intuitively knew what each was able to contribute towards the common good. He spent well nigh fifteen years in intensive work. He had a pleasant manner, cheerful at all times; his written and spoken words were eloquent and their sincerity went to the hearts of all those who met him. This bundle of energy and goodwill continued his useful career up to the last moment of his death. The work he had already strived for, in the welfare of his community, was progressing in a satisfactory manner. He was a brilliant lawyer, had a fund of experience and knowledge of men and affairs which those who sought his advice and leadership found both useful and inspiring. What could a man aspire to do more than concentrate his attention in rescuing his people who had been left neglected for several years! He met opposition from very influential quarters. The task was more difficult than he originally thought it to be. There were powerful vested interests which he had to face. Nothing daunted him, he attacked the problem from various angles. He went before the Courts of Law and fought for the rights of the East Indian Association. Recently one case had gone to High Court regarding the Association and it was decided in favour of the Association.

When one remembers all that the deceased, Thomas Ferreira, had done, everything in which he participated and everything with which his name is connected, does it not all form the glorious wreath of honour, consisting of innumerable flowers, which all bloom in their innermost beauty! When we have the possibility at the departure of a great personality to apply the conception of Beauty, it means that our heart is indeed deeply moved. It means that the achievement which was before us has kindled our hearts. And in these sacred fires of the heart we can unite in best thoughts and know that the deceased nodded his head in a benevolent smile when passed away on the 26th April, 1935. May he rest in peace.—Yours, etc.,

"PAULOO".

### "NEW DEAL" IN INDIA

(Continued from page 6.)

quickly as they could either sell them or use them.

A co-operative organization is established first by enthusiasts who, leave their individualistic activities to work as co-operators whether or not it happens to be to their immediate advantage to do so. When, however, it has reached a certain stage of development people begin to do business with it in ways in which it pays them to do so. From that time it develops rapidly, but changes its character.

**A New Industrial Revolution**

When the organization had become large and able to supply a great variety and choice of useful commodities, and to distribute them conveniently, people would contribute commodities of all kinds to it as a matter of business, receiving its credit which, within wide and constantly widening limits, would be as good as cash. They would therefore come to it simply as to one of their good customers. The organization would then have a simple banking system of its own. It would issue cheques or scrip to those working for it, or contributing commodities. This scrip would purchase the commodities supplied by the organization, and also be readily accepted for all kinds of payments. It might also be banked with the organization, as an interest-bearing deposit.

Obviously big establishments would be able to do business with the organization as well as small ones. It would credit them on its books with the value of the goods they supplied it. They would pay their shareholders and workers in the organization's scrip to the extent to which they had done business with it. This co-operation-on the colony plan-of productive establishments ought to give us permanent and very great prosperity. It ought to be "a new" and great "industrial revolution." Commercial concerns would also be able to take workers to work for remuneration in kind, to contribute to the colony organization.

### FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

#### *Candidates For Special Class Apprenticeship*

SIMLA, April 28

The Governor-General-In-Council is pleased to select through the Agency of the Public Service Commission the following candidates as special class apprentices for the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department and the Electrical Engineering Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, subject to their being declared physically fit by a Medical Board:—

(Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department)

1. Mr. K. K Dhawan.
2. Mr. M. M Parthasarathy
3. Mr. N. N Tannan
4. Mr. A. R Khosla
5. Mr. R. M Lal Pupta.
6. Mr. P. N Bajal
7. Mr. Syed Shafat Ali.
8. Mr Sami Ahmad.

(Electrical Engineering Dept.)

1. Mr. Jamna Das Malhotra.
2. Mr Syed Bassan Nawab.
3. Mr. P. N Kaul
4. Mr. Abdul Rashid Khan.—United Press

The alarming rise in the incidence of smallpox which has been raging in the city of Hyderabad (Sind) for sometime past resulting in unprecedented mortality has sent the municipal authorities busy concentrating puon vaccination and other prophylactic measures.

### VILLAGE INDUSTRIES EXHIBITION

Glass-bangle makers at work.

**Hand-made paper stall at the Village Industries Exhibition held at Ville Parle last week.**

### *FISTS AND KNIVES FREELY USED*

#### *Strikers And Loyalist Students Come To Blows*

LAHORE, April 29.

The students of the Victoria Technical Institute came to blows yesterday resulting in several being injured, some seriously.

It is stated that the strikers and non-striker students of the Institute gathered at the house of Raja Narendranth to discuss plans of compromise and to get redress of their grievances.

The alleged compromise was about to be signed, the authorities having agreed to set up an enquiry into the working of the Institute and not to take any disciplinary action against the strikers, when suddenly some striker students made a rush on the principal, which was counteracted by the non-striker and loyal students.

This led to a fight in the course of which fists and knives were freely used.—United Press.

### HARTAL AT MULTAN CONTINUES

#### Leaders' Efforts To Restore Normal Conditions

MULTAN, April 29

One company of the Leicestershire regiment has been brought to the City. Last evening they patrolled the City accompanied by the District Magistrate. This morning four companies of the 5/13 Frontier Force Rifles along with the soldiers of the Leicestershire Regiment marched through the City.

The hartal continues. The Schools opened to-day, but there were no students. No furher incidents occurred since the discovery of the body of a four year old boy on Saturday night. The body was cremated, the Magistrate and the police accompanying the procession. Day and night patrolling by the police continues. Leaders of both the communities are holding frequent meetings to restore normal conditions:—A. P

### *JUBILEE FUND EXCEEDS 40 LAKHS*

SIMLA, April 27.

The total collections to the Jubilee Fund made in India up-to-date, including Provinces, Administrations and States, now exceed Rs. 40 lakhs. Collections made in the provinces up to April 23rd for the Jubilee Fund are as follows:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Madras | 2,14,000 |
| Bombay | 7,70,491 |
| Bengal | 3,06,417 |
| United Provinces | 3,76,227 |
| Punjab | 4,81,844 |
| Burma | 56,307 |
| Bihar and Orissa | 1,39,392 |
| Central Provinces | 87,096 |
| Assam | 42,670 |
| N. W. F. Province | 23,400 |
| Baluchistan | 22,531 |
| Ajmer-Merwar | 15,000 |
| Coorg and C. and M. Station | |
| Bangalore | 9,931 |

—United Press.

### BERAR SOCIALIST CONFERENCE

#### Mr. Masani Explains Why Postponement Was Advised

AKOLA, April 28

Mr. M. R. Masani, Joint Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party who arrived from Jubbulpore last morning has issued the following statement to the press regarding the controversy of the Congress Socialist Conference;—

I am very sorry that misleading statements in the press and elsewhere forced me to make a statement as to the necessity for postponing the Berar Congress Socialist Conference.

The situation was created by the decision of the Executive of the reception Committee to invite Mr. N. V. Gadgil M.L.A who is not a member of the party to preside. No doubt this decision was made in good faith and without the committee being aware of its impropriety. The fact remained that an outsider could not be allowed to preside over a party conference.

The Executive of the All India Socialist Party were therefore forced to intervene and to instruct the postponement of the Conference. Those members of the Reception Committee who had laboured to make the Conference a success deserve our thanks and I sympathise with them in their disappointment. But I am sorry that this disappointment has found expression in some irresponsible statements.

A Marathi leaflet bearing date 26 April but issued to-day has been shown to me purporting to be from the Secretaries of the Reception Committee but both the Secretaries assure me that it has been issued without their consent.

I hope this controversy will now cease and all Socialists will cooperate with the Executive of the Berar Party in making the Conference which will be held within three months a great success.—United Press

### *SHIPPING AT OKHA PORT*

OKHA PORT, April 29.

The Port Officer, Okha Port, Okha, wires:

S.S. "Nalgora" of the B.I.S.N Co. arrived on the 21st instant and discharged 550 tons of sugar from Java and left on the 22nd instant. S.S. "Goalpira" of the B.I.S.N. Co. arrived on 23rd instant, discharged 154 tons of general cargo from Calcutta and left on 24th instant. S. S. "City of Kobe" of the Ellerman Wilson Line arrived on the 25th instant, discharged 150 tons of general cargo from Hull and left on 26th instant S. S. "Nalgora" of the B.I.S.N. Co. arrived on the 26th instant, loaded 1,385 tons of cement for Rangoon, and 600 tons for Chittagong and also 9 tons of cotton varn for Calcutta and 62 tons for Rangoon and left on the 28th instant.—A. P.

# Congress & Acceptance Of Office

## SUBJECT NOT EVEN DISCUSSED

### Congress Whip Interviewed

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A., Poona interviewed by a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" said:

"My impression of the A.I.C.C. meeting held at Jubbulpore is, that on the whole it was a successful meeting, although the Working Committee could have been more generous towards the Congress Socialists. I think the criticism which the Socialists had levelled against the work of the Congress Party in the Assembly, was well-meant and I personally think that it was also necessary.

DID BEST IN CIRCUMSTANCES

"There should be no exaggerated praise for the Party's work in the Assembly, as there should be no unnecessary condemnation either.

"I believe that in the circumstances in which the Congress Party was placed, all that was humanly possible was done. As one of the whips of the Congress Party, I can say that, in view of Government's tactics during the discussions on the J.P.C. Report the position taken by the Congress Party on Mr. Jinnah's amendments (2) and (3) was in the best interests of the country.

CONGRESS AMENDMENT

"The Congress Amendment was based on the lines of the resolutions passed at the Liberal Federation and if those who ordinarily love to go under the level of liberals, had only seen their way to vote with Congress, the Congress Amendment would have been carried.

"Failing that the Congress had to make the best of the situation and when critics blame the Congress Party, I only ask them to include three members of the Working Committee, viz., Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, and also Mr. M. S. Aney, who were there when the final decision was taken. Let me add, it was an unanimous decision.

TEAM WORK OF PARTY

Asked about the general demeanour of the Congress Party in the Assembly, Mr. Gadgil paid a tribute to the high sense of discipline and the team spirit of the members and observed, "the discipline of the party was a matter of envy to others. While in the case of other parties, very frequently there was no unanimity in the party voting, in the Congress Party there was absolutely no freedom of vote. All the members worked like a military team.

"This does not, however, mean that there is no room for improvement. As a whip it was my job to fix up speakers in consultation with the Party Executive and I found that some people are never tired of making speeches.

"In fact, we should try to follow what Gandhiji had said before the beginning of the session, that there should be as few speeches as possible. Also, had there been a few more financial experts in the Congress Party, it would have been better.

SECRET OF SUCCESSES

"The secret why the Congress Party succeeded against the Government in several divisions was that no member from the Congress Party ever tried to belittle any section of the House, of course, excluding the Government. The sincerity of the Congress and the spirit of comradeship with fellow Indians were the two outstanding things which brought all the Indian Parties nearer to the Congress and to quote Mr. Jinnah, "if this unity inside were to be implemented outside, the British Government will not be able to run its administration for more than a few months."

ACCEPTANCE OF OFFICE

Q:—Is it a fact that the Congress M.L.A's met and decided on the acceptance of office during the Delhi session, as was stated by a speaker at the A. I. C. C. meeting.

A:—It is entirely wrong. The Congress Party in the Assembly never discussed the wider political issues. It simply confined itself to carrying out the instructions of the A.I.C.C., in its various resolutions. In fact, the question of acceptance of office is beyond their jurisdiction.

### *ZEMINDAR LEAGUE WORKER JAILED*

KAPURTHALA, April 28

Mr. Sadhu Singh, a prominent worker of the Zamindar League, Kapurthala, who was arrested the other day under section 108 Cr. P. C. for the alleged participation in objectionable activities was produced before the District Magistrate.

The accused refused to co-operate with the proceedings of the Court. The Magistrate after sifting the evidence asked the accused to furnish a security bond of Rs. 7,000 of in default to undergo simple imprisonment for one year.

The accused preferred the latter and went to jail.—United Press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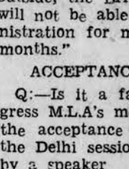

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# Police Failed To Do Their Duty, Says Judge

## Allahabad High Court Enhances Sentences On Chaukidar And Others For Assaulting Villager

ALLAHABAD, April 26.

A case in which a villager named Raghu was brutally assaulted by a chaukidar and two others and succumbed to his injuries as no less than 11 ribs on the right side and eight on the left side were fractured, came up before Justice Harries and Rachhpal Singh.

Notice for enhancement of the sentences passed in the case by Mr. Hari Har Prasad, Sessions Judge of Azamgarh, had been issued by Mr. Justice Ganga Nath.

It appeared that on July 10, 1934, the deceased was going from his village to Raunapur when he was brutally assaulted by Baulam, chaukidar, and two others, Sheo Pujan and Sadho. They were then said to have dragged Raghu to their house and again attacked him with another member of the family.

The man in trying to escape fell into a well wherefrom he was taken out and thrown into a field. His son then came and carried Raghu on a cot to the thana.

**Origin of Trouble.**

The deceased, it appeared, had on one occasion found that his swine were being taken to the pound by the chaukidar for trespassing into his field and he promised to pay the chaukidar a sum of Rs. 5 as damages if his swine were released. Raghu and his son managed to pay Rs. 3 on the spot and promised to pay the balance of Rs. 2 afterwards. Ten or 12 days later Baulam demanded this money when Raghu expressed his inability to pay. The chaukidar then began to collect some chaff of Raghu in lieu of the sum of Rs. 2 owing to him. Raghu protested and there was a fight in which Baulam received minor injuries. He, therefore, harboured a deep grudge against Raghu and the attack on the latter which took place three months later was an aftermath of this incident.

The Sessions Judge in the course of his judgment said that in the report of July 10, 1934, under section 323, I.P.C. (causing simple hurt) the only assault sepcified was that on the buttocks with a lathi. There was no specification of the other assaults on the chest or the hip and towards the end it was stated that it was only a case of shock.

**Strictures On Police.**

"It is difficult for me to believe," remarked the Sessions Judge, 'that Raghu did not complain about his injuries to the chest when no less than 11 ribs on the right and eight, on the left had been fractured and the end of one of them had pierced the lungs. It has to be remembered that Baulam is a chaukidar of the same thana and I am afraid the police failed to do their duty presumably on that account. . . I think it was the duty of the police to have looked into the injuries of Raghu when he was brought in that condition and noted them in the diary.

Probably the police wanted to make light of the case and for that reason an incomplete report under sections 323 I.P.C., was recorded.'

The Sessions Judge in the end sentenced Baulam as ring-leader to four years and his accomplices, Sadho and Sheopujan, to three years' rigorous imprisonment each under section 304, I.P.C. (culpable homicide not amounting to murder).

**High Court Agrees.**

Their Lordships said that they entirely agreed with the strictures passed by the Sessions Judge on the police in the case. It was pointed out that Baulam was a chaukidar attached to the thana. Raghu was very badly beaten. 19 ribs of his had been fractured and one of them had pierced the lungs.

As pointed out by the Sessions Judge it appeared to their Lordships incredible that Raghu could not have complained of these injuries to the police. It appeared the police recorded a report under section 323 I.P.C. Their Lordships observed the case was one in which an enquiry should be made into the matter and if any one was found guilty of recording the report incorrectly then suitable action should be taken against him. Their Lordships considered taht the sentences passed by the Sessions Judge were quite inadequate and enhanced the sentence of Baulam to seven years and of the two others to six years' rigorous imprisonment each.


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# RIGHT TO LIVE ON CHARITY

## Bhansali Remains Unconvinced By Gandhiji

Mr. Mahadev Desai writes in the "Harijan":—

I devoted a fair amount of space last week to the pen-portrait of the recluse friend who is now in our midst. I must continue the story. For it was no vain curiosity on the part of Gandhiji that prompted him to put those numerous questions to the recluse who had been silent for years and had broken the silence just for him. It was not curiousity but overflowing love, as we shall see.

G. As you sit in your meditation, are you troubled by extraneous thoughts?

B. No, never.

G. Never during the day?

B. Not so. Whilst I am not engaged in my meditation, I think of the talks we are having, and I put your questions to myself again and again.

G. You do. Well, then, you said the other day that when you see all the surrounding misery you are considerably agitated. Don't you feel like doing your little bit to lessen it?

B. No, though it may seem strange.

G. But, then, what is the meaning of being agitated?

B. I feel the misery myself, but also feel that I am powerless to do anything.

G. When a thorn pierces your foot, you pull it out, don't you?

B. Yes.

G. When you feel hungry, you eat, don't you?

B. I do.

G. Then if you find a thorn piercing someone else's foot, would you not help him to pull it out? If you find someone suffering from the pangs of hunger, would you not feed him?

B. I would, if I could.

G. If there was someone who was going through agonies and there was none but you to tend him, would you not sit down to do so?

B. I would, but I could not do much. I should confess my helplessness.

G. Surely, one like you, would not shirk a responsibility so lightly?

The recluse smiled a winsome smile in reply.

### FIERCER REALITY

G. But we started with the promise that the surrounding misery agitates you, and that, as yourself said, you see the death dance in ever fiercer reality.

B. I do. But I declare my helplessness.

G. Only he who has exhausted all efforts may say that he can do nothing more. If he has a lame person to attend to, he will give him all the attention that he is capable of. This one act of service will mean the sevice of humanity.

B. But I could not exclusively devote my attention to relieving the misery of the distressed. I would do a little bit, but I should soon feel powerless.

G. The world is sustained by sacrifice and service. As the Gita says, 'the Lord created the beings with the duty of sacrifice cast on them.'

B. I know. But are not meditations and worship too a sacred duty?

G. Meditation and worship are not exclusive things like jewels to be kept locked up in a strong box. They must be seen in every act of ours. But I will not press you for a reply today. I simply want to set you thinking about this. You know that you are always in my thoughts.

The next morning our friend, contrary to his wont, went to Gandhiji and said that he was very much distressed and that he should be a source of worry to him, but he repeated that he was helpless.

"Not a bit of it," replied Gandhiji. "I felt I must share my feelings with you, and so I asked you thosequestions."

### DO NOT GIVE ME UP

"Please don't think of giving me up."

"I will not think of giving you up. But I want you to do nothing that does not appeal to you. At the same time let me also plead with you. However, I am sure that, whether you are in a cave or working in the midst of multitudes, all is well with you."

The talk was continued the next evening.

G. Though you have told me that all that I have said does not alter your conviction, you will please let me harp on the same subject a little while longer.

B. You have every right, Bapu. Only I thought I might tell you how my mind was working.

G. Of course I know your mind. But knowing your mind, how is it that I do not feel like copying your example? Of course I should love to trudge about like you from one end of the country to the other, and, if my body allowed it, I should like to live on uncooked floor and *neem* leaves. But I find there is a serious flaw in your way of life. As a seeker after truth, if I find that yours is the true way, it would be my duty to adopt it. On the other hand, if I feel that there is some serious error in it, it is my duty to draw your attention to it. As I have told you no quarrel with your flour or with your *neem* leaves. What I cannot understand is that you should ignore a vital condition of our very existence. I mean the principle of sacrifice with which we are born.

B. I should like you to make this a little clearer.

G. You know that the Gita says that he who eats without offering the daily sacrifice steels his food. To beg one's food is a good thing, but only one has offered one's scrifice.

B. I have heard it. I was pondering the whole day over what you said the otherday. I wondered if I had any right to eat my flour and *neem* leaves, as I do no work.

### RIGHT TO CHARITY

G. Yes, you have heard it. But the world accept the principle and acts up to it, e. g., Jain Munis and Sannyasis. They live on alms, but they do so because they persuade themselves that they are offering sufficient sacrifice in the shape of the teaching they impart. Here they are somewhat mistaken as I think. It is their duty to impart spritual teaching but all the same they must offer some sacrifice in the shape of bread-labour, and rather than expect their food as a reward of their sacrifice they should, like true Brahmins, live on the charity of the people. All, therefore, that I have to tell you again and again is that you must shake yourself of this illusion. To do no work is no renunciation. It is inertia. What I have written has universal experience in support of it and my own life is an eloquent witness to it. You interrupted your wanderings and came out of love for me. God sent you here. How best am I to requite your love? Not by treating you to good food. You would not care to have it, I would not care to give it. But I must pour out to you what the purest love bids the heart to do.

B. I am deeply thankful. I must go over all that you have said.

There was one more talk on the subject, which for the moment may be regarded as final.

G. Well, have you thought over what I said?

### TO NO EFFECT

B. I have, but, I confess, to no effect. The fact is that for ten years my views have run along this line. Even when I was in England, I said to myself I should adopt *sannyasa* on my return, and, if anything the years that have elapsed have strengthened the old conviction.

G. I know the conviction has been long with you.

B. Yes, and I have not yet found any reason to alter it. Pray pardon me, if I am rude.

G. There is no question of rudeness. If plain-speaking were rudeness, I am simply saturated with it. No, I am glad you are speaking to me your mind quite frankly. But there I will leave you. I do not want to tax you any further.

# THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS

(Continued from Page 6.)

even when most completely successful, benefit certain interests in a given country only.

## "New Deal" Complications

The complications in the New Deal Policy are growing in the United States, in other directions as well. Two Commissions have been appointed to enquire into the working of the cotton scheme. The policy of price raising, in regard to that commodity, by reducing supply through a restriction of the acreage under cotton crop, and compensating the farmer by means of process tax on cotton made up for foreign export, has met the nemesis of a declining export trade; and of an inelastic home market. There is, in consequence, considerable discontent with the N. R. A. policy as a whole; and the discontent is being given expression to by Senator Long from Louisiana. Whether this would manifest itself in concrete form earlier than the presidential election next year it is premature to say. But this much is certain: The entire Roosevelt programme seems to be, for the moment at any rate, in the melting pot.

## Germany And MacDonald

On the political side, the Geneva resolutions of the League are bearing fruit, not only in the rapid additions to her armaments by Germany; but also in open declarations made by such highly responsible authorities as the British Prime Minister throwing the responsibility on that country of endangering the Peace of the world. Mr. MacDonald's observations in the "News Letter" have given food for reflection to Germany and her leaders; but whether that would lead to any change of front on the latter's part is more than doubtful.

Meanwhile the Russo-French Alliance is said to be completed, only initialling by the respective Ministers having yet to be added. This is a direct challenge to the Nazis; and they would find it hard to escape from the situation they themselves have created. Naval pour-parlers are about to take place in London between the Germans and the British; but that opportunity of further negotiation cannot be relied upon to restore the shaken fabric of world peace.

In the midst of war-scare, measures for peaceful evolution naturally tend to be neglected. The British budget,—the latest production of Mr. Chamberlain,—is being more and more recognised as a featureless performance, based on the principle of safety first. The British public, however, is too much occupied with the Jubilee celebrations—and the War scare—to give much thought to other things—or even to Mr. Churchill. And the same may be said of other countries, which have their own obsessions in the latest war-scare. Altogether, the prospects of the year are far from bright or cheerful.

# JAMNADAS MEHTA VISITS DOHAD

## Exhorts B.B. & C.I. Workers Not To Lose Hope

DOHAD, April 28.

(From Our Correspondent)

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta the President of the B. B. and C. I Ry. Employees' Union after his return from Geneva, paid a visit to this centre and held a public meeting yesterday evening in the Ry. Colony.

He exhorted the workers not to lose hope because the Agent had withdrawn recognition.

A committee of Mr. Mehta and Sjt. Kamalashanker Pandya is understood to have been appointed to see that the Trade Disputes Act is applied to settle the developments of the last strike as a result of which five Union workers have been victimized.

Mr. Harilal Shah a local Congress Socialist has been appointed as an Organizing Secretary of the Union.

# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON 6 POINTS DOWN

## Crossrates Quiet But Steady

### FURTHER SHARP FALL IN SILVER

### Wheat And Linseed Slightly Easy

BOMBAY, April 29.

On Monday, crossrates ruled quietly steady.

REACTIONARY DECLINE IN N. Y. COTTON.

New York cotton marked a reactionary decline on account of renewed weakness in silver. There was some support at the lower level.

FURTHER SHARP FALL IN SILVER.

London gold was quiet. Silver registered a further sharp fall.

WHEAT AND LINSEED SLIGHTLY EASY.

Wheat and linseed ruled slightly easy in sympathy with silver developments.

LACK OF SUPPORT IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange was rather inactive in the absence of important enquiry. Giltedged securities eased owing to the lack of suppo-t.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(July 1935.)

New York, April 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 11.88 |
| To-day's opening | 11.82 |
| Difference | —.06 |
| To-day's closing | 11.82 |
| Difference | —.06 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

(July 1935.)

Liverpool, April 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 6.51 |
| To-day's opening | 6.48 |
| Difference | —.03 |
| To-day's closing | 6.46 |
| Difference | —.05 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August ..... Rs. 236

### NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, April 29.

Cotton developed reactionary tendency following the renewed fall in silver which dislodged considerable liquidation and professional selling but at the lower level the market offered better resistance and prices displayed a steadier tendency meanwhile the question regarding the processing tax and the loan still hangs fire with the Government undisposed to repeal the former.

Trading in July commenced at 11.02 i.e. 6 points lower than the previous closing Prices early eased under liquidation and outside selling together with lower Liverpool cables with the prices gradually falling to 11.77 thereafter trading became quieter but prices kept steady.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11-82 with a decline of 6 points.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 29.

The following were the opening ranges

May (11.80/11.80) 11.78/11.76.
July (11.84/11.83) 11.82/11.82
October (11.42/11.41) 11.36/11.34

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 29.

The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.

American March (6.56) 6.51
American July (6.51) 6.46
Egyptian March (8.11) 8.07
Egyptian July (8.11) 8.07

### BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 29.

10-45 p.m

Broach July-August fluctuated between Rs. 235 and Rs. 236-8 The rate at 10-15 p.m. was Rs. 236-8 with New York futures about 7 points down.

### BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 29.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 81/4, 81/8 and 81/13. The market early was rather easy on speculative selling following adverse overnight foreign cables but later improved on some speculative buying and covering. Subsequently London lower advices caused realising and renewed selling although prices partially recovered and closed steady at Rs. 81/12, 82 and 82/5.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 36/2, 36/3 and 36/4. Prices early eased on steadier sterling inducing realising and local and bank selling but later were steadier on steadiness of franc and closed steady at Rs. 36, 36/1 and 36/2.

### FRANCO-ITALIAN CO-OPERATION

PARIS, April 29.

Air Minister Denain has accepted the Italian Government's invitation to go to Rome on May 9. "Reuter" learns that the objects of the visit are firstly to frame details of the Air Convention agreed to at Stresa, secondly to elaborate plans for Franco-Italian co-operation in commercial aviation and thirdly to reinforce Franco-Italian technical co-operation already begun.—Reuter.

## EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

#### Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, April 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.82 1/2 |
| To-day's opening | 4.83 3/4 |
| To-day's closing | 4.83 3/4 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.82 1/16 |
| To-day's opening | 4.83 1/8 |
| To-day's closing | 4.83 5/8 |
| Difference | +.01 9/16 |

FRANC RATE

London, April 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 72.91 |
| To-day's closing | 73.03 |
| To-day's closing | 73.06 |
| Difference | +.15 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 29.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.83 1/8 and then slightly improved to 4.83 1/4 with a steady tendency.

The sterling dollar crossrate finally closed at 4.83 5/16.

Franc opened at 73.03 and then slightly advanced to 73.09 subsequently receding back to 73.06.

The sterling franc crossrate finally closed at 73.06.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 29.

The market closed uncertain.

| | Last price | To-day's price |
|---|---|---|
| Forward | 35 1/8d | 34 1/16d |
| Spot | 35 1/4d | 34 3/16d |

LONDON GOLD

London, April 29.

Gold per ounce (£7-5-4) £7-4-5 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, April 29.

3 months (5/8 p.c. to 5/8 p.c.) 5/8 p.c. to 5/8 p.c.

4 months (5/8 p.c. to 11/16 p.c.) 5/8 p.c. to 11/16 p.c.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 p.c.) 5/8 to 3/4 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, April 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) | 1-6 1/8 |
| Paris on Bombay (5.50 7/8) | 5.52 3/8 |
| New York on Bombay (36.50) | 36.50 |
| Berlin on Bombay (0.91 1/4) | 0.91 1/4 |
| London on Shanghai (1-8 1/2) | 1-8 1/2 |
| London on Milan (58.25) | 58.37 |
| London on Kobe (1-2 5/32) | 1-2 5/32 |

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 29.

General Motor (dol 30 3/8) unquoted
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 13 5/8) dol 13 1/8
U S Steel Common (dol 32 3/4) dol 32 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 87 1/4) dol 87 7/8

### ADVISERS TO I. L. DELEGATES

#### Govt. Resumes Practice After 3 Years

SIMLA, April 29

It is understood that it has been decided to send advisers with the Employers' and workers' delegates to the International Labour Conference this year. On account of financial stringency non-official advisers have been sent since 1932.

This year Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalji, the Employers' Delegate, will be accompanied by Mr. K. L. Dutt of the Indian Mining Federation while Mr. V. M. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Workers' Delegate, will be accompanied by Mr. V. P. Kolte of Nagpur

Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalji was Assistant Commissioner with the Whitley Commission on Labour and Mr. Ramaswamy Mudliar attended the Geneva Conference in 1931 as the Labour Adviser.—A. P

## COMMODITIES

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 29.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with May at 64 1/4 July 67 and October 69 1/8. The market declined on realising and foreign selling influenced by easier outside advices with traders watching further developments in silver.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 29.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.99. Prices eased under commission house selling and liquidation following favourable weather reports and disappointing developments in silver.

### LONDON MARKETS

London, April 29.

The following were the rates at 3.30 p.m.

METALS

Tin (£224 3/4 buyers £225 sellers. Dull) £233 buyers £223 1/4 sellers. Easier.

Lead (£12 7/16 buyers. No sellers Firm) unquoted. Firm.

Electrolytic Copper (£34 3/4 to £35 1/2) £34 3/4 to £35 1/2

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-9) 0-9
Indian Pekoe higher (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6 1/4) 2-6 1/4

JUTE

Crop April-May (£18 sellers) £18 1/4 sellers
Dunlop May (£20 1/2) £21
Lightning May (£18 15/16) £19

RUBBER

Spot (5 3/4) 5 11/16 paid and value
April-June (6 1/16) 6 paid and value

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay April-May (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 1/4 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta April-May (£11 5/8 sellers) £11 11/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata (£9 1/2 sellers) £9 1/2 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal (£14 7/8 paid) £15 1/16 sellers.

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

#### Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 29.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Wheat May | 4 6 3 |
| Linseed September | 7 1 0 |

The tone was quiet.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Bombay, April 29.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Rates at 9 a.m. | 6 12 3 |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | 6 12 9 |
| Rates at 3-30 p.m. | payment |
| Rates at 5-30 p.m. | 6 12 6 |
| Rates at 6-30 p.m. | 6 12 6 |
| Rates at 8-30 p.m. | 6 12 3 |
| Rates at 10-30 p.m. | 6 12 6 |

### SILVER JUBILEE BROADCAST

#### Viceroy And Governors Will Send Out Messages On May 6

SIMLA, April 29.

A comprehensive statement on broadcasting arrangements in India in connection with the Silver Jubilee which has been issued states "inter alia" that the Viceroy will broadcast a special message for India at 7-20 p.m. on May 6th. His Excellency will speak from his room in the Viceregal Lodge and the message will be transmitted by Trunk Telephone to Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, and Peshawar where it will be broadcast by the local stations. The Viceroy's message will be preceded by short messages from high personages in the provinces concerned. Final details of local arrangements are not yet available but it is hoped that the Governors will speak from Calcutta, Madras and Peshawar. Unfortunately the Governor of Bombay will be prevented from speaking on this occasion by other engagements.

Greetings from India will be conveyed by the Viceroy from the Viceregal Lodge approximately at 12-25 a.m. on 6th May.—A. P.

### POSTAL BAGS IN MAIL LORRY ROBBERY

QUETTA, April 29

Enquiries made at the Postal Department regarding the attack on the mail lorry proceeding from Loralai towards Fort Sandeman by trans-border raiders on Saturday last reveal that the postal bags were not tampered with. Further information regarding the condition of the wounded persons is still awaited:—A. P.

## AVIATIONS, MOTORS AND OIL SHARES ACTIVE

### GILT-EDGED SECURITIES SLIGHTLY WEAK

#### Ups And Downs In Silver

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 29.

On the Stock Exchange with the opening of the new account speculative interest broadened and several good features were displayed especially among Aviations, Motors and Oil shares. Investment demand however slackened. Giltedged securities and most other recent favourite securities consequently weakened.

In commodities wheat opened weak owing to reports of rains in America but later partially recovered in sympathy with better American reports.

Silver again fell sharply but after fixing rates moved sharply upwards on renewed keen speculative demand.

Wall Street opened irregular and then drifted easier.

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 29

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, April 17 £95 1/2
Thursday, April 18, £95 1/2
Tuesday, April 23 £95 1/2
Wednesday, April 24 £95 1/2
Thursday, April 25 £98
Friday, April 26 £97 3/4

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 29.

3-30 p.m.

Markets were generally quiet with only small business doing but there were some good features Giltedgeds were weaker owing to the lack of fresh support. Industrials were firm and fairly active

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consuls (£89) £88 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 1/4) £107 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£113 5/8) £113 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 3/8) £118 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/2 ex div) £106 1/8
4 per cent. Victory Bonds (£116 1/2) 116 3/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Homestores 7 p.c. Preference cumulative (27-1 1/2) 27-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits share (5) 5
Hydro Electric (dol 3 3/4) dol 3 3/4
Musical Industries (28-0) 28-0
Princhin Johnson (41-3) 41-3
Imperial Chemical (35-4 1/2) 35-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-6) 8-6
Woolsworth New Ford (107-3) 107-3
Realisation 1930 (88) 87 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (44-6) 42-9
University Ordinary (27-3) 27-3
Ford Motors (34-6) 34-6
Cables and Wireless (6 3/8) 6 1/4
British American Tobacco (121-3 121-3
Camera A (£8) £8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (139-4 1/2) 139-4 1/2
P and O S N Co. Defd (16-10 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (91-1 1/2) 91-1 1/2
Bred and Dyers (7-3) 7-3
British Celonese (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-6) 66-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-1 1/2) 52-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-0) 7-0
Western Ltd Ordinary (10-4 1/2 10-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (28 1/8) 27-9
Inter Nickels (28 1/8) 27-9
Bengal Iron and Steel (6-0) 5-7 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

### PROFIT-TAKING IN JUTE SHARES

CALCUTTA, April 29

Jutes opened firm, but eased off again on profit-taking and moderate business was put through. Coals were firmer. In teas East India marked upto Rs. 8/12 and Sarugaons Rs. 22/12. Miscellaneous was featureless. Government securities were firm.

Government Securities: 3 per cent loan 1941 100/12; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 93/10; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 117/2 small lots; 6 1/2 per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 101/8/6; 5 1/2 per cent Loan 1938/40 108/2/6.

Bank: Reserve Bank 119.

Railways: Bankura Damoodar River 91; Caparmukh Silghat Lt. 91; Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 63 small lot; Futwah Islampur Lt. 91; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar (Guaranteed) 91.

Coals: Amalgamated 22/4; Bengal 284; Rewa coalfields 15/6; Standard 31/4; South Karanpura 5/12.

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 15/14; Anglo-India 477/8 cum div; Auckland 238; Bally 225; Barnagore 173; Birla ordy 17/1; Champdany 200 small lot; Clive 300/14 small lot; Empire 34/6 small lot; Fort Gloster 606 small lot; Ft. William 337; Ganges 360; Gourepore 742; Howrah 56; Howrah 7 per cent Pref. 147; Hukumchand 13/8; India 402/8; Kamarhatty 534; Naihati pref 144.

Miscellaneous: Barrackpore Elec. 203/8; United Provinces Elec. 163; B. I. Corpn. ordy 3/2; Midnapore Zemindary 63; Balrampur Sugar 19/4; Teas: East India 8/12; Hattikhira 23/1; Sarugaon 8/8; Tezpore ordy 7/12.—A. P.

### INDIAN LOANS

London, April 29.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£88) £88 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£98) £97 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent. 1958/68 (£117 1/2) £117 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2
3 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£117) £116 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan (£110) £110

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (38-6) 38-6
Empire of India and Ceylon (33-0) 33-0

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£15) £15

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-3) 22-3
Gula Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-7 1/2) 28-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (56-3) 56-3
Burma Corporation (10-0) 10-6
Rio Tintos (£16 1/2) £16
East Rand Proprietary (52-6) 52-6
Rand Mines (162-6) 162-6

OIL SHARES

Venesuela Persian (43-1-1/2) 43-1 1/2
Anglo Dutch (51-10 1/2) 51-10 1/2
Burma Oil (76-3) 76-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-0) 4-0
Shell Transport (54-4 1/2) 53-9
Royal Dutch (£21-4 1/2) £21-4 1/2

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£50 1/4) £50 1/4
L M Ford (£19 3/4) £20 1/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
Southern Dutch (£24 1/2) £25 1/2
London Pass 5 per cent (£132 1/2) £132 1/4
London Board G Stock (£99 1/4) £99 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (279-3) 279-3
Goddar New (221-3) 223-9
Moddar New (81-3) 82-6
Sub Nigel (286-3) 286-3
Union Corporation (160-0) 160-0
Spring Mines Split Share (48-9) 48-1 1/2

### VOLUNTEERS FALL OUT

#### Alleged Incident between Jubbulpore Factions

JUBBULPORE, April 29.

Following the institution of an enquiry into the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee's disputes by Mr. Nariman, as desired by the All-India Congress Working Committee, relations among the local public workers of which one group belongs to the orthodox Congress camp and the other to the National Boy Scouts Association, who besides professing themselves staunch Congressmen also lay claim to be Socialists, labourites and nationalists all in one and try to capture the Town Congress Committee with a view to contest the forthcoming municipal elections, were getting strained day by day and reached the climax last night when about 25 scouts, it is alleged taking the advantage of the loneliness of one Congress volunteers took him by surprise and thrashed him severely injuring his head.

SEQUEL TO FIREWORKS DISPLAY.

Enquiries reveal that the injured Congress volunteers, Keshav Prasad by name, on receipt of the information that the National Scouts intended to display fire works in the Swadeshi Exhibition last night, approached and requested them to stop this extravagance and utilise the savings in some other nation-building work.

This interference on behalf of the Congress volunteer infuriated the National Scouts. They, it is alleged, took Keshava Prasad to their camp about midnight and thrashed him badly.

The police have taken cognisance of the incident and investigations are proceeding.—United Press.

# Shipping News

## Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, April 29.

S S Masula, A. M. Edmondson, Karachi via Bhavnagar, M M & Co.
S S Vasna, J. Rowe, Basrah via Karachi, M M & Co.
S S Wimborne, T. Jones, Calcutta, Madhavlal & Co.
S S Chybassa, A. C. Miller, Calcutta M M & Co.
S S Shinno Maru, F. Hanada, Yokohama via Colombo, O S Kaisha.
S S Mooltan, C. P. Lyddon, Sydney via Colombo, M M & Co.
S S Ceylon, G. Torssell, Oslo via Bhavnagar, L Edward Ltd.
S S Somali, T. H. Kemp, London via Aden, M M & Co.
S S Cape Howe, G. McFadyen, Moulmein via Colombo, Scindia Steam N. Co. Ltd.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, April 29.

S S Shinno Maru, F. Hanada, Karachi, O S Kaisha.
S S Warfield, H. Horsecraft, Karachi via Coast Ports, M M & Co.
S S Somali, T. H. Kemp, Kobe via Colombo, M M & Co.

LOADING.

Bombay, April 29.

S S Elysia for Europe Ports.
S S Jalabala for Rangoon & Colombo.
S S City of Kobe for Europe Ports via Marmagoa.
S S Tango Maru for China-Japan Ports.
S S Nurjehan, Calcutta via Coast Ports.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, April 29.

S S Alavi, Agents T M & Co., from Jeddah.—4 cases spices; 78 cases ostakadus.

S S Queda, Agents M M & Co., from Mauritius.—92 case spices.

From Mombasa.—59550 bales cotton.

S S Barpeta, Agents, M M & Co., from Mohammerah.—52 bdls wool.

From Bushire.—60 bdls. skins; 354 bags gum; 16 bags pistas.

From B'Abbas.—86 bags pistas.

From Hormuz.—425 bags sardines; 55 bags dates.

From Koweit.—7 bdls. spices.

S S Nurjehan, Agents T. M & Co., from Calcutta.—569 tons rice; 140 bdls. hess cloth; 25 dls. lub. oil; 115 bags sacking; 225 bdls. gunnies.

From Madras.—425 bales cotton.

From Tuticorin.—500 bdls. cotton.

From Cochin.—70 bags ginger, 100 bdls. coir yarn; 78 bdls. coir rope; 100 bdls. b. mats.

S S British Granadier, Agents, Anglo-P. Oil Co., from Mise.—7704. 47 tons D. oil.

S S Badarpur, Agents B. Shell, from Rangoon.—1525201 gallons k. oil; 150 casks turpentine; 24 cases grease; 288 casks D. oil; 1705 casks lub. oil.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, April 29.

S S Masula for Hull.—1280 bags myrabollums, J Moolchand & Co.; 5480 bags castor seed, Cotton Agent; 170 bags dill seed, M Bhuta & Co.; 640 bags gr. oil cakes, K Devchand.

For Havre.—275 bales cotton. Ralli Bros.; 125 bales cotton O Suleman & Co.; 134 bags gum, N Mulji & Co.; 208 bags mustard seed, A Virji & Co.

For Dunkirk.— 550 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 90 bales cotton fly, Chimanlal & Sons.

For Antwerp.—50 bales hemp, M Nissim; 100 bales cotton waste, M Chandulal & Co.

S S Somali for Yokkaichi.—100 bales cotton, G K Kaisha.

For Kobe.—450 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

For Osaka.—200 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 1000 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Shanghai.—81 bags sandalwood, S Nowroji.

S S City of Baroda for Liverpool.—125 bales cotton Bombay Company Ltd.

For Antwerp.—220 bales cotton, Bombay Co., Ltd.

For Barcelona.—100 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Dunkirk.—110 bales cotton. Volkart Bros.; 715 bales cotton B Manji & Co.

S S Lichtenfels for Hamburg.—1480 bags gr: oil cake, M. Hoosein & Sons; 2000 bags gr. oil cakes, A Oomerbhoy.

For Rotterdam.—1200 pckts. gr: oil cake, H Rawji & Co.

For Antwerp.—440 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S City of Perth for Boston.—100 bales wool raw, D Abraham & Co.

S S Behar for Antwerp.—110 bales cotton waste, B Karsondas & Co.

For London.—700 bales cotton R P Leli; 1280 bags linseed oil cake, A Oomerbhoy.

For Marseilles.—1280 bags gr: oil cake, O S Trd. Co.; 3840 bags gr: kernals, R Ratilal & Co.

## NO ACCEPTING OF OFFICES

### Capture Legislatures And Wreck Reforms, Says Meherali

JUBBULPORE, April 29.

After presiding over the 3rd session of the Mahakoshal Provincial Youths' Conference Mr. Yusuf Meherali left for Bombay yesterday.

Prior to his departure, interviewed Mr. Meherali unfolding the programme of the Congress Socialist Party stated that the Party intended to devote the present year in strengthening the Congress Committees all over India while simultaneously building the organisation of their Party. Besides this, the Party will also devote its attention and energy in organising Trade Unions and the peasantry.

Mr. Meherali said that the All-India Trade Union Congress had agreed to co-operate with the Congress Socialist Party, and observed that unity would naturally strengthen their hands.

Regarding the immediate programme of the Party he said. "We intend to issue immediately a number of leaflets explaining our Party's policy and programme and also as a help to carry out the work of the Party vigorously."

Concluding he stressed on the wrecking of the New Reforms by capturing legislatures and refusing to accept offices.—United Press.

## RAJEN BABU AND LYALLPUR

### Municipal Nationalists Protest Against Dy. Commissioner's Action

### MORE LIGHT ON SUSPENDED RESOLUTION

LYALLPUR, April 28.

With reference to the suspension of the Municipal resolution regarding presentation of civic address to Babu Rajendra Prasad, by the Deputy Commissioner, Lyallpur, it is understood that the Deputy Commissioner in his letter to the Municipal Committee says that he suspends the resolution, as he agrees with the first ruling of the President by which he disallowed the discussion of the resolution, and further says that if the Committee does not give any explanation to this within 15 days, it would be presumed that the Committee has nothing to say in the matter.

A meeting of the Nationalist Members of the Committee was held at the residenc of Sardar Sant Singh, M. L. A., and decided to write a letter to the President stating that they regarded the action of the Deputy Commissioner an undue interference in the rights and privileges of the house, and have requested the President to put the matter before a general meeting so that it may be fully discussed

They have further complained that though the letter is dated 11th April, no information regarding it has been given to the members, which savours of an attempt to give the impression to the Deputy Commissioner that the Committee has to say nothing about it which is quite contrary to the facts.

The meeting was attended by Messrs. Sant Singh, M. L. A., Bhagat Ram, Nandlal, Ram Narain, Ganesh Dutt, Municipal Commissioners.—United Press

# Scattered Realising In Shares

## Prices Fluctuate Within Narrow Range

### UNDERTONE FAIRLY GOOD

BOMBAY, April 29.

**The Share Bazar opened steady with prices unchanged but in the absence of any important buying prices declined on scattered long liquidation. Budly differences were fairly wide and operators were watching developments. The general feeling is bullish and there is more desire to buy in weak markets.**

**There was some unloading in Tata Steel and Hydro-Electric section which resulted in a gradual loss in prices. Later on the market was dull and featureless with more transfer business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. The last day for closing open business of the present settlement is Thursday.**

TEXTILE MILLS

| BOMBAY, April 29. | |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahm. Advance | 285 0 |
| 500 Bom. Cotton | 40 0 |
| 250 Bombay Dyeing | 866 4 |
| 250 Bradbury | 108 12 |
| 100 Century | 287 8 |
| 100 Central India | 326 4 |
| 100 Colaba | 128 12 |
| 100 Cooria | 107 8 |
| 100 Crescent | 7 4 |
| 250 Currim | 5 0 |
| 250 David | 60 0 |
| 250 Dawn | 365 0 |
| 1 E D Sassoon | 0 3 3 |
| 100 Finlay | 110 0 |
| 100 Gokak | 188 12 |
| 1000 Hindustan | 1,725 0 |
| 100 Indore | 76 4 |
| 50 Kastoorchand | 0 8 |
| 100 Khatau | 67 8 |
| 100 Kohinoor | 201 4 |
| 250 Laxmi | 680 0 |
| 100 Madhavji | 11 0 |
| 250 Madras United | 45 0 |
| 1000 Morarji | 1,050 0 |
| 250 Model | 57 8 |
| 50 Mysore | 108 12 |
| 200 New Great | 153 12 |
| 100 Oosmanshahi | 57 8 |

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, April 29

Century 294 289 287/8
Bombay Dyeing 875 867 871 865 867 866/4
Kohinoor 202 201 200 202 201/4
Central India 330 328 326
New Great 161 155 153
Simplex 84 82
Swadeshi 211 210 209
Bundi 46/4 46
I Cement 406 403 405
Punjab 26/10 26/8 26/4
Shahabad 412 411 410
Andhra 1670 1652 1660 1657 1660
Tata Hydro 178/12 176/14 17778
Tata Power 1592 1567 1575 1580 1572/8
Tram Ord 155/14
T Steel Defd 665 672 656 660 655 660 655
T Steel Ord 141/8 139/12 141 139 140/8 138/12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 170
Bellapur 292 288 290
B Steam 287
B Burma 362 360 357 353/12

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Phoenix | 328 12 |
| 25 Sassoon Silk | 39 0 |
| 1000 Sholapur | 2,300 0 |
| 50 Simplex | 82 8 |
| 100 Swadeshi | 210 0 |
| 100 Swan | 71 4 |
| 25 Tata | 16 0 |
| 500 Vishnu | 1,410 0 |
| 1000 Western | 900 0 |
| BANKS. | |
| 50-100 Baroda | 94 8 |
| 25-50 Central | 35 4 |
| 500 Imperial | 1535 0 |
| 125-500 Imp. Cont. | 381 4 |
| 50-100 India | 117 4 |
| 70 United | 80 0 |
| CEMENTS. | |
| 10 Bundi | 46 0 |
| 70 Gwalior | 115 0 |
| 160 Indian | 405 0 |
| 40 Katni Def. | 1350 0 |
| 100 Katni Ord. | 386 4 |
| 75 Okha | 221 4 |
| 10 Punjab | 26 4 |
| 100 Shahabad | 410 0 |
| 70 United | 79 8 |
| INSURANCE | |
| 15-100 Jupiter | 11 12 |
| 15-75 New India | 43 4 |
| 200 Oriental | 4600 0 |
| 10-100 Vulcan | 7 10 |
| ELECTRIC. | |
| 100 Ahmedabad Old | 160 0 |
| 1000 Andhra Valley | 1660 0 |
| 10 Ajmer | 11 0 |
| 50 Bombay Tram | 155 14 |
| 100 Bom. Suburban | 177 8 |
| 10 Broach | 11 8 |
| 100 Karachi | 230 0 |
| 100 Poona | 217 8 |
| 100 Surat | 198 2 |
| 100 Tata Hydro | 177 8 |
| 1000 Tata Power | 1572 8 |
| RAILWAYS. | |
| 500 Ahm. Prantij | 865 4 |
| 100 Amr. Patty | 116 4 |
| 100 C Province | 91 4 |
| 100 Dhond Baramati | 90 0 |
| 100 Gujarat | 70 4 |
| 100 Mandra Bhon | 95 8 |
| 100 Pachora Jamner | 92 8 |
| 100 Sara Sirajgunge | 93 0 |
| 500 Tapty Valley | 770 0 |
| MININGS | |
| 10 Shivrajpur | 26 8 |
| 30 Tata Steel Defd | 655 0 |
| 75 Tata Steel Ordinary | 138 12 |
| MISCELLANEOUS. | |
| 100 Alcock | 165 0 |
| 50 Belapur Sugar | 290 10 |
| 250 Bombay Steam | 287 8 |
| 125 Bombay Burma | 353 12 |

# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT.

Bombay, April 29

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 93/13/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 93/13
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/2
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117

TAX FREES.

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 105
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 116
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 100/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/9
4 per cent 1943 105/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 111/4
5 per cent 1939/44 107/14
5 per cent 1940/43 109/4
5 per cent 1935 100/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 101/8

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).

4 per cent B P T 1974 102
4 per cent M Deb 1974 101/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 112/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 121
6 per cent K P T 1956 121
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 106

Note.—London opening advices were weak which influenced selling in the local market and 3 1/2 per cent paper declined to Rs. 93/5 at 5 p.m.

AMERICAN SECURITIES

Shares:—
Baldwin Locomotive April 29 1 3/4; April 22 1 3/4
Bethlehem Steel April 29 25 3/4; April 22 27
Chrysler April 29 37 3/8; April 22 38 5/8
Elec Auto Lit April 29 20 3/4; April 22 22 1/2
Int'l Tel and Tel April 29 7 3/8; April 22 7 7/8
Packard Motor Car April 29 3 7/8; April 22 3 3/4
Radio Corporation April 29 5; April 22 5
Studebaker Corp April 29 3; April 22 2 1/2
United Corp April 29 2 3/4; April 22 2 3/4
Bonds:—
Argentine 6 per cent of 1960 April 29 94 1/2; April 22 94
Australia 4 1/2 per cent of 1956 April 29 95 5/8; April 22 95 3/4
Brazil 7 per cent of 1952 April 29 27 1/4; April 22 25 5/8
Chile Government 6 per cent of 1900 April 29 11 1/2; April 22 12
Denmark 1/2 per cent of 1962 April 29 90 3/8; April 22 90 3/8
Finland 6 per cent of 1945 April 29 105; April 22 105 1/2
Italy 7 per cent of 1951 April 29 88; April 22 89 5/8
Japanese 6 1/2 per cent of 1954 April 29 96 3/8; April 22 95 1/4
Norway 6 per cent of 1943 April 29 105 1/2; April 22 105 1/2

The following cable from Messrs. E. J Schwabach and Co. New York:—
Strong indication rising economic cycle long period cheap money tremendous credit supply distinct long range trend much higher commodities securities advisable Switch bonds preferred into common stocks specially durable goods.

## CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 27

May 0.99 1/2—3/4c
July 0.98 3/4—7/8c
October 0.99 1/4—1 1/8c

## LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 27

May 6/5 1/4d—
July 6/7 7/8d—
October 6/9 5/8d
December 7/0 3/4d

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | Bombay Burma Contry | 118 12 |
| 8sh. | Br. B Petrol | 3-1-6 |
| 50 | Bombay Telephone | 106 8 |
| 100 | Indian Bleaching | 137 8 |
| 100 | Ind. Radio Defd. | 505 0 |
| 100 | Ind. Radio Ordy. | 491 14 |
| 1000 | Port Canning | 590 0 |
| 15 | Scindia | 10 8 |
| 30 | Tata Construction | 75 0 |
| 25 | Tata Oil | 18 4 |
| PREFERENCE. | | |
| 7 | p.c. Andhra Valley | 1.340 0 |
| 6 | p.c. Bombay Steam | 280 0 |
| 7 | pc Bombay Tram | 78 4 |
| 5 | p.c. Central India | 502 8 |
| 7 | p.c. Katni 1st | 131 4 |
| 7 | p.c. Katni 2nd | 142 8 |
| 7-1/2 | p.c. Punjab Cement | 14 2 |
| 7 | p c Tata Hydro | 137 8 |
| 7½ | p c Tata Power | 1375 0 |
| 6 | p.c. Tata Steel 1st | 175 0 |
| 7-1/2 | p c Tata Steel 2nd | 170 0 |
| 5½ | p.c. Tata Mill | 14 0 |
| 7 | p.c. Vishnu | 625 0 |

# MONEY MARKET

## Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 29

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Ready.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 to 15th June
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 July
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/16 June
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 278 7/8
Banks selling T T 275 7/8
Banks buying T T 273 1/8
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 547
Banks buying D D 557
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 53 3/4
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 3/4
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/2 nominal
Banks buying T T 78
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 165 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 114 1/4
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156 1/2
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 88 3/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.82 5/8 27th instant
Shanghai/London 1/8 1/4 29th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 29th instant
Java/London 7.11 29th instant
London/Paris 72.91 27th instant
London/Belgium 28.40 27th instant
London/Switzerland 14.86 1/2 27th instant
London/Italuy 58.25 27th instant
London/Berlin 11.93 27th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 27th instant
London/New York 4.82 1/16 27th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.12 1/4 27th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £7-4-9 1/2 26th instant £7-5-4 27th instant
Silver London Ready 36 1/4 26th instant 35 1/8 27th instant
Silver London Forward 36 3/8 26th instant 35 1/4 27th instant
Silver New York Ready 80 1/2 26th instant 77 27th instant
London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 26th instant 5/8 per cent 27th instant
London discounts 6 mos 11/16 per cent 26th instant 11/16 per cent 27th instant.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos. 2 1/2 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Firm.

# INDORE MARKET QUOTATION

INDORE, April 29

(From Messrs. Gangadhar Waman and Co.,)

Wheat seed and cotton. Rate per mani or 6 mds. Bengal
Wheat Bombay Pass Rs. 20 22
Wheat Malwi Rs. 17 18
Wheat Pissi Rs. 17 18
Gram Rs. 14 15
Tilseed Rs. 40 45
Linseed Rs. 23 24
Jawar Rs. 10 12
Bajara Rs. 14 16
Tuar 16 18
Lintal Rs. 15 16
Moog (green) Rs. 16 16
Moog (black) Rs. 10 12
Ajavan Rs. 15 16
Cottonseed Rs. 12 14
Oil cakes Rs. 13 14
Dhana Rs. 20 24
Chilies Rs. 60 76
Ghee Rs. 240 270
Cotton Malwa per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 75 80
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 70 75
Cotton Broach opening per candy of 784 lbs. 237
Cotton Broach closing per candy of 784 lbs 237/8
Wheat flour Maida per bag of 95 srs 10
Wheat Rawa per bag of 95 srs 11
Wheat Ata per bag of 90 srs 7/8
Wheat Chapad per bag of 40 srs. 3
Hukumchand 3/15
Kalyanmal 3/14
State 3/14
Swadeshi 3/-
Bhandari 3/12
Tea rates per lb—
Lipton 10 as. to 1/12
Brook Bond 9 as. to 1/10
Chandara Brand 8 as. to 1/4
100 P N Bhandari Ltd L State Mills 40
100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd 71
100 Hukumchand Mills Ltd 182
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd ordy 129
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd pref 115
100 Nandalal Bhandari Mills Ltd 103
100 Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd 3
100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd 32
100 Binod Mills Ltd 140
25 United Profitable A Co Ltd 20
25 Indore Co-operative Bank Ltd 12/8
25 Indore Co-operative Press Ltd 1
25 Indore Co-operative Dairy Ltd 0 4 as
25 Bank of Indore Ltd 30
10 Hukumchand Jute Ltd 13/8
5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd 1

Bullion:—
Gold bar per tolas 38
Silver Pat per 100 tolas 82
Silver Kadava per 100 tolas 70

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

| E.P. Bales | 1934-35 | 1933-34 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 27-4-35 | 4173000 | 7107000 |
| Receipts Yesterday 27-4-35 | 2000 | 18000 |
| Exports to date 27-4-35 | 4005000 | 6525000 |
| Stock at Ports 26-4-35 | 2038000 | 3014000 |
| Stock Interior Towns 26-4-35 | 1421000 | 1482000 |
| Stock Liverpool 26-4-35 | 770000 | 1040000 |
| Visible Supply 26-4-35 | 4887000 | 6760000 |
| Quantity in sight 26-4-35 | 7496000 | 11180000 |
| Quantity out of sight 26-4-35 | 7327000 | 10973000 |

# NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, April 29.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market was dull and featureless. Traders adopted waiting attitude. Prices declined on unfavourable cables but advanced later partially on short covering.

Sharp reaction in Silver and beneficial rains over the cotton belt influenced long liquidation but spot houses were buying moderately near months. The confusion with regard to the Silver position damped bullish enthusiasm but it is interesting to note in this connection that authoritative commentators concluded to-day that the plethora of idle funds in America has been a real factor in the recent upturn on Wall-Street which was hitherto regarded particularly on London markets as rather mysterious.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 5 points and a further loss of 6 points was recorded on increased selling and July position declined to 11.78. At this level there was short covering and prices rallied to 11.89. The market closed unchanged to 10 points down. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.25c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 1 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 12.30c.

NEW YORK WEEKLY REVIEW.

"After declining from last week's high level under liquidation, the market ranied reflecting the improved technical position, the tightness of spot cotton and the strength of the silver and stock markets. With trade interests absorbing most offerings, contracts became scarce.

Trading consisted principally of May liquidation prior to the notice day when spot houses and short absorbing contracts against sales of later months. Notices approximating to only 3,500 bales on the first notice day were promptly taken by a leading spot house.

The Southern spot markets reported some increase in export and domestic enquiry but offerings were scarce and the basis stood high.

There were beneficial rains in the Western belt but temperatures generally were too cool

President Roosevelt has appointed a Committee to survey the problems of the textile industry in view of complaints regarding the processing tax. He had also ordered an investigation into importations of foreign cloths owing to protests from manufacturers.—(Reuter.

PRIVATE CABLES—
New York July highest 11.89— (12-00 p.m.)
Lowest 11.78—11 (10-19 a.m.)
Liverpool July highest 6.51 plus 04 (10-15 a.m.)
Lowest 6.51 plus 01 (11-55 a.m.)

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—
10-30 a.m.: Beneficial rains have fallen in Western Belt.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—
Market dominated by inflationary implications of silver boom.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—
New York: Market affected unfavourably by decline in silver. Old crop months supported by spot houses buying.

New York:—(9-19 a.m. New York time) Our Government suspend further action. Silver pending representation Mexican Government which has called in silver currency.

New York: (dated 26-4-35) Market strong account increased silver price; heavy foreign buying distants. Old crop contracts scarce; cloths dull; prefer sale distants on advances.

# ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, April 27

April 12.08 plus 09
May 12.17 plus 10
June 12.27 plus 10

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, April 29.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 31/8; Highest Rs. 31/10; Lowest Rs. 31/7; Closing Rs. 31/7/6.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 33/8; Highest Rs. 33/11; Closing Rs. 33/8.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 42/3; Highest Rs. 42/5/6; Lowest Rs. 42/1/6; Closing Rs. 42/3.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 44/3; Highest Rs. 44/7; Closing Rs. 44/3.

Cotton seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 24/10; Highest Rs. 24/13; Lowest Rs. 24/9; Closing Rs. 24/10.

Cotton Seeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 26/2; Highest Rs. 26/7/6; Closing Rs. 26/4

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 29.

| | cwts. |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 6,186 |
| Linseed | 9,448 |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds | 1,402 |
| Gingellyseed | 153 |
| Poppyseed | 282 |
| Groundnuts | 3,879 |
| Castorseed | 3,379 |
| Rice | 59,186 |
| Myrabollams | 4,231 |
| Cottonseed | 8,981 |
| Gram | 2,289 |
| Joowar | 2,870 |
| Barley | 24 |
| Bajree | 82 |
| | Tons. |
| Coal | 750 |

# LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, April 29.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened on Saturday at a rise of 2 points with July 6.03. The rise attracted increased hedge selling and also scattered week-end liquidation. Later on there was local selling on reports of easier Bombay market. Prices fluctuated within a range of 3 points and finally closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of one point. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 6.80d per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged. At the close May was quoted 5.95, July 5.93, and October 5.91.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was scattered selling in Egyptian cotton Sakels futures declined 2 to 3 points with Spot cotton one point down at 8.44. Uppers futures closed one point lower but spot cotton prices improved one point at 7.95d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was fairly steady with moderate enquiry. Sakels futures advanced 9 to 13 points while Ashmouni futures gained 12 to 10 points

SPECULATIVE LIQUIDATION

Messrs. M & B Stern state:—
Some speculative liquidation pending Government further announcement on cotton and silver met with some trade buying and with the anticipated favourable address yesterday by the President the market ended with a minor price retreat. This speech is no yet known.

With Mr. Oscar Johnson's return this week the trade expect the announcement of 12 cent loan on new crop. At last with extremely depleted stocks, the world's spinners are growing anxious over future requirements to obtain under 12 cents. The bogey of abundant supply of cheap outside growths disappearing realism seems to be drawing on consumers that there will be no alternative except to buy at U S A Government prices.

Economically the prospects of huge expenditure on public works is favourably viewed for increased expansion of trade. We continue to think that opportunity should be taken of any good reaction to acquire contracts

# SUGAR MARKET REVIEW

Bombay, April 26

Our Sugar market ruled quietly steady during the week under review, notwithstanding the fact that there was no undertake for Spot Sugar being on a moderate scale. At the close of the week, the market however ruled firm, with an improving tendency. Owing to the high replacing parity of Rs. 4/7 in Java against the local value of Rs. 4/1, demand for diversions to Malbar ports and Colombo was more pronounced. The highest and the lowest rates during the week were as under:—

Java ready Rs. 13/12 and Rs. 13/11; April 4/0/3 and 3/15/3; May 4/1/6 and 4/0/9; June 4/2/3 and 4/1/6; July-Sept 4/3 and 4/1/9; Oct-Dec 4/4 and 4/2/6.

Java market remained stationery with limits unchanged at F. 4 for West Coast India, Cawnpore market has advanced further by about 3 annas per maund. Local prices for Deshi Sugars are 1 to 2 annas firmer. Kesar stands at Rs. 14/3, Sarayu Rs. 13/10, Ramkaula Rs. 13/10 and Chitauny Rs. 13/9 per cwt.

Arrivals: There was no arrival of foreign sugar during the week under review. Receipts of Deshi Sugar from 1st April to 21st April, estimated at about 12582 bags

Offtake and Stocks: Offtake during the week is estimated at about 15000 bags; leaving the stocks of about 90,000 bags

The following are to-day's quotations ruling the bazar:—
Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs 13/12 per cwt
Transhipment Rs. 4/2 per cwt F B H
Shipment April Rs. 3/156 per cwt F B H
Shipment May Rs. 4/1 per cwt F B H
Shipment June Rs 4/2 per cwt F B H
Shipment July/Sept Rs. 4/2/6 per cwt F B H
Shipment Oct/Dec Rs. 4/3/6 per cwt F B H
Tone: Firm.

# INDIAN COTTON CONSUMED IN INDIAN MILLS

The following statement of Indian Cotton consumed in mills in India is (based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on Voluntary Returns by mills in Indian States).

(In bales of 400 lbs.)

CONSUMPTION.

British India during March 1935 165,693; during March 1934 162,730; since 1st September 1934 1,306,355; during corresponding period last year 1,126,864.

Indian States during March 1935 35,856; during March 1934 31,962; since 1st September 1934 253,936; during corresponding period last year 219,399.

Total India during March 1935 201,549; during March 1934 194,692; since 1st September 1934 1,560,291; during corresponding period last year 1,346,263

N. B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive figures shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive figures published in the preceding month.

# BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 29

The local market opened steady today at Rs. 237 for Broach J/A delivery and declined to Rs. 235/4 on unloading by local professional operators. Later on there was scattered buying which improved prices to Rs. 236/4. The prospective situation of cotton is good and with American Government holding back 5 1/2 million bales, there will be scarcity of contracts. The new American cotton crop is doing well but any unfavourable change in weather is likely to induce more buying. We think present prices, even if the market goes lower in the near future.

Liverpool market opened to-day at a decline 3 points against unchanged prices but the local market was fairly steady. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M Rs 241/4
Broach J/A. Rs. 236/12
New Broach A/M 1936 Rs. 222/12
Oomra May Rs. 210/4
Oomra July Rs. 211
Bengal May Rs 136/8
Bengal July Rs 138/4

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, April 29.

| | Extra Spr-fine | Sup Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal — | | | | |
| U. P. | ... 146 | 141 | 137 | 134 |
| Punjab | ... 146 | 141 | 137 | 134 |
| Rajputana | 147 | 142 | 138 | 135 |
| Oomra No. 3 | 220 | 217 | 214 | 210 ... |
| C. P. No. 1 | 240 | 237 | 234 | 230 ... |
| C. P. No. 2 | 227 | 224 | 221 | 217 ... |
| Broach No. 2 | ... 250 | 246 | 242 | 237 |
| Punjab-Ame. | ... 280 | 276 | 272 | 267 |
| Surat | ... 330 | 326 | 322 | 317 |
| Rajpipla | ... 330 | 326 | 322 | 317 |
| Navsari | ... 335 | 331 | 327 | 322 |

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, April 29.

106 Breul and Co. Mulkapur 212 1/2
87 Breul and Co. Chopda 3 off
98 Japan T and Co. Barwaha 211
84 Japan T and Co. Burampur 213
67 Langli and Co. Chandur 218
86 Toyomankwak Jalgaon 210
80 Toyomankwak Banusa 210
51 Toyomankwak Burampur 210 1/2
50 Toyomankwak Nagar 206 1/2
91 Toyomankwak Shegaon 5 off
100 Osman Suleman Budhlada 10 on

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 29

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 155 |
| Bengal Fine | 145 |
| Bengal F G | 140 |
| Sindh-Punjab Fine | 145 |
| Sindh-Punjab F G | 140 |
| Wardha-Hingt | 235 |
| Nagpur/Savner | 237 |
| Pundhurna | 222 |
| Yeotmal | 221 |
| Arvi | 220 |
| Ellichpur | 218 |
| Berar | 212/214 |
| Khamgaon | 214/216 |
| Mulkapur | 210/212 |
| Khandesh | 207/210 |
| Jalna/Sailu | 207/210 |
| Burwah-Sunayad | 217 |
| Broach Fine | 248 |
| Punjab/American | 275 |
| Punjab/American-cnix | 266 |
| Cambodia | 310 |
| Compta Good | 280 |
| Kampala | 370 |
| Busoga | 368 |
| Jinja | 366 |

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, April 29.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

| In full-pressed Bales. | 27-4-35 | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 463 | 222,072 |
| Central India | 714 | 88,183 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 111 | 90,186 |
| Hyderabad-Gaorani | 379 | 38,843 |
| Berar | 1,661 | 332,600 |
| Central Provinces | 393 | 80,784 |
| Total Oomras | 3,721 | 852,668 |
| Dholera | 1,745 | 135,252 |
| N.-W. Provinces | ... | 30,528 |
| Raputana | 235 | 22,238 |
| Sind-Punjab | 342 | 280,495 |
| Broach | 309 | 114,691 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 440 | 54,583 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 611 | 34,861 |
| Cocoanada | ... | 114 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | 1,264 | 44,003 |
| Persian | ... | 2,450 |
| American | 229 | 27,768 |
| Egyptian and African | 5,306 | 238,015 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | ... | 711 |
| Total | 14,202 | 1,838,377 |

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 25th April.

| In full-pressed Bales. | 27-4-35 | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 1,425 | 289,291 |
| Japan and China | 13,723 | 771,730 |
| Coast Ports | ... | 20,419 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... | 163,554 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan | ... | 17,629 |
| Total | 15,148 | 1,262,623 |

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 29th day of April 1935.

| Broach Fully Good Quality | Vaidas. | |
|---|---|---|
| (B.T) | April-May 1934-35 | July-Aug 1935 |
| 10-30 | Rs. 243/12 | 240/12 |
| 12-30 | Rs. 242 | 239 |
| 2-30 | Rs. 242/8 settlement | 239/8 |
| 4-30 | Rs. 241/12 | 238/12 |

| | April-May 1934-35 | July-August 1935 |
|---|---|---|
| Highest | 243/12 | 240/12 |
| Lowest | Rs. 241 | 238 |

SPOT RATES

Superfine 250
Fine 246
Fully Good 242
Good 237

To-day delivery orders were issued of 10 bales of April-May Vaida.

# COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 25th April 16,977 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 1,824,175 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 1,795,744 bales
Increase 28,431 bales

# GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, April 29.

The local silver market registered sharp improvement from yesterday's low level of Rs. 79/8 and Vaishakh delivery after opening at Rs. 82 advanced to Rs. 83/8 on active short covering and replacing by operators. Later on the market was quiet with scattered liquidation and prices were quoted at Rs 82/12

After recent rapid and unexpected rise the market is gradually readjusting owing to overbought situation. There was extensive liquidation and covering and now the technical position is greatly improved. Local operators are awaiting foreign developments as important negotiations are going on between Washington and Mexico. The general outlook is favourable

The gold market was fairly steady with slight improvement in demand

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready silver | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Vaishakh delivery | 82 | 4 | 0 |
| Jeth delivery | 82 | 14 | 0 |
| Ready gold | 36 | 1 | 0 |
| Vaishakh delivery | 36 | 1 | 6 |
| Jeth delivery | 36 | 2 | 6 |

## MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, April 27

May 77.35—95
July 78.00—80
September 78.50—1.17

## NEW YORK SILVER

New York, April 27

July 2.39—01
September 2.45—01
December 2.53—02
January 2.40—03

ABRUPT RISE IN SILVER

Bombay, April 29

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—
Delay in the pronouncement of the Treasury of another increase in price and the world press criticising the abrupt price boom sprang out heavy speculative realising. Grave concern of silver standard countries especially China and Mexico and also Internationals interested in their exports have led serious discussion as to its future, nevertheless with U. S. A. holding permanently against currency about 1300 million ounces, over 50 per cent of the world's stocks, the world cannot look else where for its intrinsic value other than the biggest possible buyer.

Should the Administration decide to carry through their mandatory purchases under the Congress Act by next year, with the National gold holdings of 90 billion ounces, they will have to continue buying foreign silver since their own production last year was barely 25 million ozs.

# WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 27

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dollars. |
|---|---|
| Amer Pow and Light Com | 3 |
| Amer. Forn Power 7 per cent P | 17 |
| Electric Bond Common | 6 1/2 |
| Consolidated Gas | 23 |
| Columbia Gas | |
| Western Union Telgn | 26 3/4 |
| Radio Corporation | 5 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | |
| New York Central | 17 |
| Erie R R | 9 |
| Great North Pfd | 13 |
| Distillers Seagram | 14 |
| Chase Bank | 22 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 295 |
| Bethelchem Steel | 26 |
| United States Steel | 32 1/2 |
| American Smelting | 43 |
| Noranda Mines | 38 |
| Int Nickel of Canada | 27 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 13 1/4 |
| Kennecott Copper | 18 |
| Cerro de Pasco Copper | 57 |
| Int Harvestor | 39 |
| Ford Motors of Canada A | 28 |
| General Motor | 30 1/2 |
| Socony | 13 5/4 |
| National City Bank | 20 1/2 |
| Celanese Corpn of Amer | 20 |

Total business 1/2 million.
Irregular market.

# WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—
May 134 July 121 at Cross Rate 4 82 1/2
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 241/8 Liverpool May 6.56 Rs 42 3/4 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach J/A 236/8 Liverpool July 6.51 Rs 44 1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1936 223/12 Liverpool May 1936 6.19 Rs 44 1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 241/8 New York May 11.85 Rs 28 at Cross Rate 4.82 1/2
Bombay New York:—
Broach J/A 236/8 New York July 11.88 Rs 33 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.82 1/2

# HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 27

Broach A/M opening 245; highest 245; lowest 242 1/4; closing 243
Broach J/A opening 240 1/2; highest 241 1/2; lowest 237 3/4; closing 238
Broach A/M 1936 opening 228; highest 228 3/4; lowest 225 1/4; closing 225 1/4
Oomra May opening 214; highest 214; lowest 212; closing 213
Oomra July opening 214 1/2; highest 214 1/2; lowest 212 3/4; closing 214
Bengal May opening 141; highest 141; lowest 139; closing 139
Bengal July opening 143; highest 143; lowest 140 3/4; closing 140 3/4
Tejimandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs 17
Tejimandi for Broach settlement (21-5-35). Rs. 10 1/2
Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 38 1/4

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REGD. NO. B. 1688

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1935

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# Kisans Can't Win Their Rights Through Class Hatred

## Sardar Patel Advises Them Key To Better Condition Is With Themselves

### *NO DISPOSSESION OF ZAMINDARS*

ALLAHABAD, April 28.

**The open session of the U. P. Kisan Conference commenced this evening, Sardar Patel presiding. There was a good attendance, including several leaders.**

**The conference unanimously adopted the following resolution: "During the last seven years due to the inflation of the value of the rupee by the Legislature and the great fall in the prices of grains, the condition of the peasantry has gradually declined and rural life has been violently shaken. Government has made no substantial efforts towards ameliorating their condition. Whatever small remissions of rent have been granted, are entirely inadequate. In the opinion of this conference, while the present zamindary tenancy system lasts, it is urgently necessary that properly authorised committees on which the peasantry should be adequately represented be constituted, which after making an economic enquiry may make definite reduction in rents. The opinion of the Conference is that rentals should be about what they were in 1895, and the revenue to be realised from petty zamindars should be the same."**

**Mr. Mohanlal Gautama then moved a resolution urging that the debts of Kisans should be pardoned and a portion remitted in the execution of decrees for family support.—A.P.**

### *U. P. KISAN CONFERENCE*

#### *Sardar Patel's Address*

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

The first U. P. Provincial Kisan Conference opened at Allahabad on Saturday at 7 p.m. in Purushottam Das Park.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the president-elect, arrived at Allahabad, accompanied by his daughter, Srimati Maniben Patel this morning and he was greeted at the station with cries of 'Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai.' Among those who received him were Babu Purushottam Das Tandon, chairman, reception committee, Mr. Mohan Lal Gautama, one of the principal organisers of the conference, Mr. R. S. Pandit, Mrs. Zutshi, Messrs. Lal Bahadur, Radhey Shyam Pathak, and other Congressmen. He had arrived at Naini station early in the morning, where he detrained and came here by the Bombay Express at 9-15 a.m.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel paid a visit to the Khaddar Bhandar this evening, after which a procession was formed of the Kisans who had arrived at Allahabad for the conference, and others, and the president-elect was taken with the procession amid enthusiastic scene, through Chowk, Bahadurganj, Shiva Charan Lal Road, Hewitt Road and City Road. The procession terminated at the Purushottam Das Park, where the conference was held, such a large gathering being held in that park after an interval of several years.

The park was decorated with Congress flags. Prominent among those present besides the president-elect were Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Srimati Maniben Patel, Babu Sri Prakasa, Sardar Sardul Singh pleader (Lahore), Mr. Achint Ram, Dr. Murari Lal, Mr. Charles Mascarehas, Dr. Chetty, Mr. Avadeshwar Prasad Singh, Mr. Anugarh Narain Singh, Pandit Govind Malaviya, Swami Sahjanand, Mr. Bal Krishna Sharma, Babu Sampurnanand, Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, Dr. Katju, Mrs. Uma Nehru, Mrs. Zutshi and Miss Zutshi, and Mr. R. S. Pandit.

The proceedings of the conference opened with the national flag song, after which Babu Purushottam Das, chairman of the reception committee, addressed the Kisans.

MR. TANDON.

In the course of his speech, Mr. Tandon expressed his feeling of gratification at seeing such a large gathering of Kisans at Allahabad after an interval of several years, and at Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who had done so much for the uplift of Kisans, having agreed to guide the deliberations of the conference. Sardar Patel, he said, was one of the few persons who had not only made a close study of problems affecting Kisans, but had done something practical for the improvement of their condition.

After referring to the loss which the province had suffered on account of the death of Mr. Sherwani, Mr. Tandon referred to poverty in villages. He said that the 'Ramayana', 'Ain-i-Akbari' and similar other works, showed that prosperity prevailed in the country in ancient times. He feared that the present state of poverty of peasants was the result of the Government concentrating their attention on the improvement of the urban areas at the expense of Kisans' money. There was now the necessity, he said, of rural improvement legislation just as there were the Town Improvement Act and similar other laws for the improvement of cities.

Mr. Tandon next referred to the high rate of rents and large arrears of rents which it was impossible for tenants to pay under the existing economic conditions. He also dwelt on the importance of consolidation of holdings and added that, in his opinion, a tenant should have for cultivation not less than five 'bighas" of land.

Proceeding Mr. Tandon criticised the zemindari system and suggested the necessity of the introduction of some such system as was prevalent in Denmark and in some other Western countries, under which tenants could become gradually owners of land by paying compensation to zemindars.

SARDAR PATEL SPEAKS.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the president, next addressed the Kisans and spoke in Hindi for about two hours.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel made it clear that he had not come there to teach Kisans to weep over their lot or to teach them hatred against any one. The Kisan was the supporter of the whole country, inasmuch as he produced food material and therefore, it gave the speaker great pain to see Kisans weep over their plight. His admonition to Kisans was that they should learn to realize their own weaknesses and remove them. Until that was done there was no hope of their uplift. Neither communists nor socialists nor any other body of reformers could reform Kisans until Kisans themselves realized their shortcomings and made efforts to remove them.

One great weakness in the Kisans, the president said, was that they feared everyone. They should, therefore, learn to be fearless. Another need for them was to form a strong "sangathan."

Referring to the question of the abolition of the zemindari system Sardar Patel told Kisans that he would not teach them that anybody should be dispossessed of any right. They should secure strength to protect their own rights and not long to dispossess any one of his rights. The time when they would become owners of land would come when they had their own government, Swaraj.

He said that if any one went to villages talking about reforms Kisans should shut the door against them. It was a mistake to think

(Continued on page 4.)

### *KAKA KALELKER TO STAY AT WARDHA*

#### *Gujarat Village Programme Postponed*

WARDHAGANJ, April 29

Kaka Kalelkar having accepted the presidentship of the recently held Lipi Parishad at Indore and under the resolution of the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan having been appointed chairman and convener of the Committee appointed by it, has by Mahatma Gandhi's advice decided for the time being to use Wardha as his headquarters and hopes to choose as his residence a village near enough to Wardha so as to enable him to fulfil his desire to settle down in a village even though he cannot in the circumstances devote his sole time and attention to village work.

The programme of settling down and working in a Gujerat village which he was evolving in consultation with Gandhiji has thus been postponed with the latter's concurrence.—A. P.

### *BINA'S HUSBAND COMMITS SUICIDE?*

#### *Professor's Death By Opium Poisoning Leads To Surmise*

CALCUTTA, April 29

An unconfirmed report from Balasore says that Professor Pramathanath Sarkar, complainant in the Mayor's case, nothing of whom was heard since his mysterious disappearance about a fortnight ago has committed suicide.

The discovery of a Bengali gentleman suffering from opium poisoning from a second class compartment in the Up Puri Passenger near the Jaleswar station, several miles from Balasore, who subsequently died, lends currency to this report.

On receipt of information some of his relatives have left for Jaleswar for identifying the body:—United Press.

### SOCIALIST SUCCESS AT AKOLA

#### Berar Conference Adopts Anti-War Propaganda Resolution

AKOLA, April 29.

The open session of the Berar Congress Conference for the second day met last night under the presidecy of Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant. Babu Rajendra Prasad was also present.

Fifteen resolutions, the foremost of them urging the A.I.C.C. to start an anti-war propaganda and work a programme for organising peasants and workers on the basis of economic demands as formulated by the All-India Congress Socialist Party and the cancellation of debt to 50 per cent. were adopted unanimously.

Resolutions amending the Congress creed by replacing the words "peaceful" and "legitimate" by "truthful" and "non-violent," expressing condolence for the victims of the Firozabad atrocities and recommending the public to send their boys to national schools, became extremely controversial by open amendments, but were carried by a vast majority.

**Socialist Defeat.**

Socialists moved an amendment to the resolution congratulating the work of the Congress Party in the Assembly, saying that though they appreciated it, they viewed with alarm, the omission of the Constituent Assembly clause and the commission to Provincial Autonomy with modification by supporting Mr. Jinnah's resolution and recommending the resignations by the Congress Members as a protest against the Viceroy's certification of the Finance Bill, irrespective of a majority vote of the Assembly to the contrary and seek re-election on the Slogan of the Constituent Assembly and "no taxation without representation." The amendment failed and the original resolution was carried.

Other resolutions condemning the repressive policy of the Government even after the suspension of the Civil Disobedience Movement, establishing Sevadal Branches in every district, sympathising with the Bengal detenus detained without trial, demanding the release of Comrade M. N. Roy, supporting the Congress attitude towards the Jubilee celebrations and recommending the amending of the Constitution Clause by compelling the holding of the conference in the village, were passed.

It is remarkable that the anti-war resolution passed by this Conference was directly against the A.I.C.C, decision taken at Jubbulpore very recently.

The next session is invited at Amraoti. Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant left by Up Express 'en route' to Bhusawal and Babu Rajendra Prasad by Down Mail to Yeotmal where he has been invited by Mr. Aney.

The Conference ended at midnight successfully.—United Press.

### NOT RETIRING FROM POLITICS

#### Hansraj Contradicts News Agency's Report

JULLANDUR, (By Mail.)

Raizada Hansraj contradicts the news of his retirement from Congress as published by a certain news agency.

He says, he has resigned from the city Congress committee as protest against the schism in the Congress but he will continue his Congress activities as usual.—A. P.

### ANNUAL WASTE OF 70 CRORES

#### Sant Singh On India's Smoke And Drink Bills

JULLUNDER, April 28

Speaking on economic waste, at the Doaba Hindu Sudhar Conference recently held at Aur, Sardar Sant Singh of the Punjab Temperance Society, Amritsar, said that seventy crores of rupees are annually spent on drink, smoke and opium etc. According to the figures collected by the Temperance Society, there are about 14 crores of smokers in the country, and if their smoking pipes straightened and put together, they would cover a distance of 60,000 miles i.e. more than the length of the country.

Concluding his speech he urged the need of temperance, as the country cannot afford such waste of money in these days when half of its population cannot even get belly-ful to sat and unemployment is staring in the face of millions of the educated youths.—United Press.

# Silver Luck For Bombay Operators

## Huge Profits Accrue From Extensive Purchases In London

**BOMBAY, April 29.**

**Rapid and hectic fluctuations in silver prices, are the order of the day.**

**With President Roosevelt's support and the U. S. Congress Gold Bloc, local bullion operators play an important part and guide the course of silver prices in World markets.**

**On Saturday morning prices in the local market reached the top level of Rs. 87. This rise was too rapid and to a great extent was overdone. Professional operators began to unload and prices gave way and reached the low level of Rs. 79|8 on Sunday.**

**This downward reaction depressed prices in London as well as in New York Silver prices.**

**London prices declined 1 1|8d to 35 1|8d and New York prices eased off 4 1|4 cents to 76 3|4 cents on Saturday.**

**There was extensive unloading to-day and heavy liquidation again improved the technical position. The local market sharply recovered to Rs. 83|8 to-day.**

### Boon To Masses

China and India have great interest in movement of Silver prices and large holdings of silver with rising prices are proving a boon to the masses. Bombay operators had extensive purchases in the London market which have resulted in enormous purchases; and when these profits will be transferred here, there will be glut of money in Bombay.

Settlements are expected to pass off smoothly as except losses on options, generally the market has made large profits and capital appreciation on holdings of actual stocks is bound to have far reaching effect.

**Price To Rise**

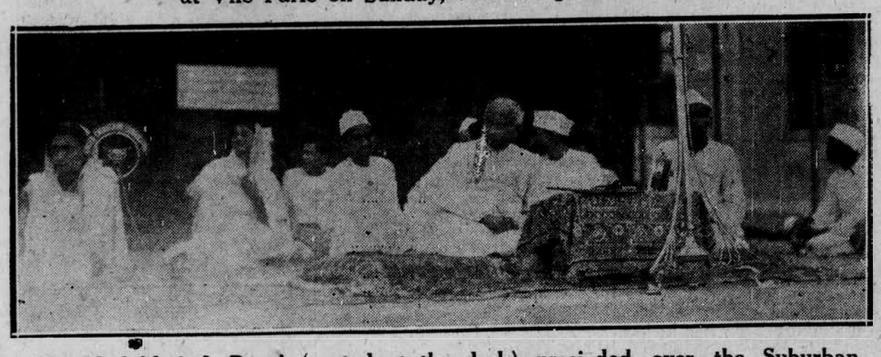
It is again reported that the U.S. Government is likely to raise prices to 129 cents and will stop purchases in foreign markets. It may be mentioned that World Stock of Silver are very low-China has lost large quantities since the American buying campaign. Mexico is taking precautionary actions against drain of Silver.

The Silver situation is still promising. America is determined to raise prices for credit expansion and inflation. It is dangerous to sell short as the situation suggests a material rise in prices eventually and we strongly advise purchases on all weak markets.

In this connection we reproduce the following para from the "Bombay Chronicle" dated March 3, when ready silver was quoted at Rs. 64|6.

"American Government has full control over the silver situation and now the available supply is below 50 thousand bars in the world, half of which will not be offered for sale till prices reach 64 cents in New York. Recently there was extensive short covering which may develop in some temporary reactions otherwise prices will eventually advance to Rs. 78 to Rs. 80 level. Thus it will be advisable to buy silver in all weak markets."

Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., President of the Suburban Harijan Conference held at Vile Parle on Sunday, addressing the Session.



Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai (seated at the desk) presi ded over the Suburban Political Conference held at Vile Parle on Sunday.

### WORTHY INDIAN OFFICIAL

#### Retires From Service In Somalilands

(From A Correspondent.)

BERBERA, April 13

British Somaliland.)

A farewell party patronized by His Excellency, The Commissioner and Commander-In-Chief of British Somaliland, Sir Arthur Lawrance K.B.E., C M G, D S O, was celebrated at the Berbera Recreation Club; in which all European and Indian Officials, as well as all notables in Berbera were present with their families, in honour of Mr. Kirchand Kachav Senior Official in Somaliland; on the eve of his departure from the country on retirement after completing over 21 years distinguished and valuable service.

Mr. Kirchand was greatly respected both by the Europeans, Indian Officials and natives who often sought his valuable advice and help in time of need. He was considered a leader of his community, and has taken great pains in the collection of funds in helping various institutions for Indians and natives alike. It was through his influence that the Indians here, gathered and subscribed over Rupees one thousand to the Indian earthquake fund.

His departure from amidst his friends and well-wishers is being deeply felt and all wish him happiness, prosperity, health and rest at home throughout his life.

### *CALCUTTA'S NEXT MAYOR*

#### *Congressmen To Support Mr. Fazlul Haq*

CALCUTTA, April 28.

Unless there is an eleventh hour surprise, the election of Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq as Mayor of Calcutta this year appears to be almost a certainty.

At a joint meeting of the two rival groups of Congress Councillors held at the house of Dr. B. C. Roy Mr. Haq was by a majority, nominated as the Congress Party candidate for the Mayoral election, this year.

The Congress Party in the Corporation known as the Gupta Group, recommended Mr. Haq and Dr. J. N. Maitra for consideration by the Roy group of Congress Councillors. Both names were considered at the joint meeting of the two groups yesterday and the meeting, by 19 to 11 votes rejected Dr. Maitra's candidature and accepted Mr. Haq as the nominee of the joint Congress Party.

The Mahomedan members of the Corporation at a meeting held last week decided to support Mr. Haq's candidature.

### *HEAT WAVE PASSES OVER CALCUTTA*

CALCUTTA, April 29

Calcutta experienced a heat wave for the first time in this summer when a strong hot wind blew and temperature rose to 105 degrees.—United Press

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